The New-York Times.

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ALBANY.

Sixty Miscellaneous Bills Rushed Through the Senate.

Passage of a Bill Abolishing the Supervisors.

The Underground Railroad Measures.

The Assembly Again Carried by Erie.

The Political Reform Council on Sectarian Schools.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Tuesday, April 12, 1870.

The Senate opened this morning with sixty bills, engrossed and ready for a third reading. They were put through with railroad speed, and, if the Governor maintains his usual watchfulness to the end of the session, many of them will probably be returned with a veto. Those of most importance to New-York were Mr. TWEED's bill to abolish the Board of Supervisors, and a bill to construct a new Police Court-house in the Third Judicial District. Mr. TWEED got unanimous consent to have the Supervisors' bill reported complete from the Committee on Municipal Affairs and placed among the third readings. The bill, as passed, terminates the existence of the present Board of Supervisors on the first day of July next, and transfers its duties to the new Board of Aldermen to be elected in May, in conjunction with the Mayor and Recorder. Neither the Aldermen nor Mayor nor Recorder are to receive any additional compensation for their services as Supervisors, but the Clerks and subordinates of the old Board are to hold over under the new, subject to removal only for cause. Mr. TWEED explained the character of the bill, and said it had been framed in accordance with the suggestions of leading men of both parties. It passed the Senate without opposition and was immediately sent down to the Assembly, where it passed by a vote of 81 yeas to 23 nays. Those who voted against it did so on the ground that they had not been offered an opportunity to read the bill. The new Court-house bill provides for the construction by Commissioners appointed by the Mayor of a new Police Court-house in the vicinity of Jefferson Market, at an expense not to exceed $100,000.

THE ARCADE RAILROAD.

The Arcade and Pneumatic Railroad bills were made the special order in the Senate this morning, but the third reading of bills occupied so much of the morning session that they were not reached, and will go over till to-morrow. The leading opponent of the Arcade Road is A. T. STEWART, who has for years opposed any and every project for a railroad in Broadway, either underground, elevated, or surface. On the other hand, there are petitions here from SPOFFORD, TILESTON & Co. and 3,000 others, owners and lessees of property on Broadway; from JOS. POOL and 850 others; from H. B. CLAFLIN and 1,700 others; from DRAKE BROTHERS and 1,400 others; from WM. T. COLEMAN and 800 others, and from PETER COOPER and 1,000 others—all asking for the passage of the Arcade bill.

HATCH'S FUNDING BILL.

GOV. SEYMOUR is here urging the passage of Mr. HATCH's Canal Funding bill as the best policy for the State to pursue with reference to the canals.

THE SECTARIAN SCHOOL QUESTION.

A convention of the "council of political reform" is in session here today, at Tweddle Hall, to give expression to their views on the question of appropriating money to the support of sectarian schools. An address and resolutions were adopted and an invitation was sent to both Houses of the Legislature to attend the session of the Council this evening. No action has yet been taken on either the Senate or House bill to abolish the law of last year, and it is understood that now the issue is to be made on the new tax levy, by moving to insert a clause abolishing section 10 of last year's levy. If a direct vote can be had on the question the section will be abolished by a large majority of both Houses, but there is a disposition among the Democracy to evade the issue if possible.

MAYOR HALL'S APPOINTMENTS.

Mayor HALL's appointments under the new charter continue to be discussed pro and con by members. It is conceded on all sides that the Park, Dock, and Charities and Correction Commissions are unexceptionable. The Republicans express themselves satisfied with all the commissions so far as their party is represented, and say that, if there are any "scaly" third-rate politicians to be found on the commissions, the Democracy are responsible for them, and not they. The "Young Democracy" turn up their noses at the whole list. One of them said this morning that, out of the five members of the Assembly to be found on the commissions, no less than three had to be "counted in" last Fall, or they would not now be misrepresenting the City in the Legislature. Allowance is made for the Mayor on the ground that he was more or less hampered by bargains made here which he was compelled to carry out. The curious proclamation of the Mayor that accompanied his appointments excites even more comment than the appointments themselves. It is regarded as a striking illustration of the evil habit that lawyers have of taking when they have nothing to say, or when it would be better to say nothing.

CONFIRMATIONS.

The Senate, in Executive Session today, confirmed the following appointments: Trustees of the Seamen's Fund and Retreat—Clarkson Crolius, Jeremiah Briggs, John B. Stafford, Lemuel H. Hopkins, Daniel L. Clawson, James R. Robinson, and Abram H. Wood. S.

Wharfage and Dockage in New-York and Brooklyn—Erie Again Carries the Assembly.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, April 12.—At the evening session of the Assembly a bill was passed increasing the rates of wharfage fifty per cent. in New-York and Brooklyn, canal-boats excepted. The New-York Tax levies will be reported as amended to-morrow or next day. Mr. HENRY is here, in behalf of the Citizens' Association, to look after the interests of tax-payers.

THE ERIE BILL.

The Assembly Committee on Railroads will take a vote on reporting the Erie Directors' repeal at their next session to-morrow. It is not likely to be reported. The stolen money in the hands of the Erie Directors, which has corrupted two Legislatures, is not likely to fail with the third. All interests must succumb to Erie. Even the canals owned by the State must be sacrificed, if Erie demands it. TOM FIELDS to-night moved and carried a reconsideration of the concurrent resolution which passed the Assembly on Saturday, and had previously passed the Senate, authorizing the Canal Board to reduce tolls so as to compete with Erie. With TWEED as one of its directors enthroned in the Senate, and, since his triumph in the charter war, omnipotent in both Houses, with an Executive who is its mere tool, and with a corruption fund large enough to purchase any or all of the Committees of the Legislature, the Erie corporation can defy public opinion, and snap its fingers at the simpletons whom it has robbed.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE….ALBANY, Tuesday, April 12.

Mr. TWEED reported complete a bill constituting a new Board of Supervisors in New-York, which was ordered to a third reading. It makes the Board of Aldermen Supervisors, as formerly.

The following bills were passed:

Incorporating the United States Mutual Benefit Company of New-York; incorporating St. John the Baptist Benevolent Society of New-York; amending the act for the further extension of the Brooklyn Prospect Park; creating a new Board of Supervisors in New-York; supplementary to the act relating to the Brooklyn Police; appropriating $150,000 for a Homeopathic Asylum at Middletown; relative to Assessors in Brooklyn; fixing the compensation of stenographers in the Courts of Kings County; authorizing the donation of City lands in New-York to a Homeopathic Hospital.

The following bills were reported:

For the construction of an elevated railway in New-York; incorporating the Clairmount Savings Bank, of New-York; appropriating money for the Hudson River State Hospital for the Insane; for the erection of a Police Court-house in the Third Judicial District of New-York City; relative to the jurisdiction of Police Justices in Brooklyn; appropriating money for extraordinary repairs of the canals.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

The Arcade Railway and Pneumatic Tunnel bills were made a special order for to-morrow.

Mr. MURPHY reported the general State Election law, which was referred back with power to report complete. Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

The House receded from its amendment to the Senate bill relative to the Judges and Commissioners of Appeals, increasing their salaries.

The report of the Conference Committee on the General Appropriation bill was agreed to.

A QUARANTINE HOSPITAL.

Mr. JACOBS offered a resolution that the Committee on Commerce and Navigation inquire into the expediency of re-purchasing for the State the nearest hospital grounds for quarantine purposes. Agreed to.

A VETO.

The Governor returned the House bill to prevent encroachments upon highways at crossings by railways in Green Valley without his approval. He bases his objection upon the ground that if the provision is necessary it should be incorporated in a general law.

The following bills were passed:

Making appropriations for the enlargement of the Champlain Canal; the bill appropriates during the four coming years $800,000; amending the act relative to jurors, and the appointment of Commissioners of Jurors in Kings County, fixing the time of meeting; incorporating the Brooklyn Library Fund Association; to widen and improve Washington-avenue, Brooklyn; incorporating the Metropolitan Museum of Art; amending the charter of the Industrial School Association of Brooklyn, E. D.; the Senate bill to constitute a new Board of Supervisors for the County of New-York—read and passed—81 to 23.

The following were introduced:

Reorganizing the Board of Regents; amending the Life Insurance Company Incorporation act.

The following were reported:

Making provision for the disposition of cases of contested seats in the Legislature; amending the charter of the German Loan and Trust Company of Brooklyn; authorizing the South-side (Long Island) Railroad Company to construct a branch and consolidate with other roads; the Wallabout (Brooklyn) Improvement bill.

The House then took a recess until 7 o'clock this evening.

EVENING SESSION.

The Assembly met at 7½ o'clock.

The following bills were passed:

To regulate the rates of wharfage and dockage in the Cities of New-York and Brooklyn; enforcing the act in relation to the investment of railroad sinking funds of municipal corporations; improving Union-avenue, Brooklyn; to provide for the payment of bonds issued by towns, villages or municipal corporations.

Adjourned.

POLITICAL REFORM.

Meeting of the State Council at Albany—Action on Political Corruption—The Sectarian School Question—Important Action.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 12.—At the meeting of the Council for Political Reform today the Committee on Political Corruption submitted a report. Mr. ELMENDORF called for a division of the question on the adoption of the report. The first and second resolutions were adopted with some verbal amendments, and are as follows:

Resolved, That the dangers which threaten our civil institutions arise largely from political corruption, and we ought to unite earnestly in endeavoring to secure honesty, patriotism and virtue in the use of the elective franchise.

Resolved, That we will urge upon all good citizens of the State the necessity of attending the caucuses and primary meetings of their respective parties, defeating all political corruption and bribery of whatever form.

The third resolution, which was referred to the Committee on Organization, reads as follows:

Resolved, That we recommend the organization of councils of political reform in all the towns and counties of the State, in order to accomplish the above purposes.

Mr. HAWKINS, from the Committee on Endowment and Support by the State of Sectarian Schools and Institutions, presented a long report, which was read.

The report opens with some general remarks on the "Divine Right" and the "Popular Right" system of government, the former of which it explains claims that the Almighty has chosen a select few, and given them the right to rule over many, and the latter takes the opposite view, and is that which we employ; and then quotes at considerable length from various popular leaders, publicists and writers of America, including WASHINGTON, JEFFERSON, JOHN JAY, Chancellor KENT, MILTON, Lord BROUGHAM, HORACE MANN, and others, in support of the doctrine that education is essential to the intelligent exercise in a free country of the rights of citizenship, and to the preservation of our free and tolerant Government, and of the American idea that the State owes an education to all its children as an obligation, and not a charity, and each child has a right to demand from the State a generous and unsectarian education, such as shall fit him to be a citizen of a free and tolerant republic. The Committee then go on to say that since 1867 this obligation has been recognized and fulfilled by this State. All property subject to taxation is taxed for the common schools, and the money distributed according to the number of children. The accumulated wealth of the Metropolis, drawn from every corner of the State, helps support primary schools in the poorest and least-favored towns. In every country where the State assumes this obligation, intelligence and prosperity increase; while on the other hand, in every country where secular education has been left to the Church or to voluntary contributions, as in Italy, Spain and Mexico, ignorance, bigotry and oppression, political and religious, degradation, poverty and misery among the masses, prevail. Years ago we had sectarian schools in New York City, and boys of the schools of one sect amused themselves by pounding those of another sect. Boys soon become men, and prejudices of the school soon become ruling principles of manhood. Germany at one time had only sectarian schools and she reaped a full harvest of sectarian thistles and thorns in a terrible thirty years' religious war. The founders of our Government guarded us effectually from religious wars, by excluding any distinctive form of religion entirely from affairs of State. We cannot yield one jot or tittle to the demand for the abolition of our system of free non-sectarian common schools, and the substitution of the sectarian charity system of Italy, or admit the entering wedge to bring about this revolution which the granting of money to support their Church schools would be,—for these demands, involve a principle to us sacred and vital: the union of Church and State; and it is a fundamental principle of our whole civil polity to keep Church and State entirely separate—a principal incorporated into our national Constitution, and also into every one of our State Constitutions. The Committee find by investigation that in New-York City alone more than half a million of dollars annually of the public money is abstracted from the City Treasury and given to certain churches, and Church and sectarian schools; thus uniting Church and State, and making the State support the Church. Beside this they find that a single sect has obtained from the City Government more than three millions of dollars' worth of public property, and applied it to sectarian uses. These startling discoveries show that a new, a foreign, a despotic, a destructive principle has crept into our legislation, State and municipal; a principle so fatally poisonous that unless speedily uprooted it will soon reach every town, destroy our free common schools, control legislative bodies, establish a State Church, and bring upon us the ignorance, corruption and alternate anarchy and despotism with which it has cursed Italy, Spain and Mexico. They therefore conclude that to save our State from that we must first demand the repeal of all State laws appropriating or authorizing the appropriation of public money to sectarian uses. Second, to secure the future we must effect an amendment to the Constitution of the State so as to prohibit any such legislation by town, city or State. Then follow resolutions protesting against the appropriation of public money or property by town, city, State or national authorities for the endowment of churches and convents, sectarian schools and institutions; calling for a repeal of the section in the New-York Tax levy appropriating money for that purpose, and that an amendment of the Constitution is imperatively demanded which will forbid such appropriations; and that direct and immediate efforts for the preservation of our free public schools shall be a special object of our State organization for political reform.

Mr. EDDY wanted some corrections made in the report. He thought the amount stated as appropriated to certain sectarian schools too small, and desired the report amended in this and other particulars. He wanted the names of those Senators and Assemblymen who voted for those appropriations recorded in the reports.

Mr. PENTROEST thought the gentleman had uttered the sentiment of every man who had the prosperity of the country at heart. He considered the report defective in its effect upon the community. It had been intimated that the Catholics were not only entitled to our respect, but nothing should be done to abridge their privileges. But when that Church claims such predominance as it has done, it should forfeit all right to our respect. The Church of Rome asserts that they will give their votes to the party that will do the most to perpetuate its power. The time is past when our mouths are to be fettered and ourselves delivered over to a political hierarchy. The Council ought to satisfy itself about this report. Our liberties will be stripped from us if we do not act. He hoped that every member of the council had come free from denominational prejudices, and prepared to grapple as a whole against the designs of the Catholics. Mr. PENTROEST spoke briefly but eloquently of the encroachments of the Papacy, and the dangers which environ us from this source.

The Council here took a recess.

WASHINGTON.

A Dull Day in Congress—The Georgia Bill in the Senate—Work in Committees—The Trouble in Tennessee—Position of the Funding Bill—Miscellaneous.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sum total of business in Congress today was very small. Soon after the meeting of the House, the Special Committee of the Elections Committee, which have the Louisiana cases in charge, reported the case of HUNT *vs.* SHELDON, and moved its immediate consideration, which involved the postponement of the Tariff bill. Gen. SCHENCK opposed this delay, but the motion was carried by a large majority, the Southern members sympathizing with the unrepresented condition of Louisiana voting for it unanimously. So the whole day was spent in debate on this case, and not a particle of work was done. The Committee of Ways and Means were on their oars, and the overworked Chairman, Gen. SCHENCK, was even allowed to take a quiet nap in his committee-room without being disturbed. His endurance under all the pressure of labor and the assaults of special interests of the country, which go to him for more protection, is wonderful. The election case will probably reach a vote to-morrow. It is the initial case of the whole five from Louisiana, and its decision will probably indicate the fate of the rest. Mr. SHELDON, in this case, is the Republican member, and occupies the seat. He is the only member yet admitted from that State. The general ground on which the case is placed is the fraud, intimidation, and violence in the election. It is very doubtful how these cases will be decided. The State had better continue unrepresented than that the dangerous principle should be adopted that where an election is vitiated by violence and intimidation, the man receiving the smallest number of votes should be admitted. The Elections Committee have four other cases ready to follow when these are concluded, though they are not likely to take precedence of the tariff.

IN THE SENATE.

The Senate proceedings to-day, although they were mainly in reference to Georgia, were very dull and uninteresting. There was quite a fight as to the order of business at the expiration of the morning hour. The friends of the Northern Pacific Railroad bill urged that that measure be taken up and that Georgia be laid aside until it was finished. The railroad had so much strength that it failed by only one vote. Senator TIPTON then made a speech in favor of the Bingham amendment, which was attentively listened to, and which was pronounced a very creditable argument. Mr. HOWE followed, and talked for two or three hours, and was succeeded by Mr. NORTON, who came to the rescue of the Democracy. Mr. MORTON expected to be able to obtain the floor today, but was unable owing to the length at which Mr. HOWE spoke. GARRETT DAVIS, also, has plumed his wings for the occasion and will make the usual speech before the vote is taken. There is very little doubt that the Bingham amendment will be stricken out, and the desire is universal that the entire question may be disposed of to-morrow, but the disposition to talk is so strong that so devoutly wished for a result is hardly to be expected.

THE TROUBLES IN TENNESSEE.

Gov. SENTER was before the House Committee on Reconstruction today in reference to the troubles in Tennessee and the political condition of that State. He stated to the Committee that between the months of November, 1869, and January, 1870, he offered $56,000 reward for the apprehension of the perpetrators of murders in the State, and that of this amount only $200 was claimed and paid. It appears that no reward offered was higher than $500, which would make 112 murders in three months and only one conviction.

THE LOUISVILLE CANAL.

The House Committee on Commerce heard an argument today from Mr. GANO, President of the Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce, in favor of widening and deepening the Louisville Canal. He showed that the General Government has more than realized the money it expended on this work by actual payment into the Treasury, and maintained that if the Government shall now advance money so as to make the work more beneficial still and relieve the trade of the canal now, in great distress, it will be more than repaid in a few years. The engineer's report recommends $450,000, $250,000 of which is required for the expenses of the coming fiscal year. The subject is in the hands of the River and Harbor Appropriation Committee, and it is not very probable that they will report in favor of the work.

DR. HAYES' PROPOSAL.

The Foreign Relations Committee did not do anything startling this morning, and gave no attention whatever to the foreign subjects before them. Dr. HAYES was examined in reference to the North Pole, and the advisability and cost of another voyage of discovery thereto. Nothing definite was done on the subject.

THE FUNDING BILL.

Neither the Ways and Means Committee nor that on Banking and Currency have yet positively agreed upon any provisions of the Funding bill, or any provisions of any Currency bill. A member of the former Committee stated today most positively that no conclusions whatever had been reached on the Funding bill. There is no doubt, however, that the bill will be reported in some shape, probably within the course of the next two weeks, and all reports sent from this point to the effect that the bill is dead are for the benefit of a rise in gold and not in the interest of correct information.

BANKRUPTCY IN THE TERRITORIES.

The bill which passed the House last week amendatory of the Bankrupt act regulates proceedings in bankruptcy in the Territories, Judges to do the business in bankruptcy in the District Court, and Supreme Court of Territory to have general supervision. In case of any vacancy, or sickness, or absence of any United States District Judge, the clerk of Court may make all orders in bankruptcy preparatory to final hearing by leave of Circuit Judge.

NOMINATIONS.

The following nominations were sent in today:

To be Consuls—Edmund Johnson, of Arkansas, at Ghent; A. Jourdan, of the District of Columbia, at Seville; Hamilton Richardson, of Wisconsin, at Ancona; Samuel T. Day, of Florida, at Pictou; William H. Faxon, of Connecticut, at Curacoa.

A. B. Long, to be United States Attorney for Louisiana; George Lount, to be Receiver of Public Moneys at Prescott, Arizona; John C. Wise, to be Assistant Surgeon in the Navy; Paymaster John H. Stevenson, to be advanced fifteen numbers in his grade for extraordinary heroism.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

SECOND SESSION.

SENATE..WASHINGTON, Tuesday, April 12.

Mr. CRAGIN, from the Committee on Territories, reported, with amendments, the House bill in aid of the execution of the laws in the Territory of Utah; in relation to polygamy, &c. He moved to make it the special order for Monday next, but objection being made, the motion was not acted upon.

The amendments made no material changes in the provisions of the bill as it passed the House. A few sections are added, however, which make it unlawful for the Mormon authorities to grant divorces; provide that women may sue for and recover compensation for labor and services performed while considered as spiritual wives, and punish the advising or countenancing of polygamy, even by being present at the so-called marriage or sealing ceremony.

CENSUS IN THE REBEL STATES.

Mr. SAWYER, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported favorably the bill for the payment of the claims of loyal persons who assisted in taking the census of 1860 in the late rebel States.

INDIAN AFFAIRS.

At 12½ o'clock the Senate took up the resolution for a joint committee on Indian Affairs. Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, moved to postpone it indefinitely. The matter was debated until 1 o'clock, when the special order, the Georgia bill, was called up.

THE GEORGIA BILL.

Mr. POMEROY gave notice of an amendment declaring the existing State Government to be provisional, and constituting the State of Georgia the Third Military District, and directing the election of members of a General Assembly, and their assembling on Nov. 23, 1870.

Mr. WILSON withdrew his amendment to make way for a further amendment by Mr. WILLIAMS to Mr. POMEROY's amendment, fixing the election of members of a General Assembly on the Tuesday after the first Monday of November, 1872, and prohibiting any change in the clause of the State Constitution allowing the Legislature to change the time of election, by which the term of any officer shall be extended beyond the regular period named therein; also, requiring the consent of the Legislature to this legislation before it can take effect.

Mr. TIPTON then addressed the Senate. He held that Georgia had already been declared admitted to the Union; that the withdrawal of the military, the turning over of the Government to the civil authorities and the admission of representatives from the State to seats in the House at the last session, were proof of the fact. All that was now necessary was for the Senators from Georgia to come forward and take their seats. He attributed the present complication to the ambitious designs of disappointed office-seekers, who came before Congress in the hope of furthering their schemes. He would never overstep constitutional limits for partisan considerations. There had been a distinct attempt by a part of the Senate to assume that they par excellence were the Republican Party of the country, and that it was audacious in any member to stand upon his own individuality and vote according to his own convictions of the law and the Constitution. Men had been read out of the Republican ranks for daring to take a position dictated by their sense of justice. He would say to those who justified these assumptions as necessary to preserve the integrity of the Republican Party that they ought to know human nature well enough to know there were no owners of men's consciences in this Chamber. This species of petty demagogueism had been encouraged by the public Press. The party wires had been pulled from the State of Georgia, and whenever it was necessary to alarm a timid or refractory member of the Senate, a murder or riot was reported in order to manufacture the necessary amount of indignation against rebels in general. He thought the time for such threats had gone by.

Mr. HOWE eulogized the past record of the Republican Party in connection with the national and social progress of the nation since Republicanism took command of the Government. The only charge against the Republican Party was a loose, general one of infidelity to the Constitution and disregard of the obligations of the organic law. This charge was asserted in regard to the act of December last to promote the reconstruction of the State of Georgia. But that act was necessitated by the treacherous expulsion of loyal members from the Legislature on account of their color, and the act contained simply two commands to that State: First, to undo her legislation; second, not to repeat it. If, in utterance of these commands, Congress did strain its constitutional authority, it would be justified. But he believed that in the case of Georgia, and any other of the late rebel States, Congress had not committed any unconstitutional act. In support of the validity of fundamental conditions upon the admission of a State, he cited the case of Ohio and other States prior to the rebellion, in which the power was employed. While the Constitution contained no prohibition of power, the records of Congress showed its repeated exercise. Upon the Reconstruction acts of Congress the position of the Republican Party was that the powers of a State which had been abused should be suspended; that States so guilty should die. Every State had been given by Congress certain duties. The question then was, if a State did willfully abjure all its duties did its rights under the Constitution still survive? A negative answer would involve abandonment of all opposition to the authority of the Reconstruction acts, while the logic of an affirmative answer would not be followed by any Senator to its consequences. Was South Carolina in 1861, after renouncing her duties, still entitled under the Constitution to representation in Congress and the Electoral College? If so, Congress could declare that right forfeited and never again to be enjoyed until restored by the law-making power. One of two things must be admitted: Either that the rebellious States were, during the war, entitled to representation, or that Congress could take that power from them. He then referred to the Fugitive Slave law and the secession of South Carolina, with the firing on Fort Sumter as Democratic violations of the Constitution. He charged that every drop of blood shed in defense of the Government, from the beginning of the war until a Democratic bullet went crushing through the brain of a President, had been shed or been caused by Democrats. Why, then, should a country now returning to peace and order, be given back to Democratic hands?

Mr. NORTON said the Senator from Wisconsin (HOWE) had admitted that the only recourse left to Congress in the Government of Georgia was the military, and that force was now to be used to secure party ascendancy in the State.

Without taking a vote, the Senate, at 5 o'clock, adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THE LOUISIANA ELECTION CASE.

Mr. STEVENSON, from the Committee on Elections, called up the Louisiana contested election case of HUNT against SHELDON. He said that Louisiana was represented by but one member, and it was necessary to decide this case in order to bring up the cases from that State.

Mr. SCHENCK, of Ohio, objected to its being considered at present, in view of the pressing public business. The question was put whether the House would consider it now, and it was decided in the affirmative. The majority report is that SHELDON, the sitting member, is entitled to the seat, and the minority that HUNT is entitled to it.

Mr. STEVENSON, who made the majority report, addressed the House in advocacy of it; Mr. KERR, who made the minority report, made an argument on that side of the question; Mr. SHELDON, the sitting member, advocated his right to the seat, and Mr. STEVENSON closed the debate. It was then agreed that the vote should be taken to-morrow.

BILLS REPORTED AND INTRODUCED.

Mr. BINGHAM, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back the bill to provide for holding annual terms of the United States Circuit and District Courts for the Northern District of New-York, at Elmira, on the third Tuesday of September. The bill was supported by Mr. WARD and passed. Bills were introduced and referred as follows:

By Mr. DAWES, of Massachusetts—For the construction of a breakwater in Barnstable Bay.

By Mr. SCOFIELD—Amendatory of the Homestead act in favor of honorably-discharged soldiers; also to fix and establish the number of enlisted persons in the navy.

By Mr. BUCK—For a grant of lands for railroad purposes.

By Mr. MCCRARY—A bill declaring so much of the Iowa River, in Iowa, as lies north of the town of Wapella, not to be a navigable river or public highway. After explanation the bill was passed.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mr. ARNELL introduced a joint resolution, appropriating $3,000 to defray the expenses of the Committee on Education and Labor, in the investigation of charges against the Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, which was passed.

Mr. STEVENSON, from the Election Committee, made a minority report of four members of the Committee in favor of the right of Mr. SEGAR as Representative at Large from Virginia.

The House then, at 5 o'clock, adjourned.

THE McFARLAND TRIAL.

Seventh Day in the Progress of the Case.

Medical Testimony to Show Cerebral Disease.

The Abduction Suits in Massachusetts.

MORE EPISTOLARY EVIDENCE.

Letters from Mrs. Sinclair and Mrs. Calhoun to Mrs. McFarland.

The trial of Daniel McFarland was continued yesterday in the Court of General Sessions, before Recorder Hackett. The room was comfortably filled—only those spectators being admitted who could obtain seats—but the crowd around the doors and in the passage-ways was enormous all day, persons pressing forward and eagerly watching for even a remote opportunity of witnessing the proceedings and hearing the testimony. So intense is the interest manifested in this trial that the largest public hall in the City would be inadequate for the accommodation of those who would willingly sit all day simply to satisfy their curiosity. The evidence yesterday was very strong in favor of the defense, stronger indeed than that of the day before. The principal portion of the day was devoted to the examination of medical witnesses, who, though not experts on the subject of insanity, were, from their close intimacy with the defendant, enabled to judge of his condition of mind, having often prescribed for him during the two years which preceded the tragedy. One of these physicians administered a very powerful dose of morphine—two grains—on the evening previous to the day of the shooting, in the hope that it would quiet the patient, and enable him to sleep—a boon which had not been vouchsafed to him for many nights. Witnesses were produced from Boston for the purpose of showing the fact that Richardson, with his money and influence, aided Mrs. McFarland in defending the suit which defendant brought to obtain possession of his children, and which resulted in the surrender of the eldest, Percy. Though the testimony regarding Richardson's instrumentality was excluded, the counsel for the defense brought out the opinions of counsel, who were engaged on the part of Mrs. McFarland at that time, respecting the condition of McFarland's mind during those proceedings. Mr. Graham adroitly took advantage of an omission, on Monday, on the part of the District-Attorney, to object to Mr. Nones' testimony regarding Richardson's connection with this abduction suit, and in the course of his argument presented all the points he expected to prove. He claimed that Richardson had been admitted to the case on Monday, and could not be kept out of it. The Recorder ruled that the circumstances under which the evidence was sought to be presented were such that it could not be admitted.

The prosecution, in the cross-examination of witnesses yesterday, labored principally to break down the evidence of the medical witnesses, but did not succed to any extent. Indeed, on the cross-examination, facts were adduced bearing strongly in favor of the defendant. The proceedings of the day closed with the reading of four letters—three from Mrs. Calhoun and one from Mrs. Sinclair to Mrs. McFarland—showing the strong efforts which the latter especially made to entice Mrs. McFarland away from her husband, and the bright pictures of literary and dramatic fame which they painted. These letters produced a decided sensation in the Court-room, and were listened to attentively as they were read with emphasis by Mr. Gerry.

Mrs. McFarland will, it is said, be put upon the witness-stand by the prosecution, when they offer rebutting testimony, after the defense have closed. It is supposed that the prosecution will seek to show by her that she was ill-treated by McFarland and that he did not support her as well as he was able, and that for these reasons she left him. It is said that she was in an apartment adjoining the Court-room all day yesterday and the day before, having taken refuge there to escape the scrutiny of the throng in attendance upon the trial. It was reported yesterday that Rev. Mr. Beecher and Rev. Mr. Frothingham will be examined today or to-morrow.

Detailed Report of the Seventh Day's Proceedings—Interesting Medical Testimony—The Defendant Said to be Cerebrally Diseased for Two Years—His Condition the Night Before the Tragedy—Rich Epistolary Evidence—Letters from Mrs. Calhoun and Mrs. Sinclair to Mrs. McFarland.

The Court was opened promptly at 11 o'clock, all the jury and the counsel on both sides being at that time in attendance.

TESTIMONY OF A BOSTON LAWYER.

Mr. W. St. John Green, the first witness, is a man of about fifty years of age, of fine appearance, wearing a mustache and whiskers cut *a la mode*, with a sharp eye and clear voice. He gave his testimony without the least embarrassment, stood the cross-fire of Mr. Davis well, and as he left the witness-stand, shook hands both with McFarland and Percy. He testified as follows, in response to Mr. Gerry:

THE HABEAS CORPUS IN BOSTON.

I am an attorney at law in Boston, and have been so for sixteen years or less; was retained in Boston as counsel in proceedings on a writ of habeas corpus on the part of Abbey Sage McFarland and Mr. and Mrs. Sage; Mr. Phillips met me in the street one day and said that he wished me to go into Court in relation to a motion in proceedings against some one for contempt; I went into Court and found Mr. McFarland there, and a motion pending in proceedings for contempt against the father and mother of Mrs. McFarland for failing to produce a child in obedience to an order of the Court; Mr. Sandford and Mr. Daniel were counsel on the other side; this, I think, was in April, 1867; I saw Mr. Richardson several times subsequently, when he came to my office.

MR. RICHARDSON IN THAT CASE.

Mr. Gerry—State what Mr. Richardson said to you in relation to this case?

This question was objected to, and counsel stated that the intention of the defense was to show that Mr. Richardson had offered to pay the expenses in the habeas corpus proceedings, and advised the retention of Gov. Andrew as counsel in the case, saying that it was very important, and political influence could be secured. It was also claimed that Richardson paid the witness a fee with his own check. The evidence was, however, excluded, and the counsel asked whether Mr. Richardson gave any instructions to the witness as counsel in the case. This was objected to, and the competency of the testimony was argued at some length.

MR. GRAHAM'S ARGUMENT.

Mr. Graham maintained that the question was perfectly legitimate, and should be declared admissible. It seemed there was sufficient developed during this case to show that Richardson was the prime mover in this whole matter. In the first place they had this intercepted letter, which disclosed his determination to unyoke this woman; to divest her husband of all rights to her, and to marry her himself. In carrying out that determination, he states he "does not intend to let the grass grow under his feet." From Mr. Nones they had the fact that he stated to him that this woman should "never again live with her husband." It was positively sworn to that in June, 1867, he stated that this woman should never again live with her husband. Now it appeared that one of the principal reasons for McFarland's complaint was, not that he was fighting his wife, but that he was fighting the temptation which Richardson had thrown about her. His wife was without the means of supporting herself; she was without the means of carrying on legal proceedings; and unless she could keep the children with her, they were two potent reasons why she should return to her husband. If Richardson was not able to keep these children in her possession, she would have gone back to her husband; and that was one of the arguments he meant to submit to the jury. They would endeavor to support it for the reasons, first, because she had no means; secondly, sooner than sacrifice her natural affection for her children, if she ascertained she was going to be deprived of them, she would return to her husband; and therefore, with a view of putting her in that position, Richardson provides her with money, and aids her in resisting every effort of the father to recover his children. What was this case? Was it not that Richardson took this woman from her husband, and in order to make the alienation perfectly certain, in order to render it perfectly sure that she would remain away, he takes care to place the children in her possession, and resist every attempt of the father for their recovery, for if he were able to possess himself of them the plan of Richardson would be stopped, because this woman would have returned to her husband. What was the effort on the part of his associate? What did he seek to accomplish? He proposed to show that when this frenzied father sought to obtain possession of his children the opposition he met with came from Richardson and not from the mother, because she was powerless to make any opposition. Richardson decoyed her from her home; he endeavored by all means to induce her to remain away from her husband, and placed her in power, by means of money and other surroundings, to defy her husband and resist all his efforts for her recovery. He submitted this was all important.

THAT INTERCEPTED LETTER.

The intercepted letter could not be lost sight of. You cannot forget the significant passage in that letter, (reading:)

"The circumstances make it right and unnoticeable—and I will not stay away for 40,000 Mrs. Grundys. I will not neglect work to come, but it is quite possible I may have to come next week. I have not been waiting for you, darling, all these long years, to wear hair-cloth, and serve seven years. I want you always. A hundred times a day my arms seem to stretch out toward you. I never seek my pillow without wanting to fold you to my heart for a good-night kiss and blessing, and the few months before you can openly be mine will be long enough at best. No grass shall grow under my feet, but I never let public opinion bully me a bit, and never mean to."

It is not necessary to read all that letter. What did this man mean by "allowing no grass to grow under his feet?" He meant to maintain her in the possession of her children and at the same time proceed with his determination to annul the marriage between this man and his wife. And in accomplishing that iniquitous programme "no grass was to grow under his feet." Mr. Graham submitted he had a perfect right to show McFarland was right in charging Richardson with being the author of all his misfortunes. Had he not a right to satisfy the Court and jury that that delusion was upon McFarland's mind, that this woman would return to him but for the opposition of Richardson?

THE DELUSIONS UNDER WHICH M'FARLAND LABORED.

A very important part of the defense was to show what kind of a delusion this man was under during this period. One was that this woman loved him still, and would return to him but for the persuasion of Richardson, and for his placing her in a position to set her husband at defiance. Had he not a right to show that? Was not that calculated to frenzy this man besides anything else? If that was a delusion on his mind he was entitled to establish that fact. If he really believed that his wife would return to him upon the reclamation of children, and that Richardson prevented it by his money and influence, was not that fact important? What was now the inquiry in view of the defense asserted here? What was the condition of that man's mind? Was he not entitled to show what entered this man's mind? Was he not entitled to show that he reasoned to himself that if Richardson was the person who prevented the return of his wife, his reasoning was true? He submitted he would be able to sustain the statements put forward by the learned gentleman who opened the case for the defense. This woman was penniless, and the only thing that stood between her and her return to her husband was Richardson, who prevented him from obtaining possession of his children in order to secure their alienation. Mothers would sacrifice anything to be with their children. When a mother was about to fall into the hands of a seducer, the idea of a separation from her children would make her virtuous, though under other circumstances she would fall under the machinations of her destroyer. Was he not entitled to the benefit of the fact that the reclamation of these children by their father would draw this woman back to her husband? It seemed to him that that intercepted letter and evidence of Nones with the agency of Richardson in prolonging the distraction of this frenzied man, by preventing his getting possession of his children, was a most potent fact in deciding this case one way or the other. There was a father who could not reclaim his wife. How had he forfeited his natural right to his children? Who had the right to stand between him and them at that or any other time.

A CHALLENGE TO THE PROSECUTION.

If the prosecution meant to take the ground that on account of immorality or any other cause he had forfeited that right, he challenged them into evidence of that description. Supposing this woman was willing to remain from her husband, why had not this father the right to reclaim his children? If the separation of the mother from her children would have caused her to return to her husband why had not he the right to show by the preventative course pursued by Mrs. Richardson that this return was not accomplished? He submitted that this evidence presented an exceedingly grave aspect.

"THIS WICKED PROGRAMME."

Why should not he be permitted to show who carried out this wicked programme? She would not have remained from her husband a single instant, or ever left his home but for the assurance of Richardson that he would carry with her her children. He thwarted the efforts of the father, prevented him from accomplishing his design with respect to his children, otherwise he would not be able to have retained her in his possession a single instant. She was vibrating between the affection that man enkindled in her bosom, her attachment and duty to her children and her disinclination to bring disgrace upon them. If Richardson knew her attachment for him would not surmount all these difficulties, why had not he a right to show that he placed at her disposal his purse, so as to be enabled to set her husband at defiance and to carry out his wicked intentions? It seemed to him this man redeemed the threat he made in his letter in allowing "no grass to grow under his feet." He prolonged the period of this man's grief beyond all precedent. His desire was to weaken him pecuniarily, and at the same time deprive him of his action as a necessary result of his weakness. He therefore submitted that Richardson had been introduced into this case, and he could not be kept out.

A MISTAKE BY THE PROSECUTION.

The prosecution, by not objecting to the evidence of Nones, had allowed him to make Richardson part of this case. Whatever doubt there was about the propriety of that previously—the proof having once been entered into—it should now be exhausted. He then proposed to show the facts that but for the interference of this Richardson, this woman would never have left her home; that afterward she could be induced to return but for assistance in employing counsel at his own expense to fight out the right of the father, and he therefore submitted this evidence should be received.

THE RECORDER RULES THE EVIDENCE OUT.

The Recorder in passing on the point remarked that the evidence of Mr. Nones, referred to by Mr. Graham, would have been overruled but for the statement of the defense that the substance of the conversation was repeated immediately to Mr. McFarland. He should not lose sight of the consideration that the trial now before the Court was whether McFarland was guilty of the crime of murder in the first degree as put forward in the indictment. Richardson was not now on trial, but it was right for the defense to show if the statement thus made was repeated to McFarland and his mind was impressed with its truth and that it frenzied him. The statement that was made by Richardson stating her character or appearance was immediately communicated to McFarland. The result was that he went about like a madman, wept, tore his hair, and acted like a madman. If the defense could show that the statement made to Mr. Nones was communicated to him and had an effect on his mind it would be admissible, but unless they could show it was communicated to McFarland and produced such an effect upon him, it could not be received.

Mr. Graham—We cannot show that your Honor.

Recorder—Then I exclude it.

The witness then stated that the proceedings in Boston were pending from April until the latter part of November, and was asked how they were then determined.

THE COMPROMISE.

This was objected to by Mr. Davis, who stated that he understood that there was a mutual agreement, a written stipulation between the parties according to which the eldest boy was to be given up to Mr. McFarland, and the younger one retained by the mother. He had no objection to the production of this document, but was opposed to any secondary evidence on the subject. This line of questioning was abandoned, and the witness continued: While these proceedings were pending I saw Mr. McFarland several times, but, I think, spoke to him but once; he had a very excited and nervous appearance, and there was a wild look about his eye; he appeared like a man all strung up and excited to an intense degree, so much so that I thought he ought not to be allowed in Court at all; my judgment of his condition was that he was insane, but—

INSANE OR IRRATIONAL.

The witness was interrupted at this point by Mr. Davis with an objection to his answer. Mr. Graham objected to counsel stopping the witness because he used a word which they didn't like. His answer should be given in full, and if improper it could be struck out. The witness, he said, did not assume to give an opinion as an expert, but only used the word "insane" as it was frequently employed in conversation in the sense of irrational. He had a right to state what the impression upon his mind was with regard to the condition of the man as indicated by his appearance.

Mr. Davis said that he apprehended that counsel were at liberty to interrupt the witness at any moment when it appeared that he was going on to make statements which he was incompetent to give as evidence. It was a well-established rule that laymen or non-experts could not give their opinion as to the condition of a man's mind. They could only describe appearances and acts, and state the impression which was left on their own minds as to whether those acts were rational or irrational. Mr. Davis further urged that they had a right to arrest an improper answer and prevent the effect it might have upon the jury, which could not be removed by striking out the answer.

The Recorder thought they had no right to assume what an answer would be until they had heard it. The question, however, on being repeated, was excluded.

A new one was put with regard to the judgment of the witness as to whether the acts of the prisoner when he saw him were rational or irrational. The witness continued:

IN AN ABNORMAL STATE.

I should not be willing to state that the man was irrational, but appeared to me to be in what I should call an abnormal state of mind; he was in the same condition whenever I saw him; I saw him four or five times, the last occasion being in November, near the time the proceedings in the habeas corpus case were terminated.

CROSS-EXAMINATION OF MR. GREEN.

Cross-examined by Mr. Davis—I saw him not only in Court, but once in my office and in the office of a Commissioner of Deeds; during the progress of the case he always appeared remarkably nervous and excited; he had an intensely absorbed appearance; he never interrupted the proceedings, but often seemed on the point of doing so and was checked; I know nothing of his excitability of temperament of my own knowledge; I can only judge of it from what I saw then; the result of the proceedings was that one of the children was given to him and the other retained by the mother.

Questions with regard to the agreement entered into were objected to and excluded, and the next witness was called.

ANOTHER BOSTON LAWYER.

This was Edward A. Phillips, another lawer from Boston, who was originally retained in the abduction case and who employed Mr. Green. He is of light complexion, with sandy hair and whiskers. He gave his testimony in a straightforward manner and in a clear tone of voice, as follows:

I am a member of the Boston Bar and have been so for ten years; I remember being retained as counsel in a habeas corpus case in behalf of Mrs. McFarland; then I employed Mr. Green to assist me; I saw McFarland in Court during the proceedings, which lasted from the last of March until November; the first time I saw him I had no occasion to observe him particularly, but I remember that he appeared very much agitated; I subsequently had a conversation with him; he came to me and wanted to tell his story.

THE STORY OF HIS LIFE.

I was unwilling to hear it, being the counsel on the other side, but he related to me the particulars of his whole life; he said that Richardson was going to marry his wife and that his children had been taken from him, which almost drove him into a frenzy; he was extremely agitated and seemed to be entirely overcome with agony; I never saw a man under such extreme excitement; my impression was that his state of mind was irrational; he attempted to repeat his story to me afterward, but I would not listen to it; the taking away of his wife and children by Richardson was always the burden of his talk; I tried sometimes to turn his attention from the subject, but he always reverted to it; I never had more than two or three conversations with him; he was always in great agony of mind, his eye was wild and his entire demeanor was that of a wholly irrational man.

A FIT CUSTODIAN OF HIS CHILDREN.

Cross-examined by Mr. Davis—I was employed in the proceedings in Boston on behalf of Mrs. McFarland; I never raised the question as to the propriety of Mr. McFarland being present during the proceedings, or of his being an unfit person to have the custody of young children on account of his mental condition; I never suggested any reason why he should not have charge of the children; it was not my province to do so; I only had charge of the details of the proceedings; I did not make any suggestion to the senior counsel in the matter, and do not remember that anything was said about the matter in Court.

The subject of the written agreement was again brought up, but all evidence on that point was excluded. The witness then stated he had no part of the record of the habeas corpus case in his possession, but that it was on file in the Clerk's office of the Supreme Court in Boston.

MEDICAL EVIDENCE OF INSANITY.

The next witness was Dr. John A. Ward, a physician, and for many years an intimate friend of McFarland. He is an intellectual looking man, about forty-five years of age, appeared to be well versed in his profession, and testified clearly, evidently telling all he knew about the case. On the cross-examination he became somewhat entangled by Mr. Davis, but extricated himself without damage.

He testified that he was a physician of sixteen years' practice in this City; knew the prisoner, who was his patient; first formed his acquaintance in 1862; knew Abby Sage McFarland, his wife, since 1862; saw the prisoner on the night of the 24th of November, 1869; he came to witness' office, No. 20 East Twenty-first-street, at seven P. M., and remained there fifteen minutes; witness accompanied him for a walk down the Fifth-avenue.

M'FARLAND'S CONDITION, MENTAL AND PHYSICAL.

His (McFarland's) condition was fearful; he came into the office shaking and trembling all over; his eyes were glassy and glaring and his general appearance extremely haggard; witness said to him, "Where have you been?" He replied, "I don't know, Doctor, where I've been; all I know is I have been looking for my boy; I must have my boy." He was in a state of terrible agitation; witness told him he had never seen him in such an agitated condition; he said, "I ain't able to take care of myself; I have that same terrible impulse to kill myself that I have had so often before." Witness gave him a powder containing two grains of morphine; told him to divide this into two parts, to take one immediately on going home, and if that did not quiet his nervous agitation to take the other part in one hour afterward; one grain of morphine is equivalent in strength to 100 drops of laudanum, so that in all I prescribed for him what was equal to 200 drops of laudanum.

PULSE AT 120.

Q.—Did you feel his pulse? A.—He put out his hand; it trembled so from his agitation that I had to rest it on my knee in order to feel his pulse; I did feel it; at was at 120!

By Mr. Graham—What ought to have been the normal condition of his pulse? A.—About sixty-five.

Q.—Did he make any allusion to his being troubled with nightmare? A.—I do not think he did on that occasion; he did at other times; cannot say that he told me he prayed for one hour's oblivion from his troubles; he said, "Richardson is going to take my child away; I cannot, do not want to live without my child;" witness had not studied insanity as an expert, but simply as an incident of his profession; from what witness saw of him he formed the judgment that the prisoner's mind was diseased; I commenced attending McFarland's family in 1862; never had occasion to prescribe for him till the Spring of 1867; he was very fond of his wife, and she seemed to be also fond of him; knew of no difficulty between them before 1867; witness had never lived in the same house with them; knew them to live at Mr. Samuel Sinclair's in 1865, at Croton; I attended Mr. Sinclair's family professionally; have not attended them since last year.

THE ACQUAINTANCE WITH RICHARDSON.

Know that Mrs. McFarland became acquainted with Richardson at a reception given at Sinclair's house, in Twenty-third-street, in this City; witness was present on the occasion; was also present at a reception at Sinclair's house in Forty-fifth-street, in 1865, and when Sinclair lived in West Washington-place, in 1866; Mr. McFarland was not present on these occasions; don't remember having seen the introduction between Mrs. McFarland and Richardson; witness made Richardson's acquaintance at Sinclair's on the night of the reception in Croton; can't say who introduced us to each other; in May, 1867, McFarland called on me for professional advice; my office was then in Nineteenth-street.

THE OLD, OLD STORY.

He came into the office on that occasion in a state of great agitation, and asked me if I knew that his wife had left him; I said that I had heard so, and expressed my great surprise at it; I examined his pulse and found it 110; his skin was very hot, his face was flushed, his eyes were wild, and his whole frame was tremulous; he moved about in a most agitated manner; when examining his pulse I took out my watch and counted the pulsations; he had no sign of having been drinking liquor; I thought he was under a state of great mental excitement, and that congestion of the brain would set in; he told me that he had had no sleep for about two weeks, and that he had eaten very little since his wife left him; saw him three or four days afterward, when he called upon me, and I gave him milder remedies than I had given before; he told me that he had fearful dreams concerning his wife and children, and that he must have [illegible] or he could not live; that life was not desirable without them; witness did not prescribe morphine for the prisoner until the Spring of 1869; witness did not advise him at any time to take spirits for his nervous excitement; he said that he took none except once, when he drank a little liquor to make him sleep; that it did not have that effect, however, and he gave it up.

PROGRESS OF THE MENTAL DISTURBANCE.

Between the Spring of 1867 and 1869, witness saw the prisoner forty or fifty times or more; he had always the same agitation, and expressed the same impulse of killing himself; the pupil of his eye was contracted, and his appearance showed evidence of threatening congestion of the brain; never, during all the time I saw him between 1867 and 1869, did he appear otherwise than extremely agitated; in March, 1869, he called on witness again; his appearance was, then, that of a man suffering terribly in his mind; he alluded to his domestic troubles; I felt his pulse, and it was 120; never knew him, since 1867, to have a pulse less than 110; the pulse at 120 denotes great irritation; this quickening of the pulse, the contraction of the pupils and inability to sleep are unmistakable evidences of cerebral difficulty; a man with congestion of the brain cannot sleep as if he were in his normal condition; McFarland spoke to me of his extreme nervousness and mental depression, and told me of his habit of walking the streets at night in order to relieve himself from the terrible burden that was upon him; on the occasion of his last call upon witness, the night before the homicide, witness walked with prisoner for a distance of half a mile for the purpose of calming his feelings and quieting him; McFarland had expressed his desire to commit suicide and witness had apprehensions he would do it; this was the cause of his accompanying him in his walk.

HE DREAMS OF RICHARDSON IN HIS WIFE'S ARMS.

Prisoner told witness, at that time, that he had dreams which troubled him; in these dreams he saw his children, and also saw Richardson in his wife's arms, and this drove him mad; he said he would spring out of bed to catch Richardson by the throat, and would find himself standing in the middle of the floor, covered with cold perspiration; witness gave him one grain of morphine; would not have dared to give him such a powerful dose had his mind been in a less excited condition; this opiate generally produces an injurious effect, and is given only in extreme cases; the excited condition of McFarland's mind prevented any such result in his case, and enabled him to resist the effects of the morphine; he could not have counterfeited the symptoms of irrationality which he exhibited; witness saw prisoner three or four times a week during the Spring of 1869; he would sometimes visit the office twice a day—about nine o'clock in the morning, and late at night.

PERMANENT EFFECT OF THE MENTAL DISORDER.

Between the Spring of 1869 and the November following, witness saw McFarland probably every day; never in all that time recollect to have seen him when the symptoms of excitement and irrationality were not on him; with the general derangement of mental organization exhibited by the prisoner no man could live long; Dr. Miner and witness had a consultation in regard to McFarland's case. Question—What was the result of that examination? [The prosecution objected to the question in this form on the ground that the witness could speak only for himself, and not for Dr. Miner. The Court allowed the objection, and decided that the witness might state what was the determination he arrived at.] I was of the opinion, continued the witness, that the prisoner was liable to an attack of congestion of the brain; that there would be a permanent injury of the cerebral vessels, which must end either in softening of the brain or paralysis, and eventuate in death; and that, if the strain upon his mind were kept up, it could not be long before one of these two events would occur.

CROSS-EXAMINED.

Am connected with McFarland, distantly, by marriage; his brother and my brother married sisters twenty years ago; in 1862 Mr. and Mrs. McFarland lived in Varick-street; they lived there about one year; I was called professionally to attend little Percy while they were there; next remember of their living in Croton, in 1865; did not visit them professionally from 1862 to 1865; they may have gone to Croton in 1864; I first saw them there in the Fall of 1865; I made a friendly call on them when they were in Croton; saw them in 1866; they were then living in Twenty-sixth-street, New-York; visited them professionally then; attended one of the children during a sickness of four or five days; they next lived in Thirty-sixth-street, near Broadway; I attended Mrs. McFarland there in the Spring of 1867; she was ill about one week; Mr. McFarland was at home at that time; that was my last professional attendance on the family; they resided afterward in Amity-street; I called on them there; Mr. McFarland's first call on me was in 1867; he had a severe cold, and I prescribed for him; his symptoms of irrationality were greater in degree in November, 1869; no man can live long without any sleep at all; he could not live two weeks in such a condition; I don't know that he could live ten days; when, in my direct examination, I spoke of McFarland's having no sleep, I did not mean to be understood that he might not have had dozes or naps, but that he had no prolonged, healthy sleep; between 1867 and November, 1869, I saw McFarland sometimes twice a day; never at longer intervals than two or three days; saw him a good many hundred times; nearly always examined his condition when he called on me; never found his pulse lower than 110; once recollect it to have been 130; believe that his mental disease is organic, and that, under excitement, it must go on; believe that he is laboring under it now; his pulse is now 104.

HIS INABILITY TO TRANSACT BUSINESS.

I knew very little about his business except that he was in the Assessor's office; did not know that he attended the office daily; judging from all the symptoms he exhibited, he must have transacted his business very imperfectly; did not know that his avocation required him to investigate as to estates and successions.

Question by Judge Davis—Assuming that he was in such an avocation, and that he transacted his business to the satisfaction of his employers, he could not have been in the mental condition you have described, could he? A.—He is in a worse condition physically now than when I first saw him laboring under depression in 1867; the cause, however, being removed, and the circumstances surrounding him being changed—

Judge Davis—What cause? What circumstances? He is still away from his wife, is he not?

Witness—What I mean to say is that he may be in a calmer frame of mind now than when I first noticed his condition in 1867, and if kept free from excitement may recover.

Judge Davis—You have seen him in Court, you have noticed his excitement, his interest in this case, have seen him making suggestions to his counsel, have you not?

Witness—I have not taken notice of his actions in Court.

Witness, continuing, said that he did not profess to be peculiarly expert in his knowledge of insanity. He had no personal knowledge of prisoner's inability to sleep, except from prisoner's own statements, corroborated by the symptoms he evinced whenever he saw him.

By Judge Davis—If you believed that McFarland was in the abnormal condition you have testified, why did you not give information to his friends to that effect, so that he might be taken care of?

Witness—I did; I told his brother that he was in a very precarious condition, that his mind was in a most disordered state.

Judge Davis—Your views regarding him are not influenced by the fact that he is on trial?

Witness—Not at all; my views as to his condition are the same now as they were while he was in the habit of calling on me at my office, and are not influenced by this trial at all.

HIS PULSE 130.

To Mr. Graham—The time when his pulse was 130 was in September, 1869; the occasion was when I visited him in the Sixth-avenue; when I speak of his liability to congestion of the brain, I do not mean to say that it is impossible for him, if his circumstances are changed, to recover, to get back to his normal state; on the evening of Nov. 23, I saw him at the St. James Hotel, about nine o'clock P. M.; he followed me up there; he said he was in a horrible state of excitement, and thought he could not live till morning; on the following night, the 24th, I saw him, and his excited condition was heightened.

A RECESS.

The Court here, at 1:10, took a recess for half an hour. On the re-assembling of the Court another medical witness was called. This was Dr. Morris Watson, who formed the acquaintance of McFarland in Boston more than twenty years ago. He is a gentleman about fifty-five or sixty years of age and appears very well informed. He gave his testimony in a clear tone of voice, and stood his cross-examination very well indeed. He was examined by Mr. Graham, and testified as follows:

I reside in No. 74 University-place, and I have resided there since 1862; I have been physician a quarter of a century, and am a graduate of the College of the City of New-York; I am not at present practicing, but did so for fifteen or twenty years in Boston; know McFarland.

Q.—How long do you know him? A.—He was a patient of mine in Boston in 1847.

Q.—And for how long after that did you know him? A.—Perhaps a year after that; he then left Boston and went to Dartmouth College, and from thence to France.

THE NIGHT BEFORE THE TRAGEDY.

Q.—Did you see him on the night of the 24th November, 1869? A.—I saw him at my residence the evening before the shooting of Richardson.

Q.—When was the last time before that you saw him? A.—Perhaps a week or a fortnight.

Q.—What time did you see him on the evening of the 24th November? A.—About seven o'clock.

Q.—Did anything take place, and, if so, what, between you and him on that occasion. A.—He was in the habit of calling on me to make known his troubles and difficulties. The principal object on this occasion was to make known to me that he had discovered Richardson was selling his property in New Jersey, and was about to go West to the State where he had obtained a divorce for his wife, and he was going to take his wife and his little boy Danny with him.

Q.—Did you observe his appearance on that occasion? A.—Yes.

Q.—Describe his appearance. A.—On that occasion he was less violent than I had frequently seen him, with reference to his physical condition, but his mental condition was more intense than I ever noticed before.

Q.—In what did it manifest itself? A.—All that he said indicated intense agony of the mind.

Q.—How long was he with you on that occasion? A.—About an hour.

Q.—Did he say anything in reference to his losing consciousness? A.—He did.

HIS MENTAL CONDITION.

Q.—What did he say? A.—He said "I lose consciousness sometimes of my own identity, and I think I am not McFarland." He proceeded to say he used to examine some papers in his pocket and would then find out he was McFarland after all.

Q.—When he spoke to you about Richardson going away with his wife and boy did he make any ejaculation or exclamation? A.—He made a very painful remark in reference to that. He said, "My God, Doctor, he is about to go West, and take with him my little boy where I may never see him again." After he uttered those words he looked at me and raised his hands like one in an attitude of prayer.

Q.—Did not his manner at the time of making that remark evince despair? A.—He seemed to be entirely overwhelmed with grief—completely so.

Q.—For how long a time was he in the habit of speaking to you on the subject of his domestic troubles? A.—In the early part of 1869 I met him on the steps of the Astor House; I had lost sight of him for a year or two previously.

Q.—Between that and the night of the 24th of November, 1869, how many conversations had you with him? A.—I saw him perhaps once a month or oftener; I would meet him on the street by accident, or he would call upon me.

Q.—Would he refer to the subject of these troubles? A.—Always.

Q.—And on this occasion did he exhibit similar symptoms to what you saw on the 24th November? A.—I never talked with him, but I regarded him as a monomaniac; on all other subjects he would be rational as any other man, but the moment you referred to his domestic troubles he would undergo an entire change and his whole body would quiver; his eyes would become suffused, and his hands were always tremulous when he raised them in gesture.

Q.—Then the only way to know his condition in reference to his domestic troubles was by hearing him speak upon the subject? A.—Yes.

Q.—In all other matters he evinced rationality? A.—He would talk as connectedly as any one else and never appeared unreasonable until this subject was spoken of.

Q.—Did he refer to his boy in any of these conversations? A.—He seemed to have an intense affection for that boy; he always talked about his children, and the idea of losing them seemed to have a greater effect upon him than anything else.

CROSS-EXAMINED.

By Mr. Davis—I knew Mr. McFarland two or three years before 1847.

Q.—Did you know he was a Fourvierite? A.—I never heard he was; I never practised medicine in New-York; I am now engaged in literary, scientific and manufacturing pursuits.

Q.—On the evening of the 24th of November, when he visited your house, what was his appearance? A.—His appearance was very curious; there was less of that tremor and nervousness and muscular disturbance in his appearance than I previously noticed; he seemed to be more calm physically.

Q.—Was any one else present? A.—No.

Q.—How long did he remain with you? A.—Probably about an hour.

Q.—You had some general conversation, I suppose? A.—I think not, on that occasion; he spoke about his domestic troubles.

Q.—Did you examine his pulse? A.—No; he never came to me as a medical man or to seek my assistance; he sat down more quiet and calm than I ever saw him before; his physical condition was calmer, but his mental condition was more intense.

Q.—Do you mean more calm and quiet than you saw him before since 1867? A.—Generally he appeared to be quivering and very much excited; there was not that manifestation on this evening, but intense mental excitement—more intense than I ever saw before.

Q.—On that occasion did he tell you when Richardson was about to sell his property and move out West? A.—No.

WATCHING FOR HIS BOY DANNY.

Q.—Did he tell you that he had been in New-Jersey, and had made inquiries? A.—He told me he went over there and watched the house where Richardson and his wife were stopping; he said he was disguised when he watched the house.

Q.—Did he say how long he was over there? A.—He said he watched the house for days.

Q.—Did he say he saw his little boy or Mrs. McFarland? A.—He said he saw the boy taken there one evening, and taken away immediately.

Q.—Did he tell you whose house they were stopping in? A.—The house of a person named Mrs. Gilbert.

Q.—On that occasion did he say to you how long before that time he was in New-Jersey? A.—I can't tell.

Q.—Have you heard him before that night say anything about Richardson's going West? A.—I did not.

Q.—You say you never prescribed for him? A.—Not in New-York.

Q.—Did he ever ask your advice? A.—No.

Q.—Did you ever make an examination of him? A.—I never examined him personally.

Q.—Then all you know about his condition is from personal observation? A.—That is all.

Re-Direct—Q.—May it not have been in September he referred to this matter in New-Jersey? A.—I am not certain about the time; I think it was in the latter part of the Summer, and I should be disposed to say it was about August, he said he watched the house in Jersey City.

Q.—Did he tell you in the conversation that when he saw his boy Danny he meant to take him? A.—I had an impression that was his object in watching the house; he told me he had spent $3,000 in endeavoring to obtain possession of Percy; that he had no more to spend in that way; that he wanted to get possession of his boy, and hence he disguised himself and watched the house.

Q.—So as to take the boy when he saw him? A.—That was my impression.

M'FARLAND'S COUNSEL IN THE CRIM. CON. CASE.

Mr. John D. Ellwood was the next witness. He is a gentleman of pleasing appearance, and gave his testimony in a clear tone of voice. He appeared to feel a warm interest in the defendant, and to sympathize with him in his domestic misfortunes. He was examined by Mr. Gerry, and testified as follows:

I am an attorney-at-law in this City and since October last have resided at the Park Hotel; I have known McFarland very well since the Fall of 1867; he was introduced to me by Mr. Le Baron; I remember seeing him two or three days before the occurrence of Nov. 25, 1869; the interview took place at my office on the corner of Fulton-street and Broadway; I had a short conversation with him; always when I talked with him he became very excited whenever the subject of his domestic grievances was touched upon, growing more and more so until it reached a state of frenzy; I cannot state particularly the conversation which took place at this last interview; I had so many with him that I cannot distinguish one from another.

THE DIVORCE.

Either then or shortly before he had spoken of a divorce which his wife was trying to obtain; I can't say that then or at any other time he showed any symptoms of insanity, except when speaking of the subject of his troubles; he then always grew very vehement and broke out in tears, and his feelings seemed altogether uncontrollable, especially when he spoke of his children; I saw him at the Park Hotel on several occasions; he generally came there about five or half-past five o'clock in the afternoon, after my office hours; he generally came to me when he had anything on his mind to communicate.

THE SUIT AGAINST RICHARDSON.

I have no recollection of being consulted with reference to the habeas corpus case, but I was engaged to bring an action against Richardson. [The examination with reference to the subject matter of that suit was objected to, but the objection withdrawn, on leave being given the prosecution to produce the record.] There were three counts in the complaint; the first for criminal conversation with his wife, the second for the abduction of his wife, and the third for the abduction of his child Danny; he told me his story, speaking of his marriage and the pleasant life he led at first, and the endearing manner in which he and his wife always addressed each other, and the affectionate terms they always used; he told me how happy they were until Richardson came between them; he said that Richardson had taken away his wife and children; he told me the manner of his wife's leaving him, how she had put her arms around his neck and kissed him when he left home in the morning, and when he returned at night she was gone.

EVER THE SAME STORY.

He used to come to my office two or three times a week, and would always talk on the same theme, going over the whole subject if I would listen to him; whenever he spoke of Richardson his mind would work up to a frenzy; my impression was that he was exceedingly unreasonable, if you call that irrational; I told him he talked on this subject too much; his mind seemed to run upon it continually, and spoke of the Press, and complained that it favored Richardson; he spoke to me also of going over to Jersey City for the purpose of finding his child; he said he stopped at a neighboring house; I think it was in August or September last.

At this point several letters were shown the witness and identified as the same which were placed in his hands by McFarland when the suit against Richardson was commenced. The cross-examination was then taken up by Mr. Garvin.

THE LAWYER CROSS-EXAMINED.

The witness said: I never saw Mr. McFarland until he was introduced to me by Mr. Le Baron, in November, 1867; these letters were shown to me at either the first or second interview; on that occasion McFarland was excited as usual, but I do not know that he was more so; the suit against Richardson was commenced early in 1868; the summons, I think, was issued in December, and the amended complaint served in March; during that period McFarland came to see me half a dozen times perhaps; I can't say that I had any doubt as to his sanity at that time; I didn't know Richardson and never saw him, neither was I acquainted with Mrs. McFarland; the attorney on the other side was Mr. Bangs, of the firm of Sedgwick & Bangs; the damages claimed were $40,000 or $45,000.

THE LAST INTERVIEW.

The last interview I had with McFarland was two or three days before the shooting, on Monday or Tuesday of the same week; I cannot separate the conversation of any single interview from the rest.

OBJECT OF THE SUIT.

To Mr. Gerry on re-direct—McFarland told me that his object in instituting proceedings against Richardson was not so much to recover money as to expose the conduct of the man; he couldn't entertain the idea of doing it for money; he spoke of writing to the County Clerks in different States to ascertain whether any proceedings for a divorce had been instituted on the part of his wife; he wrote several letters himself to County Clerks in Illinois.

THE BRIBE OF THE CONSULSHIP.

To Mr. Garvin—There was a proposition for a discontinuance of the suit, by which McFarland was to receive $10,000 and a Consulship; this was the only proposition of which I ever heard; I never made any offer of settlement; the case was never brought to trial, but the proceedings were still pending when the shooting occurred.

At this point Mr. Gerry read to the Court and jury two letters to Mrs. McFarland—one from Mrs. Samuel Sinclair, and the other from Mrs. Calhoun.

MRS. SINCLAIR TO MRS. M'FARLAND.

This "silent witness" was presented by Mr. Gerry, who read a copy of the document in a clear, distinct voice, carefully emphasizing the prominent portions. During the reading, McFarland leaned his head upon his hands and wept, while many of the ladies in the audience were visibly affected. The following is the letter:

WASHINGTON, Feb. 21.

MY DEAREST FRIEND: Mrs. C. read your letter to me this morning, and I am almost heart-broken for you. My dear, what are you going to do? Whatever you decide upon of course your friends—your true friends—will accept. But I do hope you will act with firmness and decision. It seems to me that that one great effort is only a question of time, and the sooner it is made the better for you and your children. Do not for one moment longer entertain that morbid idea that you are responsible for the life of one who is sure to break you down completely and ruin, perhaps, your children if they continue to live with him. It will kill you to live this way, and you must not do it. Those dear little boys must be taken care of, and who can do it but their own dear mother.

My Dear Abby, I love you like a sister or I should not write this. Anything that I can do for you I will cheerfully. Do not despair. You have health, youth, and good friends; and all your friends, without an exception, will support you. I have no doubt of your success on the stage, but should you find that too trying for your health, you can do equally well by writing. I think you are very modest in your own estimation. I think you write better than almost any one I know. And should you give your time to it, I have no doubt of your exceeding any American female writer in a very short time.

I must suggest one thing, and that is to get Percy away from his father as soon as possible. You know Percy now believes in him, and the longer he remains with him, the more intensified will this feeling become, and, of course, the longer it will take to erase it.

It seems a long time since I left you, and I am quite ashamed of not having written to you before, but our time has been wonderfully filled with Washington gayety, and I am very apt, as you know, to neglect writing to my friends, where I feel certain that all is well. I have not been jealous, although you have written to Mrs. C. several times. I love her too much not to be willing to give her more than half what I would receive. Is she not good and charming? How is dear little Danny? I wish he could come to Mary's birthday—the 9th of March. You must come, and bring Percy. We may not be home before the 8th, but I don't dare write that home. Remember that Fear is your friend; I hope that you will not neglect her in my absence. Now, my darling, do write soon. I shall hope for something definite. Your devoted friend,

C. A. S.

MRS. CALHOUN TO MRS. M'FARLAND.

The following letter was read to show the arts which Mrs. Calhoun was claimed to have employed to entice Mrs. McFarland from her husband, and how she was aiding Richardson's endeavors in this respect:

FRIDAY MORNING, 22, Feb.

MY DARLING CHILD: What can I say to comfort thee? My heart bleeds over thee. Would I could enfold thee forever more. My darling, if it were not for Percy, I should take thee away and keep thee, as soon as I go home. I do not suppose Mr. C. would let me keep him. My precious, you must make your decision. It is profanation for you to stay with that man—you shall not. No woman ought to put her womanhood to open shame, as you have been forced to do for years. It is most cruel, most devilish. You cannot work, you cannot advance, you can make certain of no future for yourself and the children while you stay. There is no justice, no reason, no hope in your doing it. My darling—you will leave him scathless—the world is more generous than we think about those things. Every thoughtful man or woman will justify you—and you can shake off the shackles—and work with free hands. It is dreadful to have you fight against such odds. I think you could live—yourself and Percy—for what you earn now, and if you can only be free so that you can improve, your salary will be increased. It is wonderful that you have been able to do anything with your disabilities, and I do think that now you may do so much. O, *do* leave him, my darling. It is so wrong that you should stay with him.

Friday evening.—My darling, we have just received Mr. R.'s letter. I am *so* glad that you have left M., do not, I *beseech* you, return. Do not let any weakness of mercy possess you. It is happy that the stroke has fallen, no matter what heart-break come with it. I could be glad that you suffer, if your suffering would keep you away from him. My darling,—for whom I would die, *do not* so wrong your womanhood as to go back. You *must not*—*shall not*. When I come back, you shall come straight to me and *stay*. I will have it so. I will come to-morrow if you need me. *Write* me, my darling, all things. Even if you are distracted, write. It will calm you and help you. All my heart flows to you. I would help you, guard you, heal you, if I could. My darling, you cannot be misunderstood. I, a proud woman, tell you that only by leaving him can you justify yourself to yourself, and to the world of *noble* people. My darling, my money and purse and grief are yours forever. You will not hesitate to come to me, for you love me. *This* is a poor note I have had to scrawl in pencil. What I have not had time to say in ink, to-morrow, when, if you are better, I shall write you a better letter. All my heart is yours. Let Mr. R— help you; he is good and strong. Stay where you are till I come; then come to me. My darling, I love you and sorrow for you. Thine ever.

LU.

MORE EXTRAORDINARY CONDUCT.

The lad who next took the witness-stand was Frank D. Bennett, aged about sixteen, and is a clerk for Mr. Ellwood. He is a bright young man; will, no doubt, in a few years become a prominent member of the legal fraternity, and will then be required to speak louder than he did yesterday. He received a word of encouragement from Mr. Graham and then expanded his lungs. He testified as follows:

Am a clerk in the office of Mr. Ellwood, the last witness; have been there since February, 1869; saw Mr. McFarland there on the 23d of November, 1869; he had little Percy with him; saw him pass into Mr. Ellwood's private office; did not particularly notice his actions; have seen him in the office on previous occasions; could not hear what he said in Mr. Ellwood's private office on these occasions; could only hear a few words now and then; noticed that he would occasionally come into the outer office and make hurried memorandums; he would act very excitedly; would walk quickly up and down the office floor; noticed that the muscles of his chin and his lips would move as if with tremor; he would, while thus walking up and down, talk or mutter to himself; he came to the office about once a week; always noticed this state of excitement when he came.

Cross-examined—First became acquainted with prisoner in March, 1869; during the Summer months Mr. Ellwood would be away from the City for a week or so at a time; McFarland would not come to the office then.

FURTHER AS TO THE PRISONER'S IRRATIONALITY.

The next witness was Dr. Minor, a very pleasant gentleman. He delivered his testimony in a clear straightforward manner, and on the cross-examination enlightened Mr. Davis upon the "somatic" theory of insanity. He testified as follows:

Have been a practising physician in this City for seven years, knew Dr. John A. Ward; is in the same office with him in Twenty-first-street; have been with him about eighteen months; know McFarland; first saw him about one year ago, in the office; he had a felon on his thumb, which witness opened for him; asked him if the operation was painful; he said yes, but that it was nothing to the pain he suffered in his heart; he was about one hour in the office on that occasion; he alluded to his domestic troubles; his conduct led me to form a judgment that he was decidedly irrational; subsequently, when speaking of his domestic troubles, I saw him in a state of perfect frenzy; the first time that I noticed him in this frenzied state was when he discovered that his wife and Richardson were in Jersey City; he was then more agitated than I ever saw him before; I examined his pulse; it was 115; he spoke of his child, and said he could not rest easy, day or night; that his troubles drove him mad, and that there was no rest for him; I formed the opinion then that he was a monomaniac, and that he had been for some time; he was more insane then, however, than I had ever seen him before; I prescribed homeopathic remedies for him; gave him preparations of coffee, nox vomica, and codine at three different times; told him on one occasion to drink a stiff horn of whisky on going to bed; he refused, point black, to drink whisky; as time went on I noticed that his excited condition was heightened; on one occasion he complained of tremulousness of the hands, and to show me how it affected him he took some paper and tried to write his name; "See here," he said, and handed me the paper, but I could not recognize the name though I saw him write it; he spoke of the dreams and horrid nightmare he had; he said that while in a doze he heard his little boy calling to him, and that he saw his wife in Richardson's arms; that he would jump out of bed in order to clutch Richardson by the throat and strangle him; that he would find himself in the middle of the floor, covered with a cold sweat; that whenever he saw these things in his imagination the sight drove him mad, and that he would give anything if he could get one hour's rest. Witness had no doubt of his sincerity when he told him this; witness had conversed with Dr. Ward concerning prisoner's mental condition; witness was of opinion that prisoner had brain disease; that he was then and is now a monomaniac; that nature could not hold out under such a mental strain as prisoner was under from March till November, 1869, without death or insanity being the result.

CROSS-EXAMINED.

Noticed prisoner's manner as being very singular previous to March, 1869; first spoke to him during that month; sometimes saw him as often as two or three times a day; prescribed coffee, nux vomica, and quinine for him; the coffee preparation has the tendency to quiet the nerves; have seen it administered in cases of delirium tremens; codine is about one-half as powerful as morphine; he took the medicines away with him; have no personal knowledge that he used them, except from his own statements; his language was not entirely coherent when speaking to witness; think that he is a monomaniac to some extent now; have [illegible] seen him since he has been confined; [illegible] of his mania by the fact that the pupil of his eye is somewhat contracted, and from other symptoms; if he sleeps soundly at night, and if his pulse is quieter, I should say he is getting better.

Judge Davis then questioned the witness as to the symptoms denoting different phases of insanity. In answer to Mr. Graham, witness said that he held to the somatic theory of insanity.

Judge Davis—What is that—what does it mean?

Witness—The somatic theory is that insanity is the product of organic disease; that it is a disease of the brain and not of the mind; that it is organic and not functional.

To Mr. Graham—I felt McFarland's pulse frequently; it always averaged 110.

MORE "SILENT WITNESSES."

Mr. Gerry remarked, as the last witness left the stand, "We have no more witnesses at present in Court, but we have some more letters, which we will produce." The following letters were then read to the jury, the originals having been identified by Mr. Ellwood when he was upon the stand as having been found by defendant in Mrs. McFarland's trunk:

MRS. CALHOUN TO MRS. M'FARLAND.

(No date.)

MY DARLING: I suppose you must be snow-bound, as I am; and I send a good morning. Lillie and Junius pronounced your *Lucy Capulet* better than Mme. S.'s *Juliet*. There is *incense for genius*. I shall work all day and be ready to help you to-morrow. Sacrifice yourself by going to Hennessey's or in any other way! My Fate cries out, and informs me that I wish to know him. Really to get *at* him. I am quite sure there is something behind his gray eyes and mobile face. I don't like knowing people indifferently. Husks are such dry fare. But people with cores and fruit within, draw me so. There are just three persons who are much to me in the flesh—J. R. Y.—and you can guess the other two. But my dream fiends are numerous. Booth is one of them. Spiritually he is my intimate. He would be amazed to see with what I have endowed him, and how confidential he is with me! Do you have such whims? My novel will be a study of psychology, I fancy. A strange story. The boy waits. I begin to say that I loved you dearly—always shall—always must. That you are heroic, and high, and a gospel to me who need one. Some day, or rather some night, I shall tell you such a story of my turbulent existence. I would rather write it, but I shall never have time. Suppose I write my novel in letters to you? How much we have to say to each other, that we never shall utter till the leisure of the New Jerusalem offers opportunity.

Ever, my darling, yours,

LU.

While Mr. Gerry was reading the above Mr. Davis interrupted him with, "Who is J. R. Y."

Mr. Gerry—Put on your microscopes and you will see J. R. Y.

Mr. Graham (slowly and emphatically)—John Russell Young, of course.

ANOTHER LETTER FROM "LU."

Another letter was presented, when Mr. Davis remarked: "Are you going to read all the letters?"

Mr. Graham—No, only the little tit-bits.

Mr. Gerry then read an extract from the following, and the whole letter was put in evidence:

NO. 77 CLINTON-PLACE, NEW-YORK, }
Sunday evening, June 24, 1868. }

MY DEAR MRS. MCFARLAND: It was a good inspiration which led you to write me, and to believe that I wanted to hear from you. A dozen times since you went away I have sat down with the express and absolute purpose of writing you, and then some dreary manuscript interposed, and my interesting pen labored till it was so tired that it had no power left. My work is of that discouraging order that consumes time and patience and exhausts the forces without building any monument of progress. Revising, correcting, and mending, comparing, rejecting. Eminently useful, greatly easier than writing, of which I am not fond, but rather dreary. I have been so very busy that I have not written very much since you went away. Besides my work for the *Tribune*, I do a certain class of book reviews for the *Independent*, and go about with hands so very full that I have seldom opportunity to take up private letters. For, as I dare say you know already—but as it is the central fact of the universe it will bear repetition—I am house-keeping!! I attained that blissful condition, to my surprise, on the 1st of May. We heard of the house but two days before, took it, and bought one tea-kettle at once. For myself I am most pleased. I enjoy the freedom, and largeness, and hospitality of home; and as we must live in shells through all this mortal pilgrimage, it is so much more comfortable to have them of the largest and pleasantest. Our house is very pleasant, as you shall see when you come back. But for this ignorant present I could wish myself with you—in the smallest farm-house that ever took root in a cleft of the hills. For know, O mountain nymph, that the weather is terrific. Doors and windows swing wide, the generous palm leaf is plied, but we carried over the ghostliest breeze from northern peak or western lake or eastern ocean. June in the country with a wreath of roses and white hands scattering dews, and June in town in the brassy helmet of August, with sun-burned fingers shading blinded eyes, are no kin together. Last week the *Tribune* sent me on a flying visit to Saratoga, Lake George and Lake Champlain, the fruits whereof you shall have when they become immortal in Tuesday's issue. Saratoga is dreadful, but the lakes and the far-away hills filled me with delight. You know I am a cockney of cockneys. Know nothing of the heart and wonder of country life. Never have seen the mountains in my life save a scattered peak or two, and yet to me they are wonderful. Things not to talk about unless the dweller be very fine; constant companionship with nature belittles him I think. Men grow blind and deaf to the glory that is above their heads and beneath their feet. *Dont they?* I walk in the dark, but it seems to me that meadow and mountain roses and river are more to me than to the man of whose estate they are part. And as art and culture must teach me the wonderful secrets and charms of nature, so I fancy must city life train me into country uses. I have no taste for wigwams, but all through the soft Spring and passionate Summer an eagerness for woods and waters possesses me. Just now I am imprisoned in the loop of the editorial scissors, and am so base that I shall doubtless continue to be a bondman all the season, save when the *Tribune* lets me out to do its journalistic warbling, keeping a string about me that I may not fly too far. If it should believe it a vital element of the success of the paper to have two or three letters from the White Mountains, I am the person to sacrifice very ease in its interest, and I shall find some practicable route through Shelbourne, that I may take a peep at you.

Everybody is out of town. Mrs. Ward has gone and the Sinclairs went last week, and everybody else whom I knew had gone before, except Mr. Richardson, who has a room here, and is so delightfully agreeable and good-natured, that not even this dreadful weather makes him cross, which is saying a great deal for his Christian discipline. Mr. Greeley has almost finished his book and then he is going away. Probably to Saratoga to tip the light fantastic toe! Mrs. Greeley has had a hemorrhage and is very feeble. For myself, I am very well, rather tired, having made my jaunt in three days, and written three letters, and very anxious of the dryads and hamadryads.

I hope you will study *toward* the stage, if not *for* the stage, this Summer. That goal seems to me inevitable, and so desirable, if you cultivate your very great gift at all, that whenever I think of you I wish you were in your rightful place. The drama is the beautiful art, and you are worthy to be its prophet. My own dreams of serving it will never be hope now; but whenever I see brave young feet set toward it, and thoughtful brows bent thitherward, I say "God speed!" from my inmost soul. I am so weary to-night, and so warm and uncomfortable that I have written a most stupid letter, but I would no longer let your dear note go unanswered. I love you, and want to know you better. I have no doubt that we met in this great highroad because each had something for the other, and we will know what it is. Write me at the office or here, and be assured of answers as speedy as my tired pen can write. Ever and always, believe me, affectionately yours,

LU. G. CALHOUN.

This closed the evidence for the day and the Court adjourned to this morning. After the Court rose McFarland was surrounded by his friends and greeted kindly, while several of the ladies came forward and fondled little Percy.

New Customs Regulations.

Collector GRINNELL has received the following from the United States Consul at San Juan del Sur:

MANAGUA, Feb. 25, 1870.

SENOR ——: The S. P. E. has ordered the publication of the following decree:

The President of the Republic to the people:

In compliance with the law of Congress, of the 17th inst., and the proper use of his powers,

1. Sixty days after the publication of this law there will be collected at the Custom-houses and offices of registration, in addition to the forty per cent. established by the law of 1858, ten per cent. duties—eight in money and two in mining bonds.

2. The products of the ten per cent. will be sent monthly to the general treasury, and the officers whose duty it is to collect and remit, will be held strictly responsible.

3. This law will in no manner change the value of privileged bonds issued on the 25th of October last.

FERNANDO GUZMAN.

By the Secretary of Interior, R. SOENZ.

Further Appointments in the Department of Public Works.

The following additional appointments have been made by Mr. TWEED: Chas. M. Clancy, fifth assistant clerk, in place of J. O'Shaunessy; M. W. Odell, second clerk to Superintendent of Street Improvements, in place of Chas. Moore; J. J. Dymond, clerk to Superintendent of Streets, in place of John Kennedy; J. C. Halligan, second clerk to Superintendent of Repairs and Supplies, in place of Richard Clark; Wilson Small, Deputy Superintendent of Repairs and Supplies, in place of Chas. A. Denike; Theodore Froment, first clerk to Deputy Superintendent of Repairs and Supplies, in place of Robert C. McGill. All the other officials have been reappointed. Gen. GEO. S. GREENE, Chief Engineer of the Croton Department, has also been reappointed.

Among the more prominent persons who have suffered for their opposition to the "Ring," is Supervisor JAMES HAYES, who has been removed from his almost sinecure position of Superintendent of Street Improvements, with its salary of $7,500 per annum.

LAW REPORTS.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Before Judge Woodruff.

PRACTICE—A SUGGESTION.

Yesterday, in the Circuit Court, Judge WOODRUFF stated that a loose practice seemed to have obtained in that Court in failing to furnish the Court with a copy of the pleadings, thus making it necessary to send to the Clerk's office for the original pleadings and occasioning delay and inconvenience. He said that hereafter, or as soon as the Bar could become acquainted with the views of the Court on the subject, he should desire what used to be called a circuit roll to be prepared in each case for the Court.

DUTIES—ARE BIRDS ANIMALS?

Charles Reincke vs. Henry A. Smythe, Collector, &c.—This was a suit to recover duties alleged by the plaintiff to be excessive and paid under protest. The duties which the plaintiff claims to recover were imposed upon several invoices of birds, canaries, parrots, &c., imported from Germany by the plaintiff in 1866 and 1867, by virtue of the act of 1866, imposing a duty of twenty per cent. upon "live animals" imported into the country. The plaintiff claimed that these birds [illegible] as they were specially [illegible] in the act of 1861, which provides [illegible] "birds, singing or other," may be imported free of duty, and [illegible] come within the act of 1866 as not being animals. The defense claimed that birds were properly included under the general term "animals." Decision reserved.

Mr. Chase and Mr. Ludington for the plaintiff; Assistant District-Attorney Stanley for the defendant.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Before Judge Blatchford.

CUSTOMS.

The United States vs. Two Cases Silk Ribbons, &c.—This was an information tried before a jury for the forfeiture of the above property, valued at $1,600, on the ground that it was undervalued in the invoices. The claimants insisted that the valuation was a fair one, based upon the prices paid for the goods. The jury rendered a verdict for the claimants, acquitting the property.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Judge Jones.

DIVORCE CASE—MOTION FOR ALIMONY AND COUNSEL-FEE DENIED.

John Cantlon vs. Catharine Cantlon.—In this case the husband brought an action against the defendant for the purpose of obtaining a decree declaring the marriage between the parties above named, void, in consequence of a previous marriage contract between defendant and one Alfred Gould, who is still living. On the 31st of March last, as already reported in the TIMES, a motion was made before Judge JONES, of this Court, for an order requiring the plaintiff to pay to the defendant alimony and counsel-fees in the case. The Court to-day, after consideration, made an order denying the motion of the defendant, but with leave to renew the motion on other affidavits.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—APRIL 12.

By Judge Sutherland.

CASES SETTLED.

Feinholtz vs. Ross, Trundy vs. Poole, Farron vs. Howard, Howe vs. Cohalen.

By Judge Brady.

MOTIONS GRANTED.

Peters vs. Fancher, Tausig vs. Dayton, Bassett vs. Bell, Reed vs. Freeman, Davis vs. Fowler.

By Judge Ingraham.

In re the application of Anderson to vacate, &c. See memoranda for counsel.

Marrin vs. Lewis; motion granted.

Grannis vs. Fogg; motion denied, with leave to apply for an injunction if necessary; costs to abide the event.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—APRIL 12.

By Judge Monell.

Cochran vs. Stude; motion granted without costs.

Delppi vs. Poupon; motion granted.

Elston vs. Schilling; motion granted.

Mead vs. Mead; motion granted.

By Judge Spencer.

Miner vs. Beekman; case settled.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

Held by Ingraham, P. J., and Sutherland and Cardozo, JJ.

Enumerated Motions.

Nos.
10—Lahens vs. Dapasseur.
38—Garnar vs. Bird.
47—Bartlett vs. Chase.
54—Parker, Jr., vs. Brett.
55—Bernstein vs. Demmler.
56—Platt vs. Lippman.
57—Hartshorne vs. Taylor.
58—Platt, Receiver, vs. Crawford.
59—Same vs. Same.
60—Platt, Receiver, vs. Spinola.
61—Platt, Receiver, vs. Crawford.
62—Same vs. Same.
63—Same vs. Same.
64—Same vs. Same.
65—Same vs. Same.
67—Kirby vs. McFarland.
68—Fraser vs. Freeman.
69—Dunshee vs. Goldbacher.
70—Roosevelt vs. Taylor.
71—Gerkin vs. Dinsmore.
72—Fassin vs. Hubbard.
73—Pirsson vs. Kerr.
74—Kingsland vs. Braisted.
75—Waverley Nat. Bank vs. Halsey.
76—Miller vs. Halsey.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Brady, J.—Calendar called at 12 M.

Nos.
73—Gates vs. Hayes.
86—Thompson vs. Healy.
97—Same vs. Same.
99—Howe vs. Rice.
105—Doughty vs. Canfield.
128—Day vs. Tibbitts.
136—In re Wilks, to vacate, &c.
137—In re Furniss, to vacate, &c.
138—In re Meeks, to vacate, &c.
152—Stricker vs. Mathews.
156—In re Hearn, to vacate assessment.
157—In re Reeber, to vacate assessment.
161—Lake vs. Sheldon.
169—Brigham vs. Hysson.
171—Wehle vs. Spelman.
174—Wenbeyer vs. Sackendorf.
176—Budge, Jr., vs. Runden.
178—Same vs. Same.
192—Deacon vs. Murphy.
195—The Mayor vs. West-side Pat. R. R. Co.
197—Sprague vs. Sprague.
200—Nesbitt vs. Sprague.
208—Snyder vs. Snyder.

The call commences at No. 280—In re the steam-ship Circassian.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Held by Freedman, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.
1417—Ward vs. Turl.
1421—Graham vs. Biggs.
1541—Lawrence vs. Fairchild.
1385—Polhamus vs. Garretson.
1591—Milen vs. Acker.
1593—Puleston vs. Wallace.
1595—Ford vs. O'Meara.
1597—Marten vs. Burke.
1599—Brand vs. Trafford.
1601—Burrill vs. Rallings.
1603—Andrews vs. Bendall.
1605—Silsbee vs. Wood.
1607—Hain vs. The New-Haven Steam-boat Co.
1609—Lean vs. Bodfish.
1611—Kobbe vs. Gerding.

Part II—Held by McCunn, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.
960—Colt vs. 6th-av. Railroad Co.
450—Young vs. The Western Union Tel. Co.
1350—Sturme vs. Williams.
2056—Ryan vs. The H. R. R. R. Co.
1482—Sheile vs. The D. D. E. Broadway and B. R. Co.
784—Clare vs. Nat. City Bank.
1934—Douglas vs. Dyer.
1776—Seldis vs. Ettinger.
2102—Stern vs. Zinn.
1740—Kavanagh vs. Chace.
2176—Grannis vs. The 6th-av. Railroad Co.
1712—Sturm vs. The Great Western Ins. Co.
1366—Mars, Adm'r., vs. N. Y. and H. R. R. Co.
2104—Voelker vs. Istel.
1738—Smith vs. Tunis.
1992—Tooney vs. Old Dominion S. S. Co.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I—Held by Gross, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.

Nos.
295—Lincoln vs. Van Buren.
444—Fruend vs. C. P., N. & E. R. R. Co.
594—Travers vs. Same.
575—Heyman vs. Frank.
722—Schwartz vs. Fleiz.
736—Mott vs. Shaw.
814—Coughtry vs. Levine.
843—Darrogh vs. Polhemus.
850—First Nat. B'k of Williamsport vs. Johnston.
910—Goncouri vs. Plympton.
895—Simm vs. O'Donnell.
940—Greenbaum vs. Lasky.
941—Grusky vs. Gelbaum.
—Myer vs. Egbertson.
944—Teschner vs. Harris.

Part II.—Held by Curtis, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.

Nos.
853—Caverly vs. Cook.
883—Same vs. Same.
294—Jordon vs. Harts.
206—Harrington vs. Goodspeed.
229—Compton vs. Haight.
322—Elting vs. Klinker.
673—Henshaw vs. Goodspeed.
735—Tysen vs. The Guymous Lead Co.
802—Quinn vs. Newfield.
826—Fennigan vs. Odell.
865—Lavin vs. Dougherty.
870—Baumann vs. Kapp.
877—Farrell vs. Robertson.
888—Farrell vs. Riley.
931—Hauser vs. Ami.
938—Deane vs. Rector of Trinity Church.
955—Hard vs. Keller.
956—De Loynes vs. The Broadway and 7th-av. R. R. Co.

CITY COURT—BROOKLYN.

Held by Thompson, J.

Nos.
65—Davis vs. Ayres.
80—Richardson vs. Swift.
95—Riley et al. vs. Kelsey.
102—Littell vs. Linsky.
109—White et al. vs. Packer et al.
111—Viles vs. Dickerson.
119—Brooks vs. Sullivan.
120—Elsasser vs. Enderlin et al.
121—Calligan vs. Wilson.
122—Baer vs. Walters.
123—Scheld vs. Schmidt.
124—Blake vs. Rhodes.
125—Dennis vs. Weil.
126—McGrath et al. vs. Duffy.
127—Lehmann vs. Calhoun.
128—O'Leary vs. Walter, Sheriff.
129—Samelson vs. Freel et al.
130—Monnot vs. Platte.
131—Hall et al. vs. Miserole.
132—Frantwein vs. Goers.

KINGS COUNTY—CIRCUIT COURT.

No calendar of civil causes today.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—APRIL 12, 1870.

FIRST BOARD—10½ A. M.

$106,000	U. S. 6s, '81, C	114⅜
1,000	U.S.5-20 C., '62.c	111⅛
10,000	do.	111⅛
3,000	U. S. 5-20 R., '64	107
50,000	U.S.5-20 C., '64	110⅜
10,000	do.	110⅜
45,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '65.	110⅜
30,000	do. s3	110⅜
20,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '65 new	109⅛
25,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '67, s3	109⅝
50,000	do.	109⅞
50,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '68	110
15,000	Tenn. St. 6s.x.c.	53⅝
60,000	Tenn. St. 6s, n.	53⅝
15,000	do.	53⅜
11,000	N. Car. St. 6s	47
1,000	N. Car. St. 6s.n	22⅝
5,000	Mo. St. 6s	92⅝
5,000	Ala. S. 8s, bds	97⅝
10,000	Ark. 7s, Is. to L. R. & F. S. R	75⅛
2,000	Erie 4th M.	83
2,000	Union Pac. R. 1st M.	84⅝
2,000	C. & N. W. Con. conv. bs.	89⅞
3,000	C. & N. W. 1st	94⅛
2,000	A. & T. H. Inc.	82⅛
4,000	Tol. & W. 2d.	85
1,000	D. L. & W. 2d	96⅞
10,000	Col., C. & I. C. 1st M.	81⅞
22	Merchants' Ex. Bk	102⅛
100	Ninth Nat. Bank	110
25	Phenix Bank	107⅛
30	Imp. & Trad. Bk. bet. call	148
500	Quick. Min. Co.	10
100	do. bet. call	10⅛
30	West. U. Tel.	32⅛
100	Boston W. P.	17
500	do.	16⅞
200	Pac. Mail	37⅛
100	do. b3	37⅜
100	do...bet. call	37
5	Adams Ex.	61
10	A. M. U. Ex. b. c.	38
100	U. S. Ex.	43⅛
300	N.Y.C. & H.R.R.	93
16	do. opg	93½
600	do...bet. call	93
10	do.	92⅞
10,000	N. Y. C. & H.R. Cer.	89⅞
600	Erie	25⅛
1000	do. s30	25⅜
200	Reading	99⅞
100	Lake S. & M. S.	87⅞
300	do...bet. call	88
50	Panama R....b. c.	150
400	Clev. & Pitts.	100⅝
75	Chi. & N. W.	74⅜
1000	do. s10	74¼
100	do...bet. call	74⅛
100	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	85⅞
200	N. J. Cen. R.	105
400	Chic. & R. I.	116
121	Mil. & St. P.	59⅛
200	do.	59⅜
200	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	73⅞
400	Tol., W. & W.	48⅛
100	do.	48⅜
20	P., Ft. W. & Chi. Guar.	93
50	Chic. & Alt.	111⅞
100	do.	111⅝
100	do.	111⅛
100	Ohio & Miss.	29⅛
300	Del., L. & W. R.	103⅛
200	Morris & Essex	91⅜
22	do.	91¼
300	Bos., H. & E. R.	3
100	do...bet. call	4
100	Col., C. & Ind. C.	17⅛
100	Chi. & Alt. Pf. b. c	113

SECOND BOARD—12½ AND 2½ P. M.

$10,000	U. S. 6s, '81, C.	114⅛
20,000	do.	114
15,000	U. S. 5-20 R., '62.	106⅜
20,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '64.	110⅜
10,000	do.	110⅜
10,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '65.	110⅜
3,000	do.	110⅛
6,000	do.	110⅜
$5,000	U. S. 5-20 C. '62.	111⅛
125,000	U. S. 6s, Cur.	111⅝
45,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new s3	108⅜
89,000	do.	109
100,000	U. S. 5-20 C. '67	109⅞
3,500	U. S. 5s, 10-40 R.	105⅛

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$1,000	Tenn. St. 6s, x. c.	53⅜
10,000	do.	60
25,000	Tenn. St. 6s, n.	53⅛
1,000	do.	53
10,000	N. C. St. 6s, n.	22⅛
5,000	Ark. 7s, Is. to L. R. & F. S. R	75⅛
1,000	Col., C. & Ind. C. 1st M.	81⅛
4,000	M. & S. P. 7 3-10 Conv.	92
1,000	Tol., P. & W. 1st West. Div.	79
1,000	Mor. & Es. 1st	102⅛
900	L. S. & M. S. R.	87⅞
50	do.	87⅞
100	do. b30	87⅜
400	do. b30	88
100	do...bet. call	87⅞
10	Clev. & P.	99
200	Chic. & N. W.	74⅜
200	do...bet. call	74⅜
200	do.	74
200	Chi. & N. W. Pf.	85⅛
100	do.	85⅜
200	N. J. Central	104⅛
400	Chi. & R. I.	116
50	do.	115⅞
[illegible]	Canton Co.	67⅛
100	do.	67⅛
[illegible]	do. b3	67
[illegible]	West. Un. Tel.	32⅛
[illegible]	Quick. Min. Co.	10
100	Mariposa Pf.	12⅛
100	do...bet. call	12⅛
600	N. Y. C. & H. R. bet. call	92⅞
[illegible]	do.	92⅝
[illegible]	Erie Railway. b30	25⅛
500	Reading	99
900	do...bet. call	99
200	T., W. & W.	48⅛
27	do.	48⅛
100	do.	48⅛
22	Morris & Essex	91⅛
100	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. Guar.	93⅛
19	do.	93⅛
100	Ohio & Miss.	29⅛
200	C., C. & Ind. C.	17⅜
25	Dub. & S. C. R.	103⅜
100	Del., Lac. & W. R.	103⅛
50	Chi. & Alt. R. Pf., bet. call	113

TUESDAY, April 12—P. M.

It is satisfactory to the steadiness of general trade that the attempt made by speculators at the close of last week to run up the price of Gold has proved thus far unsuccessful. The movement both in Exchange and Gold was weak at the close of business on Monday Afternoon. Today there is a pronounced decline of 1 ₩ cent. in Gold, and ⅛@¼ ₩ cent. in Exchange on London. The sales of Gold, which opened weak at 113⅜@113½ ₩ cent., ran down to 112⅞ ₩ cent., as against 113⅞, the closing quotation of last night. Holders paid 6@7 ₩ cent. ₩ annum interest to carry over their balances; and this incident, in connection with the reaction against Exchange, which precludes an immediate export demand for Gold, greatly discouraged the buyers for a rise. The market left off barely steady at 112⅞ ₩ cent. The Treasury is selling no Gold this week, while in the receipt of $450,000 to $600,000 for Gold Customs. Since yesterday morning the Customs amount to $1,075,000, and for the week will probably reach nearly $3,000,000, chiefly, at present, on General Foreign Merchandise, of which West India Sugars constitute an important item. We do not know that the Importing interest have been materially disturbed or their orders for the future seriously influenced by the discussion of the Tariff in Congress, but we believe we are not far out of the way, or greatly in advance of positive results at Washington, when we express the belief that the present Tariff will not be disturbed. The Bill of the Committee of Ways and Means may possibly be perfected in the House, but it will not be in shape or details to give entire satisfaction to any party; and the Senate, acting upon the safe rule of leaving well enough alone until something assuredly better is offered, will give the whole subject the go by for the session. In any event, no change will probably be made to take effect before the 1st of January next, so that our importers will be reasonably safe in conforming their Summer and Fall orders to the existing Tariff duties.

On the Stock Exchange the Public Funds fell ⅜@1 ₩ cent. in sympathy with the decline of 1 ₩ cent. and the weakness in Gold. The amount of business in 5-20s also fell off, while the demand for Currency 6 ₩ cents. seemed a little better. In the Southern State Bonds the interest in new Tennessees was less decided, and there was not much done in other descriptions. The new Arkansas 7 ₩ cents. issued to the Little Rock and Fort Scott Road are brought on the market by Messrs. ROBERT L. CUTTING, Jr., & Co. They are selling at 75@75½ ₩ cent. In Railroad Bonds the demand is slack. The Miscellaneous Stocks are 1 ₩ cent. lower on Canton Company, and inactive on Pacific Mail. The Railway Share speculation less animated than yesterday, and prices early in the day inclined to droop. At the Second Board there was more animation in Lake Shore, and a recovery to the full advance yesterday in North-west Common.

After the late Boards the following quotations were made as compared with Monday night. The chief demand for Money from the Brokers was to carry over Gold balances. Exchange left off dull at 108⅞@109 for 60 days London; 109⅞ for Short Sight, and francs f.5.20⅝@f.5.20 to the dollar for 60 days on Paris.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS, APRIL 12.

	Monday.	Tuesday.
United States 10-40s	106½	106⅛
United States 5-20s of 1862	112⅛	111⅛
United States 5-20s of 1867	110	109⅞
American Gold Coin	113⅝	112⅜
Bills on London, 60 days	109⅛	108⅞
New Bonds of Tennessee	53⅛	53
N. Y. Central and Hudson	93⅛	92⅜
N. Y. C. and H. Debt Certificates	90	89⅞
Reading Railroad	99⅛	99⅛
Chicago and Rock Island	116⅛	116
North-western Common	74⅜	74
North-western Preferred	85⅞	85½
Pacific Mail Company	37⅞	36⅞
St. Paul Preferred	73⅞	74
St. Paul Common	59⅞	60⅛
Lake Shore	87⅞	87⅞
Erie	25	25
Ohio and Mississippi	29⅞	29½
New-Jersey Central	104⅜	104⅞

UNITED STATES TREASURY, }
NEW-YORK, April 12. }

General balance yesterday	$83,935,258 25
Gold receipts	652,266 10
Gold payments	37,299 62
Gold balance	80,683,526 46
Currency receipts	133,867 04
Currency payments	355,784 73
Currency balance	2,407,043 49
General balance	83,261,939 63
Customs	623,000 00

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₩ cent. reg., 1881	114
6 ₩ cent. coup., 1881	114
5-20 reg., 1862	106⅜
5-20 coup., 1862	111⅛
5-20 reg., 1864	106⅜
5-20 coup., 1864	110⅜
5 20 reg., 1865	106⅜
5-20 coup., 1865	110⅜
5-20 coup., n. i., 1865	109
5-20 reg., 1867	109
5-20 coup., 1867	109⅞
5-20 coup., 1868	109⅞
5 ₩ cent. coup., 1874	106⅛
10-40 registered	105⅛
10-40 coupon	106⅛
6s currency	111⅛

And the following for the State Bonds:

Tennessee 6s, ex coup.	53⅝
Tennessee 6s, n. b.	53
Virginia 6s, ex coup.	70⅛
Virginia 6s, n. b.	69
Georgia 6s	85
Georgia 7s, n. b.	93
North Carolina 6s	46⅛
North Carolina 6s, n. b.	22
South Carolina 6s	87
Missouri 6s	92⅜
Mo. 6s, H. & St. Jo. is	92⅛
Louisiana 6s	76⅛
Louisiana 6s, n. b.	72⅛
Louisiana 8s, Lev. b.	76⅛
Louisiana 8s, Lev. b.	80
Connecticut 6s	100
Rhode Island 6s	100
Alabama 8s	97⅝
Ark. 7s, L.R.&Ft.S.is.	75
Ohio 6 ₩ cent., '75	102
Ohio 6 ₩ cent., '86	103⅛
Illinois Canal b., '70	100
Illinois coup. 6s, '77	100
Illinois coup. 6s, '79	100
Illinois War Loan	100
Michigan 6 ₩ ct., '73	97
Michigan 6 ₩ ct., '78	95
Michigan 6 ₩ ct., '83	95
Michigan 7 ₩ ct., '78	98
Mich. 7 ₩ ct., War L.	100
N. Y. reg. Bty. L.	109⅛
N. Y. coup. Bty. L.	109⅛
N. Y. 7s, Canal L., '70	104
N. Y. 6s, Canal L., '73	105
N. Y. 6s, Canal L., '74	105
N. Y. 6s, Canal L., '75	105
N. Y. 6s, Canal L., '77	105
N. Y. 6s, Canal L., '78	105
N. Y. 5s, Canal L., '75	101

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	93
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Est.	89
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Subs'n.	89
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	103
Erie 1st M. Extended	99⅛
Erie 7s, 3d ind., '83	88
Erie 7s, 4th ind., '80	82⅛
B., N. Y. & E. 1st, '77	88⅛
H. R. 7s, 2d, S. F., '85	105
Mich. Cen. 1st 8s, '82	120
C., B. & Q. 8 ₩ c. 1st	112
Mich. So. 7 ₩ c. 2d	97
M.S. & N.I.S. F.7 ₩ c.	101
Pac. R. 7s guar. by Mo	97⅛
Central Pac. Bonds	91⅛
Union Pac. 1st Bonds	84⅛
Ill. Cent. 7 ₩ c., '70	100
Alton & T. H. 1st	94
Alton & T. H. 2d pf.	83⅛
Alton & T. H. 2d Inc.	82
Chic. & N. W. S. F.	96
C. & N. W. Int. Bds.	91
C. & N. W. Ext. Bd.	89⅛
Chic. & N. W. 1st	94⅛
H. & St. Jo. Land Gts.	105
Del., Lack. & W. 2d	96⅛
Tol. & W. 1st ext.	98
Tol. & Wabash 2d	84⅛
Tol. & W. Equip. Bds	79
Gt. Western 1st, '68	101
Gt. Western 1st, '88	86
Gt. Western 2d, '93	81⅛
Galena & Chic. 2d	94
Chic. & R. I. 1st	100⅛
Morris & Essex 1st	102
Morris & Essex 2d	96
N. J. Cen. new bds.	98⅛
Pitts., F. W. & C. 1st	104
Pitts., F. W. & C. 2d	97⅛
Pitts., F. W. & C. 3d	93
Cleve. & Pitts. 2d	94
Cleve. & Pitts. 3d	92
Cleve. & Pitts. 4th	77
Chic. & Alton 1st	102
Chic. & Alton Inc	89
Ohio & Miss. Consol	87
Dub. & Sioux C. 1st	96
Peninsula R. R. Bds	90
St. L. & Iron M. Bds	85
Mil. & St. P. 1st, 8s	104⅛
Mil. & St. P. 1st, 7 3-10	91
Mil. & St. P. 1st	89⅛
Mil. & St. P. I. & M. d	85
Mil. & St. Paul 2d	82
Chic. & Mil. 1st	91
Col. C. & Ind. 1st	81⅛
Col. C. & Ind. 2d	61⅛
Tol., Peori & W., E.D.	83⅛
Tol., Peo. & W., W.D.	78⅛

And the following for the City Bank and Miscellaneous Shares:

New-York	139
Manhattan	142⅛
Merchants'	124⅛
Mechanics'	139
Union	135⅛
America	145
City	107⅛
Phenix	104
Tradesmen's	154
National	114⅛
Merchant's Ex	101
Seventh Ward	103
State of New-York	109
Commerce	118
Mech's B'nk'g Ass'n	123
Mercantile	120
American Exchange	114
Chatham	160
Bank of the Republic	116
Bank of N. America	103
Hanover	110
Irving	115
Metropolitan	140⅛
Market	120
Shoe and Leather	145
Corn Exchange	120
St. Nicholas	113
Commonwealth	110
Import's' and Trad's'	147
Park	165⅛
Manuf's and Merch's	108
Central National	106
Fourth National	105
Ninth National	110
Tenth National	104
Oriental	150⅛
Gold Exchange	111⅛
B'k'rs and Brok's Ass	105
Del. & Hudson Canal	117⅛
Cumberland Coal Pf.	29
Canton Co., Baltimore	67⅛
Western Union Tel.	32⅛
Quicksilver Mining	10
Mariposa Mining	6
Mariposa Preferred	12⅛
Boston Water Power	16
Adams Express	60⅛
Wells-Fargo Express	19⅛
American Express	38⅛
United States Ex	43
Merchants' Un. Ex	6
Pacific Mail	37⅛

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS—APRIL 12.

Telegraphed to Messrs. Edmund D. Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 6s, Old	101⅛	101⅛
City 6s, New	102⅛	102⅛
Camden and Amboy	118⅞	119
Pennsylvania Central	116⅞	117
Reading	99	99⅛
Lehigh Valley	55⅜	55½
Catawissa Preferred	37⅛	37⅞
Philadelphia and Erie	29⅛	29⅞
Northern Central	47⅛	48
Lehigh Navigation	34⅜	34⅛
Lehigh Gold Loan	91	91⅛

The week's exports of domestic produce have been to the currency value of $3,213,167.

The comparative earnings of the Chicago, Rock Island, and Pacific Railroad Company for the first week in April were as follows:

1870	$107,200
1869	92,436
Increase	$14,764

The earnings of the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad Company for the first week in April compare as follows:

1869	$38,048
1870	29,100
Decrease	$8,948

The indications in the Supreme Court-room at Washington yesterday were, that the recent extraordinary opinion of the Chief-Justice against the validity of the Legal-tender act of 1862, as applicable to pre-existing debts, *will be reversed by the majority of the full Bench*. In the first place it was overruled that the cases in which the United States are involved, and which the Attorney-General very recently moved for argument, are precluded by the adverse decision in the Kentucky case. There was no order entered by the Court that these Government cases were deferred to or should turn upon the decision referred to—they were simply postponed, and the whole principle involved now comes up for reargument. The few remarks that fell yesterday from the new Justice, BRADLEY, point to his concurrence with Justices MILLER, SWAYNE, DAVIS and STRONG, and we are not surprised, therefore, to find our contemporary of the *Evening Post* again referring to the supposed indelicacy of Judge BRADLEY in presiding on the Government cases, because he is or was a stockholder in and of counsel for one of the New-Jersey Railway corporations. The point made by the *Evening Post* is that this corporation may have certain bonds falling due, which, under the dictum of Chief-Justice CHASE in the Kentucky case, would have to be paid in Gold, because contracted before the 25th February, 1862. This sort of logic is by no means apparent; indeed, the reasoning as applied to a member of the Supreme Court has no logic about it, while on the score of delicacy we should esteem Judge BRADLEY a very poor specimen of legal timber for the Supreme Bench if he could be frightened from his propriety, and from the performance of his sworn duty to the Constitutional power of the great Government which he is called upon, in part, to represent and sworn to vindicate, by such weak, not to say nonsensical, appeals to his sense of propriety. We presume that his professional relations to the New-Jersey corporation referred to were not consulted by, even if they were known to, President GRANT, when he was nominated to the Supreme Bench, and he would prove himself unworthy of the confidence of the Executive if, for a moment, he should shirk his own sense of duty to the Government by declining an opinion on the momentous question involved.

Some of our good and much-esteemed friends have suggested that as the CHASE decision against Legal Tender before 1862 has been made, it had best be concurred in and left to stand as law. This decision, they argue, comes so late that it can do no great present harm. But we say, most emphatically, *not so*. This Government in the future may be called to do battle against another organized domestic rebellion, or against a powerful foreign war, involving a universal suspension of specie payments as in 1861, and the necessity of mortgaging the whole property and credits of the country to fight it through. And if *then*, under the recent extraordinary decision of Chief-Justice CHASE, (ignoring the creation in 1862 of his own administration of the Treasury,) Congress could not give validity to Greenbacks as a legal tender for all debts, past as well as present, the Government would be financially powerless. This momentous contingency, we maintain, should not be lost sight of nor fail to be provided against.

The British Chancellor of the Exchequer, in presenting his annual budget to the House of Commons, last night, reported, for the fiscal year ending 31st March, ult.:

Revenues, all kinds	£75,324,000	or	$364,568,160
Expenditures, all kinds	67,564,000	or	327,109,760
Surplus of year	£7,760,000	or	$38,458,400

The sources of Revenue were as follows:

Income Tax	£10,044,000	or	$48,614,960
Customs	21,529,000	or	103,220,360
Excise	21,763,000	or	105,339,920
Stamps	9,248,000	or	44,760,320
Other sources	12,740,000	or	62,032,600
Total	£75,324,000	or	$364,568,160

The results were £1,819,000 in revenues and £844,000 in expenditures better than the Chancellor's estimates at the beginning of the year. It will be noticed that the Income tax yields nearly fifty millions of our money per annum. This tax is to be continued, but to have the benefit of a partial abatement of rate, in common with some other objects of taxation, in consideration of the general surplus of last year. About two-fifths the annual expenditures are for the support of the Public Debt—about the same proportion as the Interest on our own Funded Debt to the present expenditures of the United States.

The Quicksilver Mining Company have issued the following circular to the shareholders:

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Quicksilver Mining Company, the following amendments to the by-laws and resolutions were adopted, by a unanimous vote of 75,658 shares:

Certificates of stock amounting to $10,000,000 shall represent the value of the property of the corporation, and the capital stock shall be divided into 100,000 shares of $100 each. Certificates of stock upon which $5 per share shall be paid, shall be distinguished as preferred stock.

The preferred stock shall be entitled to interest at the rate of seven ₩ cent. ₩ annum, from the 1st of May, 1870, to be paid annually out of the net earnings of the Company for each year. Should there remain a surplus of earnings after the payment of the said interest upon the preferred stock, then this surplus shall be divided pro rata among the holders of preferred and common stock, in proportion to their several interests.

Resolved, That a preferred stock of the Company be issued in shares of $100 each, and that the Treasurer be directed to open books at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York, and to receive subscriptions to said preferred stock. Such subscriptions shall be received only from the holders of the common stock of the Company, on their surrendering to the Company common stock and paying to the Treasurer $5 per share on each share of stock surrendered.

The common stock, so surrendered, shall be canceled before the issue of the preferred stock, share for share.

Resolved, That the books for subscription to the preferred stock shall be closed by the Board of Directors whenever the interests of the Company, in their opinion, will be promoted by so doing.

The Board of Directors have ordered that the books for subscription to the preferred stock shall be closed on Monday, April 18, at 3 o'clock P. M.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD
FIRST MORTGAGE SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS AT 90 AND INTEREST.
We have only a limited amount to offer at this price.
DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
No. 18 Wall-st.
JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
No. 59 Wall-st.
J. B. ALEXANDER & CO.,
No. 19 Nassau-st.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, April 12, 1870.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pks	2	Leather, sides	9,898
Cotton, bales	1,033	Petroleum, Ref., bbls.	2,941
Copper, bbls	14	Pork, bbls	553
Copper, cakes	126	Cut-meats, pks	64
Dried Fruit, pks		Grease, pks	92
Eggs, bbls	2,445	Lard, tcs	119
Flour, bbls	9,494	Stearine, pks	662
Corn-meal, bbls	160	Butter, pks	1,530
Corn-meal, bags	600	Cheese, boxes	30
B. W. Flour, pks	200	Tallow, pks	125
Wheat, bushels	20,000	Oil, Lard, bbls	341
Corn, bushels	2,080	Oil Cake, pks	100
Malt, bushels	800	Sumac, bags	427
Oats, bushels	2,820	Tobacco, hhds	9
Grass-seed, bushels	229	Tobacco, bxs. and cs.	757
Beans, bushels	201	Whisky, bbls	42
Hemp, bales	24	Wool, bales	
Hops, bales	75		

The export clearances since our last, reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, have been as follows:

By the ship *Janet Ferguson*, for Glasgow—14,938 bushels Wheat, 3,582 bbls. Flour, 44 cs. Wine.

By the bark *Marco Polo*, for Bremen—3,862 bbls. Refined Petroleum.

ASHES—Have been selling slowly within a range of from $6 50@$7 25 for Pots, and (nominally) $9 25@$9 75 for Pearls, ₩ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—The demand for Yellow has been limited on the basis of 36c.@37c. ₩ lb.

BOOTS AND SHOES—The movements have been on a restricted scale within our former nominal range of prices, the tendency being in favor of buyers. Men's Thick Kip Boots at $3 [illegible]@$3 75; Boys', $1 75@$2 [illegible]; Youths', $1 37½@$1 55; Men's Calf Pegged, $2 50@$3 [illegible]; Men's Calf Sewed, $4@$6 50; Boys' Calf Pegged, $1 [illegible]@$1 75; Youths', $[illegible]@$2 75; Men's Kip Brogans, $1 [illegible]@$1 75; Men's Split Brogans, 85c.@$1 25; Boys' Split and Kip Brogans, 85c.@$1 20; Youths', 65c.@$1 10; Men's Split and Buff Balmorals, $1 50@$2 25; Men's Calf and Buff Balmorals, $1 [illegible]@$2 [illegible]; Men's Buff and Calf Congress, $1 75@$2 50; Boys' Congress, $[illegible]@$2; Youths', 90c.@$1 50; Women's Split and Kip Boots, 95c.@$1 40; Women's Split and Kip Balmorals, $1 05@$1 50; Ladies' Sewed Goat Balmorals, $2@$3; Misses' Pegged Buff and Calf Balmorals, $1 25@$1 75; Misses' Pegged Buff and Calf Kid, $1 25@$1 75; Misses' Sewed, $1 50@$2 20; Children's Sewed, 75c.@$1 25; Children's Pegged, 65c.@$1 05; Ladies' Eastern-made, 90c.@$1 75; Ladies' City-made Gaiters, $1 75@$2; Misses' Eastern-made, 90c.@$1 75; Children's Eastern-made, 70c.@$1,10; Children's S. H. and Heel Shoes, 40c.@$1 ⅌ pair.

BRICKS—Have been in some request, including Common Hard at $8@$9 50; Croton, $18@$20, and Philadelphia Front at $40@$42 50 ⅌ thousand.

CANDLES—Have been quoted nominally steady, but have been very quiet. Adamantine, light weight, 19c.@23c.; Plain Sperm, 37½c.@40c.; Patent Sperm, 50c. ⅌ ℔.

CEMENT—Has been quiet, since our last, at $2 for Rosendale ⅌ bbl.

COAL—There has been less call for the various kinds at our quotations: Liverpool Gas Cannel at $11; Newcastle Gas at $9 50, and Liverpool House Cannel at $14; American Gas at $7 75@$8 ⅌ ton of 2,240 ℔s.; Anthracite at $5 50@$7 ⅌ ton of 2,000 ℔s., from yard.

COCOA—Maracaibo has been in fair request for export, but other kinds have been inactive. We quote: Guayaquil, in bond, at 13c., gold, and Maracaibo, in bond, at 30c.@30½c., gold, ⅌ ℔.; Caracas, 30c. currency ⅌ ℔.

COFFEE—Has been firm but quiet; 1,662 bags Rio, by the *P.C. Warwick*, were taken on private terms. The week's receipts of Rio here have been 4,265 bags; sales, 4,160 bags; stock in first hands this morning, as made up by Messrs. WM. SCOTT & SONS, 9,868 bags, and at all the distributing ports, 22,930 bags. Cargo prices of Rio are now quoted thus: Ordinary cargoes, 9¾c.@10¼c.; Fair do., at 10¾c.@11¼c.; Good do., 11¾c.@12c.; Prime do., 12½c.@13c., gold, in bond, ⅌ ℔., 45 and 60 days' credit. We quote: Java at 20c.@22c.; Maracaibo, 16½c.@19c.; Laguayra, 16¾c.@18½c.; Rio, 9¾c.@13¼c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 17½c.@19c.; Jamaica, 15c.@16¼c.; Singapore, 18c.@19c.; Costa Rica, 14½c.@18½c.; Manila, 16c.@17c.; Mexican, 15c.@18c.; Savanilla, 16c.@17½c.; San Domingo, in bond, 9½c.@10½c., gold, ⅌ ℔.

Stock of Rio in first hands.	Bags.
At New-Orleans	none
At Mobile	3,000
At Baltimore	10,062
At New-York	9,868
Grand total	22,930

COTTON—The market has been quite dull today, and prices have yielded a fraction, closing in favor of buyers. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,114 bales, including 480 bales to shippers, 563 bales to spinners, and 71 bales to speculators. Also, 1,000 bales for forward delivery, including 100 bales, basis Low Middling, for May, at 21¾c.; 900 bales, do., for June, at 21¾c.@22⅛c., ⅌ ℔.

Closing Prices of Cotton.

	Uplands.	Mobile.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary	19	19⅛	19½	19¾
Good Ordinary	20¾	21	21¼	21½
Low Middling	22⅜	22⅝	22⅞	23⅛
Middling	23⅜	23⅝	23⅞	24⅛
Good Middling	24⅜	25	25¼	25½

Movements of Cotton at this Port.	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	5,347
Receipts last week	13,155
Receipts the preceding week	9,612
Receipts since Sept. 1	552,205
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1870	682,100
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1869	638,720
Export clearances since our last	....
Exports since Sept. 1	283,174
Exports for the year ending Jan. 1, 1870	336,067
Exports for the year ending Sept. 1, 1869	328,479
Estimated stock here	43,500

DRUGS, DYES AND DYEWOODS—The inquiry has been on a limited scale; prices have been irregular.

FEATHERS—Have been in very slack request at from 80c.@85c. for Live Geese, ⅌ 100 ℔s.

FISH—The demand has been rather more satisfactory for the leading kinds, including Dry Cod at $5 75@$7 50 ⅌ cwt.; No. 1 Mackerel, $26 50@$28 50; No. 2 do., $15@$16; No. 3do., $8 50@$10 50 ⅌ bbl.; Pickled Herring, $5@$7 50 ⅌ bbl.; Smoked Herring, 34c.@35c. for Scale, and 27c.@28c. for No. 1 Box.

FLOUR AND MEAL—The market for State and Western Flour has been quite dull today. The fall in gold and exchange has operated against free export purchases. The home trade inquiry has been confined to job lots. Prices have been depressed and tending downward. Sales have been reported since our last of 8,500 bbls., including poor to choice Superfine State and Western here, at $4 30@$4 50; very inferior to good Extra State at $4 60@$4 85; good to choice Spring Extra, at $4 85@$5 45; and poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop Ohio at $4 75@$5 25 ⅌ bbl. We quote:

Superfine State and Western	$4 30@$4 50
Extra State	4 60@ 5 45
Extra Indiana, Illinois, &c	4 85@ 7 00
Extra Ohio, round-hoop shipping brands	4 75@ 5 25
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	5 25@ 7 15
Extra City, shipping	4 70@ 5 90
Extra Genesee	5 75@ 7 25
Poor to Fancy Extra Missouri	5 50@ 9 25

Southern Flour has been in moderate demand at drooping prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,300 bbls., in lots, at $5 25@$6 10 for Poor to Good Ordinary, and rules $6 10@$9 75 for Good Ordinary to Choice Extra, ⅌ bbl. Rye Flour is inactive at $3 90@$5 for inferior to choice, ⅌ bbl.; sales, 200 bbls. Corn-meal has been in less demand at $4 30@$4 65 for Western; $4 35@$4 50 for Jersey; $5 20@$5 25 for Brandywine, ⅌ bbl.; sales 120 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been offered and purchased more freely at rather lower prices. The demand has been mainly from export buyers. The milling inquiry has been very moderate. Sales have been reported since our last of 131,500 bushels, including White Western at $1 30@$1 40; Red and Amber Western at $1 18½@$1 25, in store and delivered, chiefly Amber, at $1 21 in store; No. 1 Spring mainly at $1 15@$1 15½, delivered; No. 2 Milwaukee Spring at $1 08@$1 12, in store and delivered, the latter rate for part of a load of choice; No. 2 Chicago Spring at $1 07@$1 10, in store and delivered; No. 3 Spring at $1; White Genesee at $1 40@$1 50; Amber State at $1 23@$1 25, delivered; and White California at $1 45@$1 50 ⅌ bushel. Corn has been depressed and lower, on freer offerings of New and a less confident demand. Sales have been reported since our last of 36,500 bushels at $1 07@$1 09 for Old Mixed Western; $1 06@$1 08½ for New Mixed Western; 90c.@98c. for Unsound do.; $1 09@$1 12 for Yellow Jersey, Pennsylvania, Western and Southern; $1@$1 10 for Unsound to Prime White do., ⅌ bushel. Rye has been very quiet at 90c.@$1 for Jersey and Western; $1 05@$1 10 for State, ⅌ bushel. Barley has been in moderate demand since our last at about previous figures; sales have been reported since our last of 13,500 bushels at $1@$1 08 for sound Canada West; 73c.@75c. for two-rowed State, ⅌ bushel. Barley Malt has been lightly dealt in since our last, ranging from 80c.@$1 10, as extremes. Sales 1,750 bushels within our range. Oats have been very slow of sale at declining prices. Sales have been reported of 21,000 bushels, in lots, at 57c.@60c. for Mixed Western, in store and delivered; 65c.@68c. for White Western, from track and delivered; 64c.@68c. for State, in store and delivered; 59c.@62c. for Jersey and Southern, ⅌ bushel. The export clearances have been 3,582 bbls. Flour, and 14,938 bushels Wheat for Glasgow.

HAY—Bale Hay has been in better supply and less request at 85c.@90c. for shipping, and 95c.@$1 15 for local use, ⅌ 100 ℔s. Straw is in less demand at 65c.@$1 for Short and Long ⅌ 100 ℔s.

HEMP—Has been quoted steady, but has been inactive. We quote: American (nominally) at $195@$210 for Undressed, and $265@$315 for Dressed, ⅌ ton; Russian, $250, gold, ⅌ ton; Jute at 5¼c.@6½c., gold; Manila, 14c.@14¼c., gold; Sisal, 12c.@12¼c. gold; Jute Butts, 3¾c.@4c., currency, ⅌ ℔.

HIDES—Have been held with confidence, but have been lightly dealt in. We quote: *Dry Hides*—Buenos Ayres, 21@23 ℔s., 23½c.; Buenos Ayres, 25@27 ℔s., 24c.@24½c., gold, selected; Buenos Ayres, seconds, 20@22 ℔s., 20c.@20½c., gold, as they run; Montevideo, 20@23 ℔s., 22½c.@23c.; Corrientes, 21@23 ℔s., 22c.@22½c.; Rio Grande, 20@21 ℔s., 22c.@22½c.; Orinoco, 20@23 ℔s., 21½c.@22c.; California, 21@25 ℔s., 21¾c.@22c., gold, selected; Central America, 18@22 ℔s., 19c.@19½c.; San Juan, 21@23 ℔s., 18c.@19c., gold, as they run. Matamoras, 23@25 ℔s., 18c.@19c.; Vera Cruz, 18@19 ℔s., 19c.@20c.; Tampico, 20@22 ℔s., 19c.@19½c.; Porto Cabello, 20@23 ℔s., 18c.@19c.; Maracaibo, 20@23 ℔s., 16c.@17c.; Bogota, 18@21 ℔s., 19c.@20c.; Truxillo, 17@19 ℔s., 19c.@19½c.; Rio Hache, 17@20 ℔s., 17c.@18c.; Curacoa, 18@22 ℔s., 14c.@15c.; Port au Platt, 16@18 ℔s., 17c.@18c.; Bahia, 17@21 ℔s., 16c.@17c., gold, as they run. Texas, 21@26 ℔s., 18c.@20c.; Western, 18@24 ℔s., 19c.@20c.; Southern, 13@16 ℔s., 16c.@18c., currency; as they run. *Dry-Salted Hides*—Maracaibo, 30@32 ℔s., 13c.@14c.; Maranham, 28@30 ℔s., 13½c.@14c.@15c.; Pernambuco, 28@29 ℔s., 15½c.@16c.; Savanilla, 25@28 ℔s., 13c.@14c.; Matamoras, 28@32 ℔s., 13c.@14c.; Bahia, 25@28 ℔s., 13c.@13½c.; Chili, 28@30 ℔s., 15¾c.@16½c.; Sandwich Islands, 28@32 ℔s., 13c.@14c., gold, as they run; Southern and Western, 20@28 ℔s., 14c.@14½c., currency, as they run. *Wet-Salted Hides*—Buenos Ayres, 45@50 ℔s., 12c.@12¾c.; Rio Grande, 40@50 ℔s., 12¼c.@12¾c.; California, 45@50 ℔s., 11c.@11¼c.; Para, 35@40 ℔s., 10c.@11c., gold, selected; New-Orleans, 70@80 ℔s., 9c.@9½c.; Texas, 50@70 ℔s., 10c.@11c.; City Slaughter, Ox, 60@80 ℔s., 9¾c.@10¼c.; City Slaughter, Cow, 45@60 ℔s., 9¾c.@10c., currency, selected. *Upper Leather Hides*—Buenos Ayres and Rio Grande Kips, 10@13 ℔s., 25½c.@26c., gold, selected; Minas, 15@16 ℔s., 19c.@20c., gold, as they run; Sierra Leone, 9@10 ℔s., 37c.@38c., currency, selected; Gambia and Bissau, 8@9 ℔s., 28c.@30c.; Zanzibar, 10@12 ℔s., 20c.@22c., currency, as they run. *East India Hides*—Calcutta Slaughter, Cow, 9½@12½ ℔s., 16¼c.@16½c.; Calcutta Dead Green, 8@9 ℔s., 13½c.@14c.; Calcutta Buffalo, 19@22 ℔s., 12½c.@13c.; Manila and Batavia Buffalo, 20@25 ℔s., 12c.@13c.; Singapore Buffalo, 25@27 ℔s., 12½c.; Penang Cow, 10@12 ℔s., 14c.@15c., gold.

HOPS—Have been less sought after, including New-York at 18c.@25c.; Eastern at 14c.@21c.; Ohio at 13c.@20c.; Michigan at 13c.@20c.; Wisconsin at 16c.@23c.; Yearlings at 4c.@8c.; Old Olds at 2c.@3c. ⅌ ℔. Receipts today, 75 bales; exports — bales.

LATHS—Eastern have been inactive at $2 15@$2 25 ⅌ thousand.

LEATHER—There has not been much call for Sole, which has been quoted rather weak in price within our range: Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, Heavy, 28½c.@29½c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, Middle, 29c.@30c.; Hemlock, Buenos Ayres, Light, 28½c.@29c.; Hemlock, California, Heavy, 28c.@28½c.; Hemlock, California, Middle, 28½c.@29c.; Hemlock, California, Light, 27½c.@28c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Heavy, 27c.@28c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Middle, 27½c.@28½c.; Hemlock, Orinoco, &c., Light, 27c.@28c.; Hemlock, Good Damaged, all kinds and weights, 24½c.@25½c.; Hemlock, Poor Damaged, all kinds and weights, 20c.@22c.; Hemlock, in the Rough, 31c.@35c.; Oak Slaughter, Heavy, 38c.@44c.; Oak Slaughter, Light, 38c.@40c.; Oak Slaughter, Middle, 37c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter, Cropped, Heavy, 34c.@39c.; Oak Slaughter, Cropped, Middle, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter, Cropped, Light, 38c.@42c.; Oak Slaughter, in the Rough, Heavy, 34c.@38c.; Oak Slaughter, in the Rough, Middle, 34c.@38c.; Oak Slaughter, Bellies, 20c.; Rough, Light, [illegible]; all weights, 25c.@29c., ⅌ ℔. [illegible] Southern, Rough, [illegible]. The day's receipts have been 2,[illegible] sides.

LIME—Rockland continues inactive at $1 25 for Common, and $1 75 for Lump, ⅌ bbl.

LUMBER—Has been in quite moderate request within our previous range.

METALS—Copper has been lightly dealt in at drooping prices. Iron has been held with firmness, but buyers have not been disposed to purchase freely at the ruling figures; 50 tons Glengarnock Scotch Pig and 100 tons No. 1 American Pig, changed hands on private terms; also some job lots of Wrought Scrap from yard at $40 ⅌ ton. A very limited inquiry has been noted for Lead, Spelter and Zinc at the going rates. Tin Plates have been in some request, and sales have been made of 350 boxes I. C. Coke, 14x20, at $7 12½, gold; and 1,000 boxes Terne on private terms. We quote: Ingot Copper at 19c.@19½c. ⅌ ℔.; No. 1 American Pig Iron, $33@$34; No. 2 American Pig Iron, $31@$32; American Forge, $30@$31; Scotch Pig, $32 50@$35 50; English and American Bar Iron, refined, $72 50@$77 50 ⅌ ton; Pig Lead, $6 [illegible]@$6 12½, in gold, ⅌ 100 ℔s.; Foreign Spelter, $[illegible]@$11 50 ⅌ 100 ℔s., gold; Domestic Spelter, [illegible], in gold, ⅌ 100 ℔s., in currency; Straits Tin, 32½c.@33c., in gold, ⅌ ℔.; English, [illegible]; Banca Tin, 35¼c.@36c., in gold, ⅌ ℔.; I. C. Coke Plates, $[illegible]; 31½c.@32c., in gold, ⅌ ℔.; I. C. Charcoal Plates, $8 25@$8 50; Terne Plates, $7 25; [illegible] Plates, $5 75@$8, in gold, ⅌ box; Zinc, 9½c.@10c. ⅌ ℔.

MOLASSES—Has been in moderate request at about previous prices. Sales 100 hhds. and 35 tcs. Porto Rico, at auction, at [illegible] ⅌ gallon. We quote: Old 48 tcs. Clayed Cuba at [illegible]; Old and New and New Crop Porto Rico at 30c.@50c.; Cuba, [illegible]; New Crop English Islands, 30c.@50c.; New-Orleans, 60c.@80c. ⅌ gallon.

	Old Crop.	New Crop.
Cuba, Centrifugal and Mixed	25c.@30c.	30c.@35c.
Cuba, Clayed	[illegible]	36c.@40c.
Cuba, Muscovado, refining grades	—@—	37c.@40c.
Cuba, Muscovado, grocery grades	—@—	40c.@45c.
Porto Rico	30c.@50c.	40c.@60c.
English Islands	—@—	30c.@50c.
New-Orleans	—@—	60c.@80c.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been in quite moderate supply and demand, since our last, at about previous prices; sales 1,650 bbls. Strained, chiefly at $2 10; 245 bbls. No. 2 at $2 20@$2 30; and 150 bbls. No. 1 at $2 50@$3 ⅌ 280 ℔s. Tar has been quiet and depressed. Nothing new in Crude Turpentine. Spirits Turpentine has been in less request, on the basis of 47c.@47½c. for merchantable, ⅌ gallon. We quote: Spirits Turpentine at 47c.@48½c. ⅌ gallon; Crude nominally at $3 62@$3 75 ⅌ 280 ℔s.; Resin, $2 10@$8 ⅌ 280 ℔s., the latter for choice White; Tar, $2 25@$2 40; Pitch, $2 50 ⅌ bbl.

OILS—Whale and Sperm have been quite dull at about former rates; 100 bbls. inferior coast Crude Whale were taken by a home buyer at 65c. ⅌ gallon. Linseed-oil has been quiet yet steady. Lard and Cotton-seed Oils have been sparingly dealt in. We quote: Crude Whale at 65c.@75c. for Southern and Northern; Bleached Whale at 85c.; Crude Sperm at $1 55@$1 60; Unbleached Sperm at $1 70; Bleached Sperm at $1 75@$1 76; Lard-oil at $1 20@$1 30; Red Oil at 72c.@75c.; Olive-oil at $1 40@$1 50; Linseed-oil at 86c.@90c., in casks and bbls.; Menhaden at 64c.@65c.; Spermaceti at 32½c.@33c.; Extra Refined Seal at 95c. ⅌ gallon; Cotton-seed Oil, Crude, 60c.@62½c.; Southern Yellow, 60c.@62½c.; Refined Yellow, 72½c.@75c.; White, 82½c.@87½c. ⅌ gallon.

NEW-BEDFORD MARKET, WEEK ENDING APRIL 11.—The market for both Sperm and Whale has been exceedingly quiet the past week, and we have no transactions to report.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States for the Week ending April 11, 1870.

	Bbls. Sperm.	Bbls. Whale.	Lbs. Bone.
New-Bedford—bark *Dawson*	950	....	....
Edgartown—bark *Linda Stewart*	600	....	....
New-York—bark *Sacramento*	274	140	....
Total	1,824	140	....
Previously	2,168	9,742	146,996
From Jan. 1 to date	3,992	9,882	146,996
Same time last year	4,219	3,336	74,670
Exports.			
For the week ending April 11, 1870	20	....	2,434
Previously	4,482	206	101,843
From Jan. 1 to date	4,502	206	104,277
Same time last year	5,861	....	146,291

—*Whalemen's Shipping List.*

PETROLEUM—Crude has been quoted pretty firm in price, but with little movement reported, on the basis of 14¾c. in bulk and 19c.@19¼c. in shipping, here, ⅌ gallon. No Philadelphia dealings in Crude of importance transpired today. The receipts of Crude here were — bbls.; in Philadelphia 620 bbls. arrived. Refined Oil has been offered rather more freely and has been in less confident demand at drooping prices, the fall in gold and exchange operating against export purchases. Sales have been reported here of 5,500 bbls. Standard White, for early delivery, at 26¾c.; and 1,500 bbls do., April to June, on private terms. At Philadelphia sales were reported of 1,500 bbls. Standard White, for early delivery, chiefly at 25¾c., 2,000 bbls do., May at about 26c.; and 7,000 bbls. do., May and June, at 26¼c. ⅌ gallon. The receipts of Refined Oil here have been 2,941 bbls.; at Philadelphia, 1,930 bbls. The export clearances hence have been 3,862 bbls. for Bremen. Refined Oil in cases has been in active request for export, but at reduced figures; the range having been from 31c.@32c., ⅌ gallon. Sales have been reported, since our last, of some 17,500 cases for early delivery. Naphtha has been in moderate demand at 9¾c.@10c., in shipping order, ⅌ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in moderate demand at rather firmer prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 650 bbls., in lots, at $27 75@$28, chiefly at $27 75, for New Mess; $27@$27 12½ for Thin Mess; $20 50@$21 50 for Prime, $22 50@$23 for Prime Mess; and $30 50 for Clear ⅌ bbl. Also, 1,250 bbls. New Mess, seller April, May and June, at $27 75 ⅌ bbl. Cut-meats have been actively sought after at buoyant prices; sales have been reported of 550 pks. at 10½c.@12c., chiefly at 11½c.@12c. for Shoulders, and 14½c.@16c. for Hams, ⅌ ℔. Bacon has been salable and firm; offerings light; sales equal to 170 boxes, including Cumberland at 13¼c.; Short Rib at 14¼c., ⅌ ℔. Lard has been in less request at about previous figures. Sales have been reported since our last of 425 tierces and bbls., in lots, at from 14½c.@16¼c. for poor No. 1 to choice Kettle-rendered, chiefly at 15¼c.@15¾c. for City, and 15¾c.@16c. for fair to very choice Steam, ⅌ ℔. Beef has been in less demand at former figures; sales have been reported of 130 bbls. at $8@$14 for Plain Mess, $13@$17 for Extra Mess, and $4@$8 for inferior grades, ⅌ bbl. Tierce Beef is dull, including New Prime Mess at from $24@$27, and India Mess at $27@$31, ⅌ tierce; sales 80 tcs. Beef Hams have been in fair request since our last at from $27@$33 ⅌ bbl.; sales 200 bbls. Butter has been in rather more request, including State, inferior to prime, at 18c.@38c., and Western, ordinary to prime, 15c.@28c. ⅌ ℔.; the day's receipts were 662 pks. Cheese has been in more demand at from 6c.@16½c. as the extreme for very common to fancy Factory; the day's receipts were 1,650 boxes.

RICE—Has been in fair demand at firmer and buoyant prices; sales, 250 tcs. Carolina at from $5 50@$6 75 ⅌ 100 ℔s. No important movements have been reported in Rangoon, which has been quoted as before.

SALT—Trade has been on a moderate scale, on the basis of our quotations. We quote: Turk's Island at 38c.@40c.; Cadiz, 32c.@33c.; Liverpool Ground at $1 25@$1 30; Liverpool Fine at $2@$2 40, by the invoice, ⅌ sack. Jobbers' store prices have been as follows: Turk's Island, 43c.@45c.; Cadiz, 40c. ⅌ bushel; Ashton's Liverpool Fine, $3 10@$3 20; Marshall's, Deakin's and Worthington's do., $2 10@$2 25; Higgins', Evans', Dean's, Faulk's, Cheshire, do., $2 45@$2 50; Liverpool Ground, $1 40@$1 50, ⅌ sack, &c., $2@$2 10; with the usual discount for cash.

SALTPETRE—Continues very quiet at 10¼c.@10¾c. for Crude, and 15¼c.@15½c. for Pure Refined, ⅌ ℔.

SEEDS—Calcutta Linseed has been purchased to the extent of 4,500 bags here, on private terms; and 1,000 bags at Boston at $2 17½, gold, ⅌ bushel; market steady. Other kinds have been in moderate request, including Clover at 14½c.@15c., ⅌ ℔.; Rough Flax, $2 10@$2 20; Timothy, $6 25@$6 75; Canary, $3 15@$4 25, currency; Calcutta Linseed, $2 15@$2 17½, gold, ⅌ bushel.

SKINS—Deer have been very quiet at about our quotations; Honduras, 40c.; San Juan, 36c.@38c.; Bolivar, 30c.@31c.; Sisal, 45c.; Vera Cruz, 40c.; Chagres, 46c.; Porto Cabello, 31c.@32c.; Para, 47c., gold, ⅌ ℔.; Southern and Texas, 27c.@30c., currency, ⅌ ℔. Goat have been in fair request, including Tampico, 53c.@56c.; Matamoras, 53c.@56c.; Vera Cruz, 52½c., gold, ⅌ ℔.; Buenos Ayres, 50c.@55c.; Payta, 52c.@55c.; Curacoa, 53c.@55c.; Cape, 38c.@41c.; Madras, each, 65c.@70c.; Patna, 45c.@50c., currency, ⅌ ℔.

SOAP—Has been in moderate demand at previous rates; Castile, 12¼c.@12½c.; Colgate's Pale, 8½c.; Family, 9c., and No. 1 at 6¼c. ⅌ ℔.

SPICES—Have attracted more attention at buoyant prices, including Mace at $1 20@$1 25; No. 1 Nutmegs at 95c.@$1 05; Cassia at 46c.; Cloves at 28c.; Pepper at 26½c.@27c.; Pimento, 19c.; Ginger, 11¾c.@11¼c., gold, ⅌ ℔.

SUGARS—A somewhat firmer market has been reported for Raw Sugars, in which a livelier business has been noted, chiefly in refining grades. Sales 1,465 hhds. Cuba and Porto Rico at from 8¾c.@10¼c., chiefly at 9¼c.@9¾c.; also, 610 boxes Havana at from 9¼c.@9¾c. ⅌ ℔. We quote fair to good refining grades Cuba at 9c.@9¼c.; fair to good grocery grades at 9¾c.@9¾c.; good to choice grocery grades at 9¾c.@10¼c., ⅌ ℔.; Porto Rico grocery grades ranged from 9¾c.@10¼c.; No. 12 Box Sugar, 9¾c.@9¾c., ⅌ ℔. Refined Sugars have been in fair demand, but at easier prices, ranging from 11¼c.@12¾c., as the extremes, ⅌ ℔. Messrs. R. L. & A. STUART have reduced their figures, and now quote their Refined Sugars thus: Best Crushed, 12¾c.; Granulated, 12½c.; Ground, 12¾c.; White A, 12c.; Yellow C, 11¾c. ⅌ ℔.

TALLOW—Sales have been reported since our last of 90,000 ℔s. Tallow at 9¼c.@9¾c.; 38,000 ℔s. Stearine at 15c.@16¼c., and 27,000 ℔s. Grease at 8¾c.@12c. ⅌ ℔.

TEAS—Have been in quite moderate request, as a rule, including Green, common to fair Hyson, in job lots, 75c.@90c.; good to fair do., 95c.@$1 10; extra fine to finest do., $1 15@$1 45; common to fair Young Hyson, 65c.@80c.; good to fine do., 90c.@$1 10; extra fine to finest, $1 20@$1 55; common to fair Gunpowder, 90c.@$1 10; good to fine do., $1 12½@$1 30; extra fine to finest do., $1 40@$1 75; common to fair Imperial, 90c.@$1 10; good to fine do., $1 12½@$1 30; extra fine to finest do., $1 40@$1 75; common to fair Twankay, 58c.@63c.; good to fine, 65c.@68c.; extra fine to finest, 70c.@75c.; common to fair uncolored Japan, 75c.@85c.; good to fine do., 90c.@$1 05; extra fine to finest do., $1 10@$1 25; common to fair Oolong, 70c.@75c.; good to fine do., 80c.@90c.; extra fine to finest do., $1 05@$1 55; common to fair Souchong, 65c.@75c.; good to fine do., 80c.@90c.; extra finest do., $1@$1 30 ⅌ ℔.

TOBACCO—The demand for Kentucky has been fair; for other kinds limited; prices have not varied remarkably; sales 450 hhds. Kentucky at 7¾c.@13c.; 130 cases Connecticut Seed-leaf at 33c.@60c.; 100 cases, 1868, Pennsylvania, at 28c.@60c.; and 67 cases Ohio Fillers on private terms. We quote: Kentucky, Black frosted, 5c.@6¼c.; partly frosted Lugs, 6¾c.@7¼c.; Sound frosted Lugs, 7¾c.@8¼c.; Common Leaf, 8¾c.@9¾c.; Medium do., 9¾c.@11c.; Good do., 10¾c.@12c.; Fine do., 11¾c@13c.; Selections, 12¼c.@14c. *Seed-leaf Tobacco* — Connecticut and Massachusetts Fillers, 13c.@15c., nominal; do. Binders and Seconds, 18c.@28c., nominal; do. Wrappery lots, 35c.@40c.; do. fine Wrappers, 50c.@60c.; New-York State Fillers, 10c.@12c.; do. average lots, 16c.@25c.; do. Wrappers, 20c.@35c.; Pennsylvania and Ohio Fillers, 10c.@12c.; do. average lots, 15c.@25c.; do. Wrappers, 25c.@45c. *Havana Tobacco*—Common, 72½c.@75c.; Good, 80c.@87½c.; Fine, 90c.@$1 02½, currency. *Yara*—I cut, 85c.@87½c.; II cut, $1@$1 02½; average lot, 90c.@92½c., currency. *Manufactured Tobacco*—Black Work, Common and Medium, at 18c.@21c., in bond; do. Good and Fine at 22c.@26c., in bond. Bright Work, Common and Medium, at 27c.@32c., in bond; do. Good and Fine at 35c.@55c., in bond.

WHALEBONE—Messrs. TAFT, LEE & CO. sum up the week's business thus: "There have been sold from the new arrivals 7,200 ℔s. Arctic for export, and 1,300 ℔s. Arctic for home use at 85c., gold. At this price more could probably be bought. Stock, April 4, 293,000 ℔s.; sales, export, 7,200 ℔s.; sales, home use, 1,300 ℔s.; total, 8,500 ℔s.; stock at date, 284,500 ℔s."

WOOL—There has been a somewhat livelier inquiry noted for desirable lots, at rather steadier prices, chiefly for manufacturing purposes. The offerings have not been unusually liberal, and the principal holders have been more confident in their views.

WHISKY—Has been very quiet at drooping prices. Sales, 250 bbls., in lots, at $1 01@$1 02¼ for wood and iron-bound Western and State pks., ⅌ gallon; receipts, 757 bbls.

FREIGHTS—There has been a pretty fair business reported, without any remarkable change in rates. The inquiry for Petroleum and Grain vessels has been more encouraging to ship-owners. The main call for Grain vessels thus far has been for the British Channel. For Liverpool, there were taken 630 bales Cotton at ½d. by sail, and ½d.@⅝d. by steam, the latter rate for Sea Island, ⅌ ℔.; 7,800 bushels Wheat, by steam, at 3½d. ⅌ bushel; 75 tcs. Beef, by steam, at 2s. ⅌ tierce; 160 hhds. Tallow at 12s. 6d. by sail, and 15s.@17s. 6d. by steam; 150 boxes Bacon at 22s. 6d.; 500 boxes Cheese at 27s. 6d. ⅌ ton. For London, 1,000 bbls. Flour at about steady rates; 31,000 bushels Wheat at 6d., in bags, ⅌ bushel; 1,000 bbls. Resin at 1s. 6d. ⅌ 280 ℔s.; 222 bbls. Cotton-seed on private terms; 80 tons Measurement Goods at 15s. ⅌ ton; and a British ship, 660 tons capacity, on private terms. For Glasgow, 300 bbls. Flour, by steam, at 1s. 9d. ⅌ bbl.; and (reported) 15,000 bushels Wheat on private terms. For Bristol, 7,300 bushels Wheat at 6d. ⅌ bushel; 300 bbls. Oil-cake at 1s. 9d. ⅌ bbl.; 50 tons Fustic at 15s. ⅌ ton. For the United Kingdom, a British brig, with 1,500 bbls. Petroleum at 5s. 9d. ⅌ bbl. For Havre, a British bark, with 5,000 bbls. Petroleum at 4s. ⅌ bbl. For Stettin, a North German bark, with 3,030 bbls. Petroleum, on private terms. For a Baltic port, a Russian brig, with 300 bbls. Petroleum at 6s. ⅌ bbl. For Venice, an American brig, with 10,000 cases Petroleum at 30c., gold, each. For Gibraltar and orders, an Italian bark, with 1,100 bbls. Petroleum, at 5s. 6d. to the Mediterranean, or 6s. 6d. to the Adriatic, ⅌ bbl.

NEW-YORK CATTLE MARKET.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, April 12, 1870.

At One Hundredth-street Market, this forenoon, trade was excellent for sellers, as prices were unusually high and grades unusually good. Since last Christmas-tide it has not been our good fortune to report such prime Beef Cattle as those on sale this morning, especially a lot of Steers and Heifers, the property of T. C. EASTMAN; they were almost full-blooded Durhams, imported from Canada. P. MCCARTHY had also a choice lot of prime Canada Cattle. Milch Cows were dull and sold from $60@$110 ⅌ head; average of all those sold during past week, $80 ⅌ head. Veals according to quality ranged from 7c.@11c. ⅌ ℔.; trade somewhat better to-day. Sheep were high, but the supply trifling. Beef Cattle sold as follows: Prime Bullocks, 17c.@18c.@19¼c. ⅌ ℔.; first quality, 16c.@16½c. ⅌ ℔.; second quality, 15c.@15½c. ⅌ ℔.; third quality, 13c.@14½c. ⅌ ℔.; highest price quoted, 19¼c. ⅌ ℔.; lowest price quoted, 13c. ⅌ ℔.; this day's average, 17c. ⅌ ℔.

SALES TODAY.

EASTMAN & BURCHARD sold for selves 78 Illinois Steers, fat old-fashioned Cattle, from 16c.@17¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7¾ cwt. T. C. EASTMAN sold for self 16 high-bred Durhams from Canada, prime lot, at 18½c.@18c.@19¼c. ⅌ ℔., weight 9¼ cwt. H. WESTHEIMER sold for J. & D. WALKALL 121 Illinois Steers, from common to prime, at 14½c.@17c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7 cwt. S. D. RICHARDSON sold for self 36 Canada Cattle, from fair to good, at 15½c.@16½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7½c.; some of these were handsome black males of the pure Galloway breed. P. MCCARTHY sold for self 18 Canadas, mixed lot Heifers and Steers, at $17 60 ⅌ cwt.; BRIGHT & FAGAN sold for CLARKE & CO. 40 Illinois Steers, tidy lot, at 15½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6 cwt.; also, 18 State Bulls, still-fed, from 13c.@14½c. ⅌ ℔., weight 7½ cwt.; and again, 17 Massachusetts Bulls, still-fed, at 13c. ⅌ ℔., weight 6½ cwt.; 20 scalawags from 13c.@14c. ⅌ ℔., weight 4½ cwt.; and yet again, 14 State Bulls, very fat, from 14c.@15c. ⅌ ℔., weight 9½ cwt.

FORTY-EIGHTH-STREET SHEEP MARKET.

REID & MCGRAW sold 160 sheep, weight 17,690 ℔s., at 9¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 149 sheep, weight 15,635 ℔s., at 9¼c. ⅌ ℔.; 66 sheep, weight 5,585 ℔s., at 9½c. ⅌ ℔.; 55 sheep, weight 5,770 ℔s., at 9¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 8 sheep, weight 745 ℔s., at 10c. ⅌ ℔.; 72 sheep, weight 7,680 ℔s., at 9½c. ⅌ ℔.; 71 sheep, weight 3,440 ℔s., at 9¾c. ⅌ ℔. HUME & ELLIOTT sold 122 sheep, weight 14,260 ℔s., at private sale; 166 sheep, weight 7,465 ℔s., at $7 31 ⅌ cwt.; 76 sheep, weight 8,000 ℔s., at 8¼c. ⅌ ℔. HUME & ELLIOTT'S weekly report of Sheep sold by them for week ending April 11, 1870: 1,870 Sheep; price received, $14,547 12; range of prices, 8c.@10¼c. ⅌ ℔.

WEEHAWKEN SHEEP MARKET.

ASBURY & LEACH sold 172 sheared Ohio Sheep, weight 13,950 ℔s., at 7¾c. ⅌ ℔.; 30 culls from same lot at $3 ⅌ head; 225 Ohio Sheep, weight 14,810 ℔s., at 6c. ⅌ ℔. JUDD & BUCKINGHAM'S weekly report of Sheep sold by them: 1,432 Sheep; range of prices, 6¼c.@8c. ⅌ ℔.; average weight, 74 ℔s. and 88¼ ℔s.

FORTIETH-STREET HOG MARKET.

Live Hogs sold slowly from 9¼c.@9¾c. ⅌ ℔.; trade, nevertheless, was rather better on the whole. Gross arrivals at One Hundredth-street Market for week ending April 11, 1870, 2,208 head of Horned Cattle, 33 Cows, 674 Calves, 254 Sheep. Fresh arrivals to-day, 128 head of Horned Cattle, 10 Cows, 195 Calves.

SAVINGS BANKS.

THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
CORNER 3D-AV. AND 26TH-ST.

SIX PER CENT. interest allowed on all sums from $1 to $5,000.

All money deposited on or before the 20th of April will draw interest from the 1st of April.

BANK OPEN daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS from 6 to 8.

SPENCER K. GREEN, President.
WM. B. BIBBINS, Secretary.

Irving Savings Institution.
NO. 96 WARREN-ST.
Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Money Deposited on or before April 20, Will draw interest from April 1, at 6 per cent. on all amounts.

W. W. CONCKLIN, PRESIDENT.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, SEC'Y.

MUTUAL BENEFIT SAVINGS BANK,
SUN BUILDING, NO. 166 NASSAU-ST.,
OPPOSITE CITY HALL, NEW-YORK.

INTEREST COMMENCES ON THE FIRST OF EVERY MONTH, at six per cent. per annum, with participation in the profits, on the MUTUAL plan.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK.
Nos. 1 and 3 3d-av., New-York,
(Opposite Cooper Institute.)

DEPOSITS made on or before APRIL 20 will DRAW INTEREST from APRIL 1, the interest PAYABLE in July.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED on all sums of $5 and upward. ONE DOLLAR received.

ISAAC T. SMITH, President.
T. W. LILLIE, Secretary.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.
Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner Laight-st.

SIX PER CENT. interest on $5 to $5,000. Money deposited on or before April 20 will bear interest from April 1. ASSETS, $7,166,454 14.

JOHN MCLEAN, President.
G. S. CHAPIN, Treasurer.
T. S. ARMOUR, Secretary.
N. J. HAINES,
W. S. WHITLOCK,
Vice-Presidents.

INTEREST FROM THE FIRST OF EACH MONTH.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK,

No. 58 Bowery, south-west corner of Canal-st. Present rate of interest six per cent. on all sums exceeding $5.

Interest paid or credited in July and January of each year. Bank open every day from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and on Mondays and Saturdays from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
Chatham-square and New Bowery, New-York.
$1 TO $5,000
may be deposited on or before April 20, and will receive interest from April 1 at
SIX PER CENT.

MONEY DEPOSITED ON OR BEFORE APRIL 15 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM APRIL 1.
EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK,
368 6th-av., (Booth's Theater.) WM. M. GILES, Prest.
H. K. THURBER, HUGH MURRAY, Vice-Presidents.
ISAAC S. BARRLETT, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK,
8th-av., corner of 14th-st.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before April 20 will draw interest from April 1.

Assets, $1,614,312 10; surplus, $139,034 77.

ALL DEPOSITS ON OR BEFORE April 20, draw interest from April 1. DIME SAVINGS BANK, Nos. 3 and 5 Broadway, Williamsburg.

DIVIDENDS.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURG RAILROAD CO.,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
CLEVELAND, April 9, 1870.

A DIVIDEND OF TWO AND ONE-half per cent., free of Government tax, on the capital stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company in New-York, on the 25th inst., and for thirty days thereafter. The transfer-books will close on the 15th inst., and reopen on the 26th inst.

GEORGE A. INGERSOLL, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE EAGLE FIRE COMPANY,
NO. 71 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 4, 1870.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND OF TEN per Cent., free of Government tax, has this day been declared, payable on demand.

A. J. CLINTON, Secretary.

FIFTH DIVIDEND.—BANKERS' AND BROKERS' ASSOCIATION.—The Board of Trustees have declared a Quarterly Dividend of Three per Cent. on the paid-up capital, free of Government tax, payable April 15. Transfer-books will close the 9th and re-open the 16th inst.

The transfer-books will be closed the 26th inst. for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year, and reopen May 4. Election May 3, 1870.

T. B. STOUT, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

QUARTERLY REPORT OF THE GERMANIA BANK, on Saturday, the 26th day of March, 1870:

RESOURCES		
Loans and Discounts		$795,039 20
Overdrafts		549 69
Due from banks		162,337 42
Real estate		14,849 11
Specie		4,437 93
Cash Items, viz.: Office notes	$13,739 69	13,839 69
Rev. stamps	100 00	
Bills of solvent banks		58,293 69
Loss and expense account		7,994 63
Total		$1,057,341 36
LIABILITIES.		
Capital		$200,000 00
Profits		29,297 35
Due depositors on demand		828,044 01
Total		$1,057,341 36

State of New-York, County of New-York, ss.: I, CHARLES SCHWARZWAELDER, President, and C. BRENNEMAN, Acting Cashier of the Germania Bank, a banking association located and doing business at No. 135 Bowery, in said county, being duly and severally sworn, each for himself saith, that the foregoing is in all respects a true statement of the condition of said bank, before the transaction of any business on the morning of Saturday, the 26th day of March, 1870, in respect to each and every of the items and particulars above specified, according to the best of his knowledge and belief, and that the business of the said bank has been and is transacted at the location aforesaid.

C. SCHWARZWAELDER, President.
C. BRENNEMAN, Acting Cashier.

Severally subscribed and sworn by both deponents, the 12th day of April, 1870.
EDWARD HILLER, Notary Public, New-York County.

SOUTH PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.—Sealed proposals addressed to WM. A. HAYES, Treasurer, Boston, Mass., will be received until WEDNESDAY, April 13, 1870, for the sale of $25,000 of the First Mortgage Bonds of said Company to the undersigned Trustees, in accordance with the provisions of the indenture dated July 1, 1868. The bids will be opened at the office of the Treasurer of the South Pacific Railroad Company, No. 14 Devonshire-st., Boston, on THURSDAY, April 14, 1870, and the accepted bids declared.

G. T. BIGELOW, }
J. J. DIXWELL, } Trustees.

BOSTON, Mass., March 28, 1870.

ASTOR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 16 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, March 30, 1870.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders for the election of thirty Directors and three Inspectors of the next succeeding election, will be held at this office on WEDNESDAY, 13th of April next. The poll will open at 12 o'clock M. and close at 1 o'clock P. M.

JAMES YERRANCE, Secretary.

THE QUICKSILVER MINING COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 7, 1870.

PREFERRED STOCK.—BOOKS FOR subscriptions to the preferred stock of the Quicksilver Mining Company will be closed at the Company's office, No. 19 Nassau-st., on MONDAY, April 18, at 3 o'clock P. M. By order.

J. B. RANDOL, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

GOLD LOAN
OF THE
ROCHESTER, N. Y.,
WATER WORKS COMPANY

FIRST MORTGAGE
SIX PER CENT. COUPON BONDS, $1,000 EACH.
PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD.
DUE IN 1889.
INTEREST PAYABLE MAY AND NOV. 1,
AT UNION TRUST COMPANY, NEW-YORK.
WE OFFER FOR SALE $300,000,
AT 80c. AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

CAPITAL STOCK	$800,000
AUTHORIZED ISSUE BONDS	800,000

We respectfully invite the attention of Capitalists and investors to these Bonds.

Estimated Rental from Thirty Miles Pipe	$190,000
Interest on $800,000 Bonds, say	55,000
Leaving for Current Expenses, Dividends, and to extend the Works, per annum	$135,000

The entire property is mortgaged to the Union Trust Company, New-York, as Trustees for the Bondholders.

Pamphlets containing copies of the Company's Charter, and of the Mortgage to Union Trust Company, &c., furnished upon application.

Government Securities and Bonds, having market value, taken in exchange on favorable terms.

Bonds sent by express, to any part of the country, free of charge.

UTLEY & DOUGHERTY,
NO. 11 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

SOUTHERN CENTRAL RAILROAD
OF NEW-YORK.
FIRST MORTGAGE
THIRTY-YEAR SEVEN PER CENT.
CONVERTIBLE SINKING FUND BONDS.
FOR SALE BY
VERMILYE & CO.,
BANKERS,
NOS. 16 AND 18 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

COLLECTIONS.

Howes & Macy, Bankers,
(*The same as an Incorporated Bank.*)
NO. 30 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

Have unusual facilities for making Collections on any part of the Union or Canada, with immediate Returns, at the very lowest Current Rates.

4 PER CENT. ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS

A NEW-YORK STATE SECURITY.

The undersigned offers for sale the entire issue,
FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS
FIRST MORTGAGE TWENTY-YEAR SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF THE MONTICELLO AND PORT JERVIS RAILWAY COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.
Dated April 1, 1870; due April 1, 1890.

Principal and interest payable at the counter of the Union Trust Company in the City of New-York.
COUPONS PAYABLE QUARTER-YEARLY,
Viz.: Jan. 1, April 1, July 1, Oct. 1.

The Monticello and Port Jervis Railway connects with the Erie Railway at Port Jervis, and will connect with the New-Jersey Western on its completion. It is but six miles from the Midland Road, with which it will connect hereafter, forming a GRAND TRUNK BETWEEN THE MIDLAND AND ERIE RAILWAYS.

It is twenty-five miles in length, BROAD GUAGE, built in the most substantial manner, by cash subscriptions of the citizens and towns of Sullivan and Orange Counties, and will command a passenger and freight traffic of much importance and value. Being but eighty-eight miles or three hours distant from this City, investors can make a personal examination, or ascertain by prompt correspondence the security offered by its Bonds.

QUARTER-YEARLY COUPONS ARE A NEW FEATURE, and will prove a convenient form of income to purchasers.

Present price of the Bonds, 95 per cent. and accrued interest, in currency, with the right to advance without notice.

JOHN B. MURRAY, 17 Nassau-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.
CHOICE
CITY AND COUNTY BONDS,
PAYING
10 PER CENT. AND OVER,
ALL OF A HIGH ORDER
AND FIRST-CLASS SECURITIES OF UNDOUBTED CHARACTER.

INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL PAYABLE IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, SUITABLE FOR PERMANENT, SAFE AND PROFITABLE INVESTMENTS. FOR SALE AT A LARGE REDUCTION BELOW PAR FOR THE PRESENT ONLY.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES RECEIVED IN EXCHANGE AT THE BEST RATES, AND BONDS PURCHASED BY OUT-OF-TOWN RESIDENTS SENT BY EXPRESS FREE OF CHARGE.

Trustees, executors of estates, capitalists and others seeking reliable investments are purchasing these loans.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY,
STOCK BROKER AND AUCTIONEER,
NO. 43 PINE-ST.

N. B. City, Town, County and State authorities, Railroads, Contractors, Banks, Insurance Companies and all other incorporated institutions that are desirous of selling new issues of bonds and stocks can have the same negotiated upon favorable terms. Having been a speciality with this house for many years, and possessing facilities for the disposal of securities unsurpassed in the United States.

RAILROAD NOTICE.
ALBANY AND SUSQUEHANNA RAILROAD }
OFFICE, ALBANY, April 5, 1870. }

At a meeting of the Directors of this Company, held at their offices this day, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the transfer-books of this Company be closed on 15th April next at 3 P. M.

Resolved, That the transfer-books be reopened on 25th April next, at the National Bank of Commerce in the City of New-York, which institution, in accordance with the request of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, is hereby appointed by this Board (to act until further notice) the sole agency for the transfer of the stock of this Company on and after that date.

Resolved, That as soon as the outstanding floating indebtedness of this Company shall be ascertained and liquidated, the funds realized from the assets of the Company on hand at the time of the lease of this road to the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, and remaining after payment of all outstanding indebtedness, shall be ratably divided among the stockholders of record, on the closing of the transfer-books, April 15, 1870.

Resolved, That the Secretary be directed to cause these resolutions to be advertised in two daily papers of Albany and New-York, and to mail a copy thereof to each shareholder.

Attest: W. L. M. PHELPS, Secretary.

INDIANA STATE STOCK.

Notice is hereby given to holders of Indiana five per cent. certificates of State stock that the State Debt Sinking Fund Commissioners will, on the 1st day of July next, redeem said certificates in full, in the order of their presentation, at the office of the Agent of State, No. 27 Pine-st., New-York City.

Holders of stock who desire to surrender certificates for payment are required to notify the Agent of State on or before the 20th of June next.

By order of the Board of State Debt Sinking Fund Commissioners.
J. C. BURNETT, Secretary.
INDIANAPOLIS, April 8, 1870.

OFFICE OF CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, NO. 52 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, April 6, 1870.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stock and bond holders of the Chicago and North-western Railway Company for the election of a Board of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before them, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Chicago, on THURSDAY, the 2d day of June next, at 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer-books will be closed on the 27th day of April, 1870, at 2 P. M., and reopened on the 4th day of June next, at 10 A. M.

A. L. PRITCHARD, Secretary.

INTEREST ON CITY STOCKS.—THE interest on the Bonds and Stocks of the City and County of New-York, due May 1, 1870, will be paid on MONDAY, May 2, by Peter B. Sweeny, Esq., Chamberlain of the City, at his office in the new Court-house. The transfer books will be closed FRIDAY, April 1, 1870.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, Controller.
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, NEW-YORK, March 28, 1870.

OFFICE OF THE COHOES COMPANY,
COHOES, N. Y., March 30, 1870.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, on MONDAY, the 2d day of May next, at 11 o'clock A.M.

By order of the Directors.
T. G. YOUNGLOVE, Secretary.

THE UNDERSIGNED BANKING firms continue to undertake the sale of all kinds of American Securities, as also the introduction in the European financial markets of first-class mortgage bonds of established railroad companies. S. STIEBEL & CO., in London; MORIZ STIEBEL SONS, in Frankfort-on-the-Main.

FINANCIAL.

7 PER CENT. GOLD LOAN,
Free of United States Tax,
OF THE
Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Minnesota R. R. Co.'s
FIRST MORTGAGE
50-YEAR BONDS,
AT 95, FLAT.
THE ACCRUED INTEREST IS FROM NOV. 1, WHICH GOES TO THE PURCHASER.

TRUSTEES.
J. EDGAR THOMSON, Pres. Penn. R. R. Co.,
CHARLES L. FROST, New-York.

These Bonds are payable, principal and interest, in coin, at New-York or London; the interest being payable in May and November.

They are convertible into stock, and are protected by a liberal Sinking Fund.

They are issued upon the several sections of the road only as the same are completed and in successful operation.

They are guaranteed not only by a first lien upon the entire property and franchises of the Company, but also by now current earnings and an ample commerce on the route of the road, and have not to depend for their security upon a traffic which the road itself is expected to create.

Over Three Million Dollars have been already expended on the road.

Eighty-three miles of road are already completed and equipped, and show large earnings; and the remainder of the line is progressing rapidly towards completion.

The State of Iowa, through which this road runs, is one of the richest agricultural sections of America. Its large and extending population, and its immense yield of agricultural products, create a pressing demand for the construction of this road.

The road also runs through the fertile and growing State of Minnesota. It traverses the most enterprising and growing portion of the West, and forms the shortest of the great trunk lines in direct communication with New-York, Chicago and St. Louis.

Having thoroughly investigated all the conditions affecting the security of these bonds, we feel justified in giving them an unqualified indorsement as a first-class and thoroughly safe investment, as secure as a Government bond can possibly be, and paying nearly fifty per cent. more interest than five-twenties.

All marketable securities at their full price, free of commission and express charges, received in payment. Pamphlets and maps furnished on application.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
Financial Agents of the Company.
NO. 32 WALL-ST.

GOLD INTEREST BONDS.
First Mortgage
SEVEN PER CENT. BONDS
OF THE
WEST WISCONSIN
Railroad Company,
PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD,
FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX.
15 Years to Run from January, 1870.

Land Grant from Government of over 1,000,000 acres, upon which, together with Road and all its property, these Bonds are a First Mortgage.

Seventy miles of road finished and running, from which income is already derived, with rapidly increasing receipts.

This road, with its connections, forms an air line from St. Paul's to Milwaukee, and is a saving of nearly 100 miles on the great Northwestern route to Chicago.

Eleven counties along the line of this road donate $50,000 each, with right of way for construction.

This Company is exempted from taxes upon its lands for fifteen years, by special act of Legislature.

These bonds have the option of being converted into stock, and are receivable at par, as cash, for the purchase of any of the lands of the Company.

The immense tonnage of grain and lumber accumulating weekly at St. Paul's must, upon completion of this road, be carried to Milwaukee and Chicago by this direct route.

The advantages, resources, connections and land grant of this Company are fully set forth in a pamphlet which can be obtained at our office.

A large number of these bonds have been placed in Europe, and we now offer a limited number in this market at 90 flat, and recommend them with confidence to our friends and capitalists, fully believing them to be one of the safest and cheapest investments ever offered.

White, Morris & Co.,
BANKERS & FINANCIAL AGENTS,
No. 29 Wall-st.

VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS,
16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.
MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

OFFICE OF CHICAGO AND NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 52 Wall-st., NEW-YORK, April 2, 1870.

PROPOSALS FOR BONDS.
WINONA AND ST. PETER RAILROAD COMPANY.

The Company offer for sale $650,000 of its First Mortgage and $614,000 of its Second Mortgage Seven Per Cent. Bonds, which are authorized and issued for the construction and extension of its line of road from Winona to St. Peter, about 140 miles, in the State of Minnesota; 118 miles of which are already in operation, completed and equipped.

This Company is wholly owned by and operated in the interest of the Chicago and North-western Railway Company, and these Bonds, besides being a special and ample mortgage security on the property, are guaranteed, principal and interest, by the Chicago and North-western Railway Company, by authority of the State of Wisconsin.

The Bonds are a part of an issue of $20,000 per mile of the first mortgage, and $12,000 per mile of the second mortgage, respectively bearing interest at seven per cent., coupons payable semi-annually in New-York,—the first mortgage interest on 1st of January and July, and the second mortgage on 1st of May and November.

Sealed proposals will be received until Monday, April 25, 1870, at 12 noon, by the Treasurer, A. L. Pritchard, to whom they should be addressed, at the office of the Chicago and North-western Railway Company, No. 52 Wall-st., New-York, where any further information will be given.

Bidders, in naming their rate, will please take notice that these bonds will be awarded FLAT, to wit:

The First Mortgage Bond will have the coupon on, which will mature July 1, 1870.

The Second Mortgage Bond will have the coupon on, which will mature May 1, 1870.

Successful bidders will be notified immediately, on or before April 26, and the bonds will be delivered, and payment required, at this office, on or before 2 P. M., Saturday, April 30, 1870.

The Company reserves the right to reject any bids not considered for its interest in offering this first-class security.

A. L. PRITCHARD,
Treasurer Winona and St. Peter Railroad Company.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD CO., }
NO. 12 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, March 5, 1870. }

CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS.—Notice is hereby given that we have this day designated by lot, twenty-four bonds, numbered as follows: 69, 384, 218, 107, 31, 16, 525, 275, 282, 564, 318, 22, 146, 390, 491, 6, 310, 247, 131, 372, 150, 335, 193 and 119, of $1,000 each for redemption.

According to the terms of the mortgage, interest thereon will cease May 1, 1870. The undersigned are ready to pay them, with interest so far as accrued, on presentation and surrender.

S. J. TILDEN, No. 12 Wall-st., N. Y.
L. H. MEYER, No. 21 Nassau-st., N. Y.

OFFICE OF THE LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY, }
CLEVELAND, March 30, 1870. }

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of other appropriate business, will be held at the office of the Company in Cleveland, Ohio, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th day of May next, between the hours of 11 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon of that day.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed April 2, at 2 o'clock P. M., and reopened May 5.

GEO. B. ELY, Secretary.
JAMES H. BANKER, Treasurer.

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK, }
NO. 336 BROADWAY, April 12, 1870. }

ELECTION.—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual meeting of the stock-holders of this Company for the election of ten Trustees for the third class, whose terms of office will expire, and also for the election of three Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company on TUESDAY, April 26, 1870.

Poll open from 12 M. until 1 P. M.

JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

BONDS STOLEN.—ON FRIDAY LAST, the 1st inst., twelve $1,000 bonds of the New-Haven and Northampton Company were stolen from the offices of the subscriber in this city. These bonds are dated April 1, 1870, payable in ten years from date, with six per cent. interest coupons attached, payable the 1st April and 1st October, and are numbered from 50 to 61 inclusive. All persons are cautioned against buying or negotiating these bonds, as payment of the same will be refused by the Company.

S. D. PARDEE,
Treasurer of the New-Haven and Northampton Co.
NEW-HAVEN, April 5, 1870.

FINANCIAL.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF THE ISSUE OF
$1,500,000
BY THE
St. Joseph & Denver City Railroad Company,
BEARING EIGHT PER CENT. INTEREST IN GOLD.
FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX.

The St. Joseph and Denver City Railroad Company (Eastern Division) offer, through the undersigned, the remainder of their First Mortgage Bonds of the issue of

$1,500,000.

The Eastern Division of this road extends from St. Joseph, Mo., to Marysville, Kansas, a distance of 111 miles, of which 43 miles are now completed and in actual working order, and the remainder is being pushed forward with energy and dispatch.

Sufficient iron has been purchased to complete the road, a portion of which has arrived, and the remainder is en route.

These bonds are issued in denominations of $500 and $1,000, coupon or registered, interest payable 15th February and August, in New-York, London or Frankfort. The bonds have thirty years to run, principal being payable in New-York in GOLD. Trustee—Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, New-York.

The mortgage which secures these bonds is at the rate of $13,513 per mile, covers a completed road for every bond issued and is a first and ONLY mortgage.

This line, connecting St. Joseph and Fort Kearney, will make a short and through route to California, connecting at the latter point with the Union Pacific Railroad.

The Company have a capital stock of	$10,000,000
And a land grant from Congress of 1,600,000 acres, valued, at the lowest estimate, at	4,000,000
First Mortgage Bonds	1,500,000
Total	$15,500,000

Price of bonds 97 1-2 and accrued interest IN CURRENCY.

These bonds being so well secured and yielding a large income are desirable to parties seeking safe and lucrative investments.

Pamphlets, maps and information furnished on application to

WM. P. CONVERSE & CO.,
COMMERCIAL AGENTS,
No. 54 Pine-st., New-York.
TANNER & CO.,
FISCAL AGENTS,
No. 49 Wall-st., New-York.

A SAFE INVESTMENT.
First Mortgage Bonds of the Chicago, Cincinnati & Louisville Railroad Company.

These bonds are part of the first and only issue of the Company for $1,000,000, covering its entire property, and are at the rate of $13,700 per mile. Of the whole amount $600,000 have been already placed, leaving but $400,000 to be sold. They are 7 per cent. coupon bonds due in 1887, interest payable 1st January and July in New-York. The Road is in operation. It is 73 miles long, extending from La Porte on the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern to Peru, where it connects with the Toledo, Wabash and Western and the Peru and Indianapolis Roads. It runs through one of the finest sections of Indiana, and makes a connecting link in the best through line from Chicago to Indianapolis, and thence to Cincinnati and Louisville.

We confidently offer these bonds as a desirable security to investors, AS THE NET EARNINGS OF THE ROAD FROM THE OPENING HAVE BEEN IN EXCESS OF THE INTEREST ON ITS BONDED DEBT, AND ARE CONSTANTLY INCREASING. Besides it is designed to extend the Road to Lake Michigan at New Buffalo or Michigan City the coming season, which will also greatly increase its earnings.

J. A. UNDERWOOD & SON,
No. 18 Exchange-place.
CALDWELL & CO.,
No. 27 Wall-st.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD.

We offer for sale $150,000
FIRST MORTGAGE
EIGHT PER CENT. BONDS
OF THE
SELMA, MARION AND MEMPHIS RAILROAD COMPANY,
Indorsed by the State of Alabama.

The bonds are issued upon each section of the road only as the same is completed and in successful operation as a first-class road. The State indorsement can only be obtained by full compliance with these terms. The provisions of the law on this point are of the most stringent character.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st.,
Bankers and Financial Agents of the Company.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.,
BANKERS, No. 50 Wall-st., New-York,
Issue letters of credit for travelers available all parts of the world, through the
MESSRS. DE ROTHSCHILD,
and their correspondents.
Also, make telegraphic transfers of money on California, Europe and Havana.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO.,
NO. 18 WALL-ST.,
Issue letters of credit for
TRAVELERS,
Available in all the principal cities of Europe, through
DREXEL, HARJES & CO.,
NO. 3 RUE SCRIBE,
PARIS.

TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.,
No. 52 Wall-st.,
JAS. W. TUCKER & CO., No. 3 Rue Scribe, Paris,
BANKERS,
Issue Letters of Credit; draw Bills on Paris; buy and sell Bonds and Stocks in London, Paris and Frankfort, and negotiate loans on same.

BOWLES BROTHERS & CO.,
BANKERS,
Paris, No. 12 Rue de la Paix; New-York, No. 19 William-st.; Boston, No. 76 State-st.
Issue bills on Paris and the Union Bank of London in sums to suit; also circular letters of credit for travelers, available throughout the world. Letters to their care for travelers registered on receipt and delivery.

AUSTIN BALDWIN & CO.,
BANKERS,
NO. 70 BROADWAY,
NO. 33 RUE DU DIX DECEMBRE, PARIS,
Issue letters of credit for travelers in Europe, draw bills of exchange on the City Bank of London and on Paris, and the principal cities of Germany and Italy.

LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER,
BANKERS,
NO. 10 WALL-ST.
Stocks, bonds, gold and Government securities bought and sold on commission.
W. B. LEONARD,
W. C. SHELDON,
W. H. FOSTER.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

OFFICE OF THE }
CUMBERLAND COAL AND IRON COMPANY. }

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—THIS Company having been authorized by an act of the Legislature of Maryland, approved March 31, 1870, to reduce its capital to $500,000, and to distribute among its stockholders fifty thousand shares of stock of the Consolidation Coal Company of Maryland, acquired under the consolidation lately effected between the two Companies, the transfer books of this Company will be opened on WEDNESDAY, the 6th inst., and remain open until SATURDAY, the 16th, when they will be again closed. Those who are then registered as stockholders will be entitled, on and after the 18th inst., to received certificates for an equal amount of consolidation stock, and also new certificates in the reduced capital of this Company, amounting to ten (10) per cent. of the original stock.

J. RICHARDS, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, April 6, 1870.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL }
COMPANY, NEW-YORK, April 7, 1870. }

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, for the election of managers, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York, on TUESDAY, May 10, 1870, at 12 o'clock M.

The polls will be open from 12 o'clock M. to 2 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed from the 1st to the 10th day of May inclusive.

By order of the Board of Managers.
CHARLES P. HARTT, Treasurer.

THE QUICKSILVER MINING COMPANY, }
NEW-YORK, March 28, 1870. }

BOOKS FOR SUBSCRIPTIONS TO the Preferred Stock of the Quicksilver Mining Company are now open at the Company's office, No. 19 Nassau-st., and will remain open until Monday, April 18. Subscribers will pay Five Dollars ($5) per Share at time of subscription, and on notice will surrender common stock, when Preferred Stock will be issued and the common stock canceled share for share. By order.

J. B. RANDOL, Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SUSAN A. FLENDER, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at the residence of Susette Flender, No. 357 West 31st-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 11th day of August next.—Dated New-York, Feb. 14, 1870.

HENRY C. FLENDER, Administrator.
f14-law6mW*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of JOSEPH B. BRUSH, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of Howes, Sanger & Co., No. 105 Chambers-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 23d day of September next.—Dated New-York, the 22d day of March, 1870.

S. S. BRUSH, Executrix.
MICHAEL SNOW, Executor.
mh23-law6mW*

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT—CITY AND COUNTY of New-York.—HENRY A. CRAM and Kathrine S. Cram, Henry A. Cram as executor of the last will and testament of Jacob Cram, deceased, and Henry A. Cram and George H. Moore, as executors of and trustees under the last will and testament of George Clarence Cram, deceased, against JAMES WATSON WEBB, Laura Virginia Webb, William Seward Webb, Henry Walter Webb, George Creighton Webb, Jacob Lewis Webb, Francis Egerton Webb, John Philip Kemble Mason, Anna Louisa Mason, Henry K. Bull, as executor of and trustee under the last will and testament of Jacob Cram, deceased, Frances Weyburn Cram, Jacob Cram, John Sergeant Cram, Harry Spencer Cram, Lydia Clarence Cram, Kathrine Henriette Cram, Ethel Latimer Cram, Ellen Sergeant Cram, William B. Astor and Alfred Tobias, as trustee of Montague M. Hendricks.—The undersigned, duly appointed referee, by an order of this Court made in the above cause, on the 7th day of March, 1870, hereby requires all persons having any general lien or incumbrance, by judgment or decree, or otherwise, on the undivided share or interest of any of the owners in the premises hereinafter described, to produce to the undersigned on or before the 18th day of April next, at his office, No. 30 Pine-street, in the City of New-York, proof of their respective liens and incumbrances, together with satisfactory evidence of the amount due thereon, and to specify the nature of such incumbrances, and the dates thereof, respectively. The premises described in the complaint in the above cause are as follows:

"All those certain lots, pieces and parcels of land situate, lying and being in the Eighteenth Ward of the City of New-York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northeasterly corner of Twenty-first-street and the Bloomingdale road, (now Broadway,) thence running in an easterly direction along the northerly side of Twenty-first-street, ninety-six feet nine inches, (96 feet 9 inches;) thence running northerly at right angles to Twenty-first-street ninety-eight feet nine inches, (98 feet 9 inches,) to the center line of the block, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets; thence running westerly, and parallel with Twenty-first-street, along said center line one hundred and twenty-three feet and eleven inches (123 feet 11 inches) to the easterly side of the Bloomingdale road aforesaid; and running thence southerly, along said easterly side one hundred and two feet five inches (102 feet 5 inches) to the place of beginning, be the said dimensions more or less. The said premises being known on a map of property belonging to John Watts De Peyster, Esq., in the Sixteenth Ward of the City of New-York, drawn March 16, 1838, by Samuel S. Doughty, City Surveyor, filed as number one hundred and thirty-one in tin case, in the office of the Register of the City and County of New-York, Sept. 21, 1843—as number two hundred and forty-five, (245,) two hundred and forty-six, (246,) two hundred and forty-seven, (247,) two hundred and forty-eight, (248,) two hundred and forty-four, (244,) and part of two hundred and forty-three (243.)"

All that lot of land in the Sixteenth Ward of the City of New-York, and bounded as follows: Beginning at the point formed by the intersection of the northerly side of Seventeenth-street with the easterly line of the Fourth-avenue; thence running eastwardly along the northerly line of Seventeenth-street, one hundred (100) feet; thence running northwardly, and parallel with Fourth-avenue, twenty-eight (28) feet; thence running westwardly, and parallel with Seventeenth-street, one hundred (100) feet to the easterly line of Fourth-avenue; and thence running along the easterly line of Fourth-avenue southwardly twenty-eight (28) feet, to the place of beginning.

All that piece or parcel of land in the City of New-York, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on Seventeenth-street, in the City of New-York, distant one hundred (100) feet southeasterly from the Fourth-avenue, and on the northeasterly side of the said street; running thence northeasterly along the land of the said party of the second part, twenty-eight (28) feet; thence southeasterly, along a line parallel to Seventeenth-street, fifteen (15) feet; thence southwesterly, along a line parallel to the said Fourth-avenue, twenty-eight (28) feet to Seventeenth-street aforesaid; and thence northwesterly, along Seventeenth-street, to the place of beginning; and being in width fifteen (15) feet, and in depth twenty-eight (28) feet.

All that certain lot or parcel land, of with the building thereon erected, situate, lying and being in the Eighth Ward of the City of New-York, known by the present street number, 116, (one hundred and sixteen,) formerly No. 104 Canal-street, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Canal-street, distant one hundred and one feet one inch (101 feet 1 inch) easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly line of Laurens-street with the northerly side of Canal-street, such point being the centre of the party wall between the building upon the hereby conveyed premises, and the building on the premises adjoining on the east, known as No. 114 Canal-street, and running thence northerly, on a line at right angles, or nearly so, to Canal-street, and in part through the centre of such party wall fifty-eight feet four inches, (58 feet 4 inches,) to land now or formerly of the party of the second part; thence westerly, along said last-mentioned land, and at right angles, or nearly so, to Wooster-street, ten feet six inches, (10 feet 6 inches;) thence northerly, along the same and parallel, or nearly so, to Wooster-street, thirty-one feet eight inches, (31 feet 8 inches;) thence again westerly, along the same and at right angles, or nearly so, to Laurens-street, eleven (11) feet, to the premises No. 118 Canal-street; thence southerly, along the same and parallel, or nearly so, to Laurens-street, forty-three feet three inches, (43 feet 3 inches;) thence again southerly, on a line at right angles, or nearly so, to Canal-street, and in part through the center of the party wall, between the building upon the premises hereby conveyed and the building on the said premises adjoining on the west, known as No. 118 Canal-street, forty-three (43) feet to the place of beginning, be said dimensions more or less.

All that certain lot, piece or parcel of ground, situate, lying and being in the Eigth Ward of the City of New-York, known as lot No. 114 Canal-street, formerly as lot No. 102, bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the northeasterly line of Canal-street, distant, in a northwesterly direction from the corner made by the intersection of the northwesterly line of Wooster-street and the northeasterly line of Canal-street, seventy-nine feet six inches, (79.6;) running thence in a northeasterly direction to a point distant from the northeasterly line of Canal-street, sixty-one feet five inches, (61.5,) and sixty-seven feet ten inches (67.10) from the northwesterly line of Wooster-street to land belonging to Jacob Cram; thence in a northwesterly direction along the line of said land belonging to Jacob Cram, and at about a right angle to the northwesterly line of Wooster-street, twenty-two feet, (22.0;) thence in a southwesterly direction, fifty-eight feet four inches, (58.4,) to the northeasterly line of Canal-street, distant from the aforesaid corner of Wooster and Canal-streets, one hundred and two feet (102.0;) thence in a southeasterly direction, along the aforesaid northeasterly line of Canal-street, twenty-two feet six inches, (22.6,) to the place of beginning.

All those certain lots, pieces and parcels of ground on Canal, Wooster and Laurens streets, which when taken together, are bounded and described as follows, to wit: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Canal-street, distant seventy-nine feet six inches (79.6) westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of Canal-street with the westerly side of Wooster-street, and running thence northerly to a point distant from the northerly line of Canal-street sixty-one feet six inches, (61.6,) and sixty-seven feet ten inches (67.10) from the westerly line of Wooster-street, to land belonging to the late Jacob Cram; thence easterly sixty-seven feet ten inches (67.10) to the westerly side of Wooster-street; thence northerly along the westerly side of Wooster-street two hundred and thirty-five feet (235;) thence westerly and at right angles, or nearly so, to Wooster-street one hundred feet, (100,) to the centre line of the block between Wooster and Laurens streets; thence southerly along said centre line twenty-eight feet one inch (28.1;) thence westerly at right angles, or nearly so, to Laurens-street, one hundred feet (100) to the easterly side of Laurens-street; thence southerly along the easterly side of Laurens-street one hundred and seventy-two feet six inches (172.6) to a point distant sixty-nine feet eight inches (69.8) from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly side of Laurens-street with the northerly side of Canal-street; thence easterly, and at right angles or nearly so to Laurens-street, eighty-nine feet (89) to a point eleven feet (11) distant westerly from the center line of the block between Wooster and Laurens streets; thence southerly, and parallel or nearly so to Laurens-street, forty-three feet (43); thence again southerly on a line at right angles or nearly so to Canal-street, forty-two feet six and a half inches (42.6½) to the northerly side of Canal-street, and thence easterly, along the northerly side of Canal-street, forty-two feet (42) to the point or place of beginning.—Dated New-York, March 8, 1870.

HENRY NICOLL, Referee.
LEWIS L. DELAFIELD, Plaintiffs' Attorney.
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ASSESSOR'S OFFICE, EIGHTH COLLECTION DISTRICT, }
NEW-YORK, EIGHTEENTH, TWENTIETH AND TWENTY-FIRST WARDS, }
NO. 896 BROADWAY, April 11, 1870. }

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, IN ACcordance with the provisions of section 19 of the act of June 30, 1864, entitled "An act to provide internal revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes," as amended by acts of July 13, 1866, and March 2, 1867, that on the 23d day of April, 1870, the annual list for this district will be open for inspection of any and all persons who may apply for that purpose at the office of the Assessor, No. 896 Broadway, and that for five days thereafter the Assessor of said district will be in attendance, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. of the same days, to hear and determine appeals relative to any erroneous or excessive valuations, assessments or enumerations by the Assessor or Assistant Assessors, returned in the annual list. Notice is further given that no appeal will be allowed to any party after he shall have been duly assessed, and the annual list containing the assessment has been transmitted to the Collector of the district.

All appeals to said Assessor, as aforesaid, must be made in writing, and specify the particular cause, matter or thing respecting which a decision is requested, and must state the ground or principle of error complained of.

AUGUSTUS FORD,
Assessor Eighth District, New-York.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT in consequence of the death of a majority of the trustees in whom was vested the fee simple of the premises known as the Tontine Building, in this City, an election of five persons, as such other trustees, will be held in Room No. 1, in said building, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of April instant, at 11 o'clock A. M. The owners of the several surviving shares are requested to attend at the above time and place, pursuant to the 7th article of the Constitution of this Association, to nominate such persons so then and there to be elected.—New-York, April 8, 1870.

FREDERIC DE PEYSTER, }
WM. H. ASPINWALL, } Committee
WILLIAM T. HORN. }

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE CLARENCE CRAM, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at the office of Lewis L. Delafield, No. 59 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 18th day of October next.—Dated New-York, the 5th day of April, 1870.

HENRY A. CRAM, }
GEORGE H. MOORE, } Executors.
LEWIS L. DELAFIELD, Proctor for Executors, No. 59 Wall-street, N. Y.
ap13-law6mW*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CATHARINE FAY, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of H. P. Allen, Esq., No. 7 Beekman-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 19th day of October next.—Dated New-York, the 11th day of October, 1870.

AUGUSTUS L. ALLEN, Executor, &c.
ap13-law6mW*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against LUCIUS CHITTENDEN, late of the City of New-York, deceased, that they are requested to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at her residence at Washington Heights, (Inwood Post-office,) in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of September next.—Dated New-York, March 15, 1870.

M. AMELIA CHITTENDEN, Executrix.

The New York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13, 1870.

Amusements this Evening.

BOOTH'S THEATER.
6th-av., corner 23d-st.
MACBETH. Leading characters by Messrs. Edwin Booth, Hamilton, Anderson, and Miss Fanny Morant.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, near Houston-st.
PIPPIN; OR THE KING OF THE GOLD MINES. Leading characters by Miss Lydia Thompson, Miss Pauline Markham, Mr. Harry Beckett, &c.

WALLACK'S THEATER.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
MEN AND ACRES. Characters by Messrs. J. W. Wallack, Stoddart, Ringgold, and Miss Henriques, Miss Mestayer and Mrs. Phillips.

OLYMPIC THEATER.
Broadway, near Bleecker-st.
HAMLET. Leading characters by Messrs. G. L. Fox, Cavendish, Maginly, and Miss Blanche Bradshaw, Miss Howitt, Mrs. Wright and Miss Queen.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
8th-av., corner 23d-st.
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS. Leading characters by Mr. George C. Boniface, Miss Nully Pieris and Mme. Ponisi.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATER.
24th-st., near 5th-av.
FROU FROU. Leading characters by Messrs. Geo. Clarke, Davidge, Lewis, and Miss Agnes Ethel, Miss Fanny Davenport, and Mrs. Gilbert.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
JEW OF SOUTHWARK AND LA JOCRISSE.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE.
Broadway, corner 30th-st.
THEATRICAL PERFORMANCE afternoon and evening. Large collection of curiosities.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.
EXHIBITION OF EQUESTRIAN AND ATHLETIC FEATS.

SKATING RINK.
3d-av., near 64th-st.
COMBINATION OF EQUESTRIAN AND ATHLETIC PERFORMANCES. Open afternoon and evening.

TAMMANY.
14th-st.
PROF. RISLEY'S COMBINATION OF ONE HUNDRED ARTISTS.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
No. 585 Broadway
NEGRO MINSTRELSY. Birch, Wambold, Bernard, Backus, &c.

BARKER ART GALLERY.
No. 845 Broadway.
EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS OF FRUITS AND FLOWERS.

Terms of the New-York Times.

MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The Daily Times, per annum, including the Sunday Edition	$12
The Daily Times, per annum, exclusive of the Sunday Edition	10
The Sunday Edition, per annum	2
The Semi-Weekly, per annum	3
Two copies, one year	5
Ten copies, one year	25
An extra copy to getter-up of club, and a splendid steel engraving of the late Henry J. Raymond.	
The Weekly Times, per annum	2
Five copies, one year	8
Ten copies, one year	15
An extra copy to getter-up of club, and a splendid steel engraving of the late Henry J. Raymond.	
Twenty copies, one year	25
An extra copy to getter-up of club, and a splendid steel engraving of the late Henry J. Raymond.	
The European Edition, per annum, postage extra	3

Subscriptions to either of our editions received for a less length of time than one year at the yearly rate.

The Semi-Weekly and Weekly mailed to clergymen at the lowest club rates.

Additions may be made to clubs at club rates.

These prices are invariable. We have no traveling agents. Remit in drafts on New-York or Post Office Money Orders if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a *registered* letter.

Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO.,
Times Office, New-York.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in the Times will be received at No. 54 West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av., at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

Our Circulation.

The subscription list and the daily sales of the Times are now greater than at any period within the last twelve months, and are rapidly increasing. The fact is mentioned for the information of friends and in reply to the misstatements of enemies.

☞ Advertisements for the Weekly Times must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

A London dispatch says the English underwriters have begun to "settle for the steamship *City of Boston*" as a total loss....The officers of the United States steamer *Oneida* have a defender in a writer who, in a communication to the *Pall Mall Gazette*, says that since the order of Council of Aug. 4, 1868, it is doubtful if there is any "rule of the road" at sea....Another agrarian outrage is recorded in Ireland. An overseer in the County Cavan was assassinated on Monday night by a concealed enemy....The House of Commons has adjourned to the 25th inst....A Paris dispatch says efforts have been made to induce the Emperor to make concessions with regard to the *plebiscitum*, without success, and therefore the resignation of Count Daru is considered certain. M. Segris was announced in the Corps Législatif yesterday as the successor of M. Buffet as Minister of Finance. A successor to M. Richard has not yet been appointed. The Chamber will be asked to adjourn today until after the vote on the *plebiscitum*, which will be taken between the 1st and 9th of May...A large party of workmen from Fourchambault visited the foundry at Fortoren and put a stop to work.. In the fighting at Barcelona, Spain, nineteen insurgents are known to have been killed and ten wounded, and the troops lost two killed and thirteen wounded....The Papal Court has decided to forbid the Spanish clergy taking the oath to support the new Constitution. The "last chapter of the schema" of the infallibility dogma was to have been voted on yesterday. The Archbishop of Baltimore has published a reply to the recent letter of the French Bishop of Orleans.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, yesterday, the Utah bill was reported from the Committee on Territories, with amendments, making, however, no material changes; new sections are added, making it unlawful for the Mormon authorities to grant divorces; providing that women may sue for and recover compensation for labor and services performed while considered as "spiritual wives," and for the punishment of advising or countenancing polygamy even by being present at the "marriage or sealing ceremony." A short debate took place on the resolution for a joint committee on Indian Affairs, and then, at 1 o'clock, the Georgia bill was taken up. It was debated without action until 5 o'clock, when the Senate adjourned.

The time in the House was taken up by a discussion on the Louisiana contested election case of Hunt against Sheldon, the sitting member. The majority report favors the latter, and the minority the former. The vote is to be taken today. Mr. Bingham reported back the bill providing for annual terms of the United States Circuit and District Courts for the Northern District of this State at Elmira on the third Monday of September, and it was passed. Among the bills introduced was one amendatory of the Homestead act in favor of honorably-discharged soldiers. The House adjourned at 5 o'clock.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, yesterday, the bill constituting a new Board of Supervisors in New-York was reported complete and ordered to a third reading, and was subsequently passed. Among others, the bills amending the act for the further extension of Prospect Park, Brooklyn; supplementary to the act relating to the Brooklyn Police; appropriating $150,000 for a Homeopathic Asylum at Middletown, and authorizing the donation of city lands in New-York to a Homeopathic Hospital, were passed. The Arcade Railroad and Pneumatic Tunnel bills were made a special order for today. The General Election law was reported and referred back to be reported complete. The Senate held an Executive session and adjourned.

The Assembly receded from their recent amendments to the Senate bill increasing the salaries of the Judges of Appeals. A resolution of inquiry as to the expediency of repurchasing the nearest hospital grounds for quarantine purposes was adopted. The Governor's veto of the bill to prevent encroachments by railways at crossings in Green Valley, was received. The bill making appropriations for the enlargement of the Champlain Canals was passed. The Senate bill to constitute a new Board of Supervisors in New-York was passed. The House held an evening session, at which the bill to regulate the rates of wharfage and dockage in New-York and Brooklyn was passed.

GENERAL.

The vote of the inmates of the National Soldiers' Home in Montgomery County, Ohio, was decided to be illegal by Judge McMinney, on the ground that they were not citizens of the State. The Republican candidate for a county office was thereby defeated.

The steamer *City of Port-au-Prince*, from this port for Hayti, has put into Norfolk, Va., leaky.

A new pilot-boat went on a trial cruise in the bay at St. John, N. B., nine days ago, and has not yet returned. It is feared she has been lost with all on board.

A committee of the City Government of Boston has been appointed to arrange for a public reception of the remains of the late Hon. Anson Burlingame.

A fight occurred between seamen of the United States steamer *Yantic*, at Key West, on the 3d inst., while they were ashore on evening liberty, in which John Gibney was killed and Edward Kelly and Richard Keegan were wounded by Shaw. The fight began between Shaw and Kelly, and Gibney and Keegan attempted to separate them, when Shaw made a furious attack on them with a razor.

A quartermaster's train between Fort Sill and Fort Harker, Indian Territory, was attacked while encamped, March 6, by whites disguised as Indians, and 139 animals stampeded.

A fire broke out on Monday night in Forestville, Chatauqua County, N. Y., by which the principal portion of the town was burned. The loss is estimated at $100,000, one-half of which is insured.

A dispatch from Havana, received in Washington, says the Spanish Bank has loaned the Spanish Government $5,000,000 without interest, to finish the war.

Active preparations for the Red River expedition are in progress in Toronto, Canada. A steamer is to leave on the 2d of May with men to work on the road to be traversed by the troops.

A Boston dispatch says Walter Brown, the American champion oarsman, was yesterday appointed by the Secretary of the Navy instructor of rowing at Annapolis.

Chief-Justice Chase has consented that the Richmond Mayoralty case shall go to the Virginia Court of Appeals. He says it properly belongs to the State Courts. The case will be taken up at once.

In the McFarland case there were some interesting developments yesterday. The defense has just begun to put in testimony as to the alleged conspiracy to deprive McFarland of his wife. Various witnesses, some of them medical practitioners, testified as to the irrational condition of mind in which McFarland is claimed to have been just previous to the homicide. The case continues to excite increasing interest.

The New-York East Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church held its final session yesterday. An excited debate on the Book-Concern troubles took place, ending in no definite action. The appointments were announced at the close.

A bust of the late Charles L. Elliott, by Calverley, was last evening presented to the Academy of Design by a number of prominent gentlemen of this City.

The Catholics and the Schools.

The *Tablet* again charges us with unfairness in refusing to acknowledge that the question of reading the Bible in the schools is not the issue for which the Catholics are contending. In answer to this charge we have to say that we were among the first to warn the public that the Catholics were only using the Bible as a stalking-horse, and that their real object of attack was the public school system. So much for one accusation. The *Tablet* further alleges that we have not presented a fair and adequate statement of the position taken up by itself and the *Catholic World* on this subject. We maintain that we have, and challenge any one to prove that we have not. As for assertions, they are of no use one way or the other. We took the *Tablet's* demands in its own words and discussed them fully. It changes its ground every week, and then scolds us for not forseeing its next change. It now says, give us our share of the schools—not the school funds—and let the Protestants take their share. It declares that the Catholics have never asked for a division of the school funds!

There is no dealing with an antagonist who thus repudiates every position he has previously taken up. The Catholics have most unquestionably asked, at different times, for the exclusion of the Bible from the schools, and for a division of the school funds. Every school-boy or girl in the country knows that they have done so. But the *Tablet* coolly asserts that no demands of the sort have come from the Catholics, and that we are "disingenuous" in quoting their own words to prove that they have. Today the *Tablet* says, divide "the public schools *pro rata* between Catholics and Protestants." It will be called "disingenuous" to quote this passage—but as we have not space for the whole of the article, we must adopt the ordinary method, and quote a part of it.

There is only one word to apply to the *Tablet's* mode of argument—it is Jesuitical. It indignantly denies that the Catholics want to divide the school funds, while asking in the same breath for a partition of the schools—as if the two proposals were not identical in effect. It is as if a man were to say to his neighbor, "I don't ask you to pay over to me half the rent of your house, but only to give me possession of half the house itself." Then, says the *Tablet* innocently:

> "The Times seems grieved that we impugn its fairness and candor; well, then, we put it to its honor, to its sense of justice, and beg it to tell us candidly, if in this we propose to destroy the system of public schools, or ask anything that is not perfectly just and fair alike to Catholics and Protestants?"

Of course its proposition would involve the destruction of the present common school system, and lead to the establishment of denominational schools. The *Tablet* does not attempt to meet our argument—that if one sect may claim a portion of the school funds, or of the schools, other sects may claim their proportions likewise. We cannot deny to the Methodists, the Presbyterians, the Episcopalians, the Jews, or to any other denomination, the privilege which we concede to the Catholics [illegible] if we now gave way to the Catholics. We say most emphatically that the latest principle contended for by the *Tablet* would cause the common school system to fall in pieces. Is this meeting the issue plainly? If the *Tablet* thinks not, we shall be obliged to conclude that its discernment is not in any way superior to its logic.

New Wine in Old Bottles.

Our neighbor, the *Tribune*, clings affectionately to the ideas of the past on the subject of "protection to American industry," and is continually haunting the "sepulchres of the Prophets," wilfully oblivious of the "new dispensation" which has come in since it sat at the feet of Henry Clay. It is the privilege of old age to be garrulous and reminiscent, but not to be rude, or to insist that the younger world shall look through its spectacles. With *Orlando* in the play we should be moved to exclaim:

> "O good old man, how well in thee appears
> The constant service of the antique world,"

but that the "old *Adam*" in this case is a trifle too demonstrative and dogmatic.

The *Tribune* takes us to task for having doubted its pet theory of monopoly, and for having asserted that the arguments which were once so potent in its favor are not applicable to our present necessities. We have no wish to argue that point with our neighbor, upon the standards of forty years ago which it insists upon. We concede that protection for its own sake then was statesmanship, but we maintain that even Henry Clay himself practically abandoned the position, or at least modified his high protective ideas, during the latter years of his life. He was progressive, which our neighbor is not, and moreover as an antagonist he was courteous. If he were alive today we believe he would recognize the fact, which the *Tribune* sneers at, that the grievous necessities of taxation growing out of our enormous national debt ought to preclude the idea of protection as an equivalent of monopoly.

The material progress of our country during the last forty years has entirely changed the political economies of the nation, and what would have been true protection then would now be simply an unjust discrimination in favor of one interest at the expense of another. The West has become an empire since Clay's eloquence reverberated in the Senate in favor of a high tariff, and, together with the South, it protests against being made to build up the manufacturing class out of the products of agricultural labor. American breadstuffs and American cotton must necessarily be subjected to the sharp competition of the world's markets, and their producers have a right to insist that manufactures shall be content with the advantages which necessary taxation and transportation give them over the foreign competitor.

In other words, the modern approved theory of imposts for revenue must be adopted by the Government. The problem is simply how to raise the required amount, so that the burden shall be the most equally distributed, and the least felt by the great body of the people. The very lowest scale of duties, applied in the most judicious manner, which will produce the required sum, will for years afford, incidentally, all the protection which American manufactures can reasonably ask. It is folly for any special interest to ask more than this, for there is danger in such case that a feeling of resistance may be created in a quarter which will have the control. The West and the South together will ultimately combine to dictate the policy of the country, and when they do the manufacturing interests will be far worse off than under a purely revenue system.

We are glad to be able to note indications of a disposition on the part of Congress to resist this protective theory as a theory, and to repudiate it as antiquated. It certainly cannot safely be adopted as an issue by the Republican Party, provided it hopes to be a national party. Despite the musty ideas and the obsolete arguments of the *Tribune*, the great majority of the party are today opposed to the monopolists' theory, and the wonder is that with its opportunities for feeling the popular pulse, our neighbor does not discover the fact.

Captain Jourdan's Opportunity.

If Capt. Jourdan is really the man he is described to be, now is the time for him to make his mark. He has a chance before him which any good administrative officer would give a great deal to enjoy. He may make a name which shall extend not only to every part of the United States, but to all parts of the world. We expect more from him than we did from Superintendent Kennedy. He is a younger man, and he will bring a new mind and new energies to his task. He will have—at first at least—none of the innumerable discouragements to face which the retiring Superintendent encountered night and day. The good wishes of the public are with him, and he will have the full support of the higher authorities. If he does not turn all these chances in his favor to good account, we shall have at some future day to pronounce that he was either a very foolish man or a very bad one.

We prefer, however, to hope that the more welcome duty will devolve upon us of bearing witness that he acquitted himself like a good and faithful servant. Only he must begin his work in an earnest spirit, and begin it at once. He enters office at a lucky moment. The worst of the Winter is over—we should say that it is quite over, only that the "clerk of the weather" seems to take a special pride this year in disappointing all our expectations, and reversing all predictions. Before people can say "this is a very fine day," there comes up a stiff gale, or a deluge of rain. But still the long dark nights are unquestionably passed. Capt. Jourdan has the Summer before him in which to mature his plans, and make ready for a vigorous campaign against Rascaldom. We shall expect to see him the terror of all evil-doers before the close of the year, and it ought to be very easy for a man of his ex-[illegible]

Of course the Police force might be made more efficient than it is now. The patrolmen can be rendered more vigilant—the officers can be taught to keep up a much sharper system of supervision. There must be a new method of inspecting the men on their rounds; they require a little looking after, as every Police force in the world does. Street outrages ought never again to be so common as they were last Winter. The attack on Mr. Eaton will always be remembered as an example of the insecurity of life and limb in this City—we mean the attack by the ruffians in the street, not in the newspapers. Such a thoroughfare as Fifth-avenue ought to be absolutely safe, by day or night, and if Capt. Jourdan is a first-rate policeman he will very soon render it so. The higher officers must go about more at night, and see that the policemen are on their posts and performing their duties. The detective force can be used to much greater effect than it has been hitherto. It might be made, what it was originally intended to be, an invaluable auxiliary to the Police in uniform. Set the detectives to watch the regular policemen if the roundsmen cannot do it. The discipline of the entire force must be braced up. The practice of going into barrooms to take drinks must be stopped. In dangerous quarters, the rounds assigned to the men should not be too far apart. Above all, the force must be taught that they have to deal with a practical man—that they are under a Superintendent who will stand no nonsense, and who will send skulkers to the right-about without fear or favor.

We expect great things from Capt. Jourdan—but they are all in the regular line of his business. We do not ask him to perform miracles. Let him render our streets safe in the first place. If he cannot do that, we shall very soon be compelled to talk to him in a very unpleasant strain.

Our New City Government.

Now that the wordy war of the Democratic factions is ended, the charter and Election law duly enacted, and the new City officers appointed, an opportunity is afforded to canvass the result, and calculate the chances for reform. The first notable and encouraging fact with which we are confronted is that the Democrats who were successful in the recent struggle have thus far, in the main, fulfilled the various promises which they were reported to have made. From beginning to end the Tweed party has not manifested the slightest disposition to evade or prevaricate. The bills were passed through both Houses of the Legislature precisely as agreed upon; their terms were explicit, and not liable to diverse interpretation, and, lastly, the appointments to the several Departments to which the Mayor stood pledged, and which were demanded by the general voice, have been made. All these things are calculated to soothe apprehension and promote confidence. It remains, now, to canvass the merits of the other appointments, and to do it in a fair and unpartisan spirit.

Before doing so, however, we feel justified in utterly disclaiming any obligation upon the part of the Republican Party for the appointment of a minority of the several Commissioners from its ranks, and in denying to Mayor Hall any credit therefor. The passage of the new charter, and of the Election law—the latter by far the more substantial reform of the two—could not have been secured without the help of the Republicans in the Legislature, and hence the credit is as much theirs as it is that of the Tweed Democracy. Still the spirit of concession, in the general interest, which was manifested was commendable, and the change which has been inaugurated is hopeful. We care not to inquire too closely into the inducements which prompted so unusual a concession, and are content thankfully to accept the salutary result.

As a whole, the appointments of the heads of the various departments of the City Government, which have been announced by the Mayor, are far above the average in point of personal fitness, and should be satisfactory. Many of them are excellent, some are bad and others really offensive; still the good are in a large majority, and so distributed that, with a single exception, they can nullify and control the others. Considering the partisan obligations to be recognized, and the diverse interests to be conciliated and kept in harmony, we feel inclined to be thankful, if not entirely satisfied with the result. Beyond these general remarks we cannot proceed with propriety or pleasure to make any personal mention, further than to record our very decided protest against the *personnel* of the Excise Commission. Composed as it is of an ex-brewer, a former liquor-dealer and the present Chairman of the "Liquor-dealer's Association," and a German; it involves an open avowal of unlimited traffic and unchecked license which cannot fail to be detrimental to the future peace and Sunday decorum of the City.

It only remains to push still further the work of reform by the election of a new Board of Aldermen. This is a matter in which our citizens generally must actively co-operate. With proper effort on their part, under the stringent provisions of the new Election law, they can secure the services of substantial and upright men. If they do not co-operate by means of organized and active effort, the blame will be theirs only. We understand that steps are being taken to secure the nomination and acceptance of some of our most prominent and best citizens in that capacity. We hope they may be successful.

In the adjustment just made there is one other hopeful element of reform, affecting the whole State, which equals, if it does not outweigh, all the rest. We refer to the probable prevention in the future, by means of the new Election law, of the outrageous frauds which have hitherto been perpetrated at the polls in this City. With proper effort a reasonably honest poll may hereafter be secured, and if so, the voice of the rural districts will be respected, and the State be thereby brought back to Republican rule. That this may be accomplished with proper effort cannot be reasonably doubted; whether it will be, rests with the Republicans themselves.

Did the Manhattan Disregard Signals of Distress?

We present in another column a trustworthy account of the circumstances under which the *Manhattan*, of the Williams & Guion line, passed the *Samaria*, at the time when the latter steamer was exhibiting signals of distress. We are quite willing to hear the statement of the Captain of the *Manhattan*, but it must be very explicit, and be supported by weighty evidence, to remove the reproach which the account we now publish places him under.

It will be remembered that the *Samaria* lost her propeller, and was obliged to put about and make for the port from which she had sailed. While lying almost helpless upon the water, she descried the *Manhattan*, and instantly hoisted the commercial code signals, "engines disabled," and "I wish to communicate," besides firing guns. The Captain of the *Manhattan* has declared that he did not see those signals. It is now stated that he deliberately "tried to run away," but a rocket was sent up from the *Samaria*, and this the *Manhattan* answered by displaying her ensign. She still, however, kept on her retreating course. The officers and passengers on board the *Samaria* distinctly saw her—although the Captain of the *Manhattan* pretends that he could not see the signals of the *Samaria*. The vessels were only about six miles apart, and the weather was not bad. But there is independent testimony against Capt. Forsyth, of the *Manhattan*. A sailing vessel, the *Elizabeth Yeo*, was near the scene when the steamers met. The master of that vessel writes a letter in which he fully confirms the account given by the crew and passengers of the *Samaria*, and says: "My ship was some three miles further north than the *Manhattan*. I could see her signals but could not read them, and also heard the report of the guns fired by the *Samaria*, and saw the smoke." He fully expected to see the *Manhattan* go to her assistance, and was "much astonished" when she bore away.

The statement submitted by the passengers is also most important, and amply refutes all that Capt. Forsyth has hitherto advanced in his own excuse. We have been treated to some round denials of his guilt. His Company has assured us that he cannot have acted in the way described. This sort of bald assertion will not do any longer. We must say plainly that the case looks very black against Capt. Forsyth. There must be a proper inquiry into all the facts, and if this duty is shirked in any way a serious stain will rest upon the Williams & Guion line, no less than upon Capt. Forsyth.

The good work goes on! A new charter, an effective Election law—and now the Board of Supervisors, with all its iniquities, is legislated out of existence. The *Tribune*, in its anxiety to comfort its exemplary friends of the Young Democracy, may see in these things only the handiwork of Satan. But the citizens, who desire above all things good City government, note with pleasure the changes in progress, and are hopeful.

Some day or other the principle will be thoroughly established that the man who tortures animals deserves himself to be punished. There are at present great barbarities tolerated in the transportation of cattle by railroad, and Mr. Sumner has prevailed upon the Senate to direct a committee to inquire into the subject. In the Assembly, Mr. Jacobs has introduced a bill intended also to protect animals from the cruelties to which they are now subjected. Thus the grain of seed begins to bear fruit. Brutes in human form will not always be able to indulge in their horrible instincts at the expense of horses and cattle—really the superior animals.

It is understood that the preparations for the presentation of a strong ticket for the coming election of Aldermen proceed in a manner which will indicate more clearly than aught that has yet transpired, the radical nature of the reform which is being effected in civic matters. The object is to bring together candidates representing the respectability and enterprise of the City—candidates whose standing will justify the confidence of the propertied classes and the whole body of tax-payers. Gen. Dix is named among those who have consented to be nominated.

The rival claimants for the Richmond Mayoralty have at last done wisely and commendably. They have had a conference, and agreed to submit their differences to the bloodless arbitrament of the Virginia Court of Appeals, which met yesterday. How much more sensible such a course, and how much better calculated to allay the general distrust of the reconstructed feeling of "Old Virginia," than it was to appeal to force and bloodshed! Very few people outside of that State really care who is Mayor of its capital, but the whole country is interested in the peace of that city, as an indication of popular acceptance of the restored law. Richmond may go to law as much and as fiercely as it pleases, but its people must stop shooting and breaking heads.

Mr. Greeley assails the motives and purposes of the Republicans in and out of the Legislature who aided in promoting the enactment of the new charter and the wholesome Election law with which it was accompanied. He declares that all are mere creatures of Mr. Tweed; and that the Citizens' Association, being in the same category, must be forthwith abolished. Mr. Greeley is not a wise man, or we might wonder at his rashness in provoking a controversy which can only end in mortification. His discomfiture is complete already. He was for the charter and against it—for the Young Democracy and against it—for reform and against it. By a little hocus-pocus, he went to Albany in the name of the Union League, whose members were disgusted with his championship; and being at Albany, he disported himself in so ludicrous a manner, and with so ludicrous an effect, that he was only laughed at for his pains. Not a soul adopted his suggestions or heeded his warnings; in part because of the folly of his counsel, and in part because he was understood to be the secret partner and ally of Messrs. Morrissey, Genet, O'Brien & Co. When the charter passed, few of its opponents occupied a more humiliating position than Mr. Greeley. He had entered into covenants which landed him in the mire. Until his escapade be forgotten, we submit that he is about the last man who should impugn others' integrity, or constitute himself a judge in the Republican Israel. We entreat him to be quiet.

The next election of Judges for the New-York Court of Appeals will, we believe, afford the first instance known in our State history of the representation of minorities. By the amended judiciary article voted for and carried last November, no elector, hereafter, is to vote for more than Chief-Justice and four Associate Justices—the whole number of Associate Justices being six. The minority, therefore, can be as sure of their two candidates on the 17th of next month, as the majority of the others. We had hopes that the same principle might have been applied in the same ratio to the election of the fifteen New-York Aldermen, under the new charter. It is well to vote for these officers by general ticket, rather than by wards; it would be better if each voter were allowed to vote for ten Aldermen only.

Rumors of a new "Gold Ring," of the genus Taurus, are becoming current among timid people on the street, and we notice that some of the papers have given them credence. We have very little faith that the experiment of "black Friday" will be tried again very soon. The lesson of that day was sufficiently severe to last for a long time to come, and we doubt if a ring can be found sufficiently strong to be really formidable, with courage to try so hazardous an experiment. The Government is similarly disposed to what it was in August, and, if anything, would be even more energetic; and, besides, the people generally are very much inclined to favor the "bear" interest. Under all the circumstances, we do not apprehend any immediate tossing of gold.

The case against Rev. Horace Cooke was decided in the Methodist "New-York East Conference" in a manner which was not satisfactory to all the members. The "whitewashing" process, which was so successfully applied in reference to the "Methodist Book Concern," was adopted on a smaller scale by one section of the Conference—to the great displeasure of the other section. Rev. F. H. Pease was in favor of Mr. Cooke being permitted to withdraw with flying colors, so to speak. This would enable him to return to the same Church, or any other Church—so said Rev. Mr. Scudder—"and be immediately admitted without confession or contrition." "I am afraid," added Mr. Scudder, "it may be dangerous, Brother Pease." We should have thought so, too. But, interposed Rev. Mr. Mallory, "it makes a tremendous breeze in the Church to kick a man out." That is what the Church seems most afraid of—"a tremendous breeze." In order to avoid so great a calamity, notorious frauds in the Methodist Book Concern were grossly slurred over, and Rev. Mr. Lanahan, to whom the Methodists owe a deep debt of gratitude, was severely snubbed for venturing to tell the truth. Rev. Mr. Cooke has been allowed to withdraw, with a label of "criminal unfitness" for the ministerial office, stuck upon his back. This was, perhaps, intended as a sort of compromise. The whole proceedings will remind the public of the "hole and corner" investigation of the Committee which discovered frauds in the management of the Book Concern, and did not dare to say so for fear of "causing scandal."

The new system of wharves and docks proposed for New-York will, no doubt, give the Metropolis a new aspect in time, and also bring compensations to some of our localities now in the back-ground. Williamsburg, for instance—to use the old name—would see herself elevated into importance by means of the flats about her, which, being shaped into docks, like those of the Thames and Mersey, would make her the envy of the aristocratic "Heights." The level and marsh of Wallabout offer a fine area for the same purpose; and if Brooklyn must mourn over the departure of the Navy-yard, it would find ample compensation in the long run. The time will come when the Long Island edge, for miles about that city, will bristle with a forestry of masts to equal, if not surpass, that of London or Liverpool.

There was another lively day in the Assembly yesterday. Although the great battle of the season is over, there are still numerous bills to be passed—and it is currently reported that much money is in some of them. Some members of "easy virtue" have had a very prosperous season even thus far, and there is more hay yet to be made. A true, full and particular history of the session would probably disclose many curious and striking transactions in the way of private bargains. Is it not a pity that the Legislature cannot be always in session?

The *World* of yesterday gravely predicts that the State will long remain under Democratic control, and that the Judiciary candidates of its party, to be nominated at Rochester on the 28th inst., will be elected almost beyond a peradventure. Recent experience has taught us that as a political prognosticator the *World* is not a success. Its recent "war to the knife" campaign, which it entered upon with such overweening confidence, and which it predicted over and over again would be successful, was a most miserable fiasco. We suggest that our neighbor forego prophesying for a time, and recur to its original mission of moral reform.

The question of the cost of a canal across the Isthmus of Darien has been freely discussed by both American and European engineers, but we believe that the latest and best data justify our estimates of Tuesday, placing the probable amount at from seventy to one hundred millions of dollars. The ultimate advantage of such a work to commerce, and especially to the commerce of this country, is beyond computation, but the immediate advantage to ship-owners is more easily fixed. Competent engineers place the cost of the transportation of a ship and cargo of one thousand tons by such a canal at one-twenty-fifth of the cost of transporting the cargo by rail. Hon. Elijah Ward, who has made a study of the science of transportation, and who conducted in 1858 a special investigation of the Darien Canal schemes, confirms this estimate, and it is probably not far from an accurate one.

Presentation of a Bust of Mr. Elliott to the Academy of Design.

Last evening a number of gentlemen, subscribers to the fund for the purchase of Mr. Calverley's bust of the late Charles L. Elliott, M. A., assembled at the Academy of Design, and through Mr. Geo. Wm. Curtis made a formal presentation of the bust to the Academy. The bust had been previously placed in the library. It is mounted on a handsome pedestal, on which are engraved the dates of Mr. Elliott's birth and decease, and is said by those who knew Mr. Elliott best to be a most striking likeness.

Mr. Curtis, in making the presentation, referred to the early career of Mr. Elliott, to his unwearied industry, to his modesty, generosity and amiability of feeling. The man, he said, was hidden in the artist. Mr. Elliott led the life of a hermit, so far as the affairs of the world were concerned. Of them he knew absolutely nothing. Mr. Curtis then related a number of anecdotes of the deceased, and said that nothing to him appeared more unaccountable than the fact that though Mr. Elliott had, as it were, the whole art treasures of Europe before him, he never seemed desirous of crossing the ocean to view them. Mr. Curtis concluded by paying a most tender and eloquent tribute to the many virtues of the deceased.

Mr. Gray, President of the Academy, accepted the bust on behalf of the Academy. Resolutions of thanks to the donors and to Mr. Curtis were adopted, and the proceedings terminated.

AMUSEMENTS.

Yale College Glee Club.

The Yale College Glee Club had its promised concert at Steinway Hall last evening. The audience was numerous and kindly. The programme interpreted has already been rehearsed in this City. It consisted principally of college songs, given by a double quartet, which was not badly balanced, but which would assuredly have been richer in sound had a proportion as good as that of a single quartet occasionally listened to been maintained in its composition. "I-reel," "Bingo," "Peter Gray," "Menagerie," "Springfield Mountain" and "Upidee," were the special pieces rendered. Mr. Elliott, a member of the Club, was the pianist, and played with a brillancy that was enhanced by those rarest of accompaniments to the execution of most amateurs—correctness of reading and clearness of execution.

Musical Notes.

The first performance of Donizetti's "Maria de Rohan," at the Union League Theater, was so emphatic a success that it is to be repeated on the evening of April 18. The former performance was directed, it will be remembered, by Signor Ronconi, and the coming one will be under the same excellent auspices. Those who have not yet been so fortunate as to witness Signor Ronconi's superb performance of *Chevreuse*, should not miss this opportunity; and no fear need be felt lest the support rendered him by the amateurs or professionals who are to assist, will be unworthy of association with even so distinguished and admirable an artist.

A charitable institution, which has for many years done a world of good in assisting the respectable and hard working women of the indigent classes at a time when they most need womanly succor, holds its forty-seventh anniversary on Wednesday, the 20th inst. We trust that the benevolent ladies who manage the Lying-in Hospital, No. 82 Marion-street, will meet a hearty response from the public whom they have invited.

Mr. Julius Schuberth's festival soirée on Saturday evening last was one of the finest concerts of the season. It was given in honor of Abbé Franz Liszt, and a considerable number of eminent artists aided in the programme. Among these were Mrs. Emily Davison, Miss Clara Perl, Mr. S. B. Mills, Mr. H. Kowalski, Mr. von Inten, Mr. C. Werner, Mr. Hugo Bussmyer and Mr. Julius Schuberth. The first part consisted of miscellaneous selections of a high order, and the second exclusively of the compositions of Liszt. A very delightful concert was followed up by an entertainment given by Mr. Schuberth at his rooms in Broadway, where a large company of invited guests were the recipients of his hospitality. In all respects the affair was creditably conducted, and will long be remembered to the honor of the gentleman who conceived and carried it into effect.

It is well known that English missionary efforts have long been directed toward the Protestantizing of Spain, without, however, having achieved any success. The very first Spanish Protestant Church ever organized is the Episcopal Church of St. Jago in this City, the services of which are held in the French Protestant Church in Twenty-second-street. To aid this not very affluent institution, the amateurs whom we have already announced as intending to produce Donizetti's "Elisir d'Amore" at the Union Club Theater, namely, Mrs. Davison, Miss Powell, Dr. Ghislani Durant and Señor Martinez, directed by Signor Albites, will repeat that performance on Thursday, the 21st inst., at the same place, as a matinée. Thanks to the influence of the lady patronesses of the Woman's Hospital, the tickets for the Tuesday are already disposed of, therefore the matinée of the Thursday will afford the only opportunity for the general public to witness a performance from which much is expected.

Election Frauds—The Justiceship of the Seventh District—Who Was Elected?

In the Supreme Court Chambers yesterday, before Judge Brady, the case of the People on the relation of Henry Murray *vs.* James E. Coulter was brought on, and argument was heard by Messrs. E. W. Stoughton and E. R. Meade for the defendant, and by Mr. J. K. Porter, representing the Attorney-General, in behalf of the plaintiffs. The action was commenced by the Attorney-General in February last, in pursuance of the statute, to oust the defendant, Coulter, from the office of Police Justice of the Seventh Judicial District of this City. The allegations are that great frauds were perpetrated in the canvassing of votes at the recent election. After this suit was initiated, it appears that the Attorney-General commenced a second action, some time in March last, from the complaint of which it seems that there was a mistake in the first complaint, and that one Jas. S. Masterson was duly elected, instead of either Henry Murray or Jas. E. Coulter.

The case came before the Court, yesterday, on a motion made by the defendant to dismiss the first suit, on the ground that the people of the State, through their Attorney-General, Mr. M. B. Champlain, have elected to proceed with the Masterson suit instead of that initiated by Henry Murray; or if that motion is denied, Messrs. Stoughton and E. R. Meade asked that all proceedings in the first suit should be stayed until a trial and decision in the latter. The decision of the Court was reserved.

Orphan Asylum Society of the City of New-York.

The sixty-fourth anniversary of the Orphan Asylum of the City of New-York was held at Steinway Hall yesterday afternoon, a large gathering being present.

Rev. Dr. Hall read the annual report, from which it appeared that not a single case of disease or death had occurred in the institution during the year, that its funds have been increased to the amount of $2,500 by legacies, and that it has a balance in the treasury of $48 49 on the current account and $139 80 on general account. By the sale of its real estate the managers of the institution will be able, they hope, to raise a sum sufficient to pay for the new asylum. Dr. Hall also made a brief address in which he spoke of the claims of the orphans on our sympathies, and said that after inspection of the asylum he had felt convinced that it is one of the most useful institutions in our Metropolis and one of the most admirably managed.

The anniversary hymn was then sung and the further exercises consisted of recitations, dialogues, songs, &c., by the children.

Heavy Bond Robbery in Exchange-Place.

About noon of yesterday Mr. George W. Thomas, a broker doing business at No. 42 Exchange-place, called at the office of Messrs. Dabney, Morgan & Co., at No. 53 Exchange-place, and purchased sixty-two seven per cent. $1,000 bonds of the Kansas Pacific Railroad. Soon after the purchase had been made the selling firm sent the bonds in care of a clerk and one of the porters to the office of Mr. Thomas with an order to obtain the purchase money. When they arrived at the office Mr. Thomas met them, received the bonds and remarking that he would be back in a few minutes, went to get the necessary checks. He did not return, however, and the clerk was unable to find him, nor had Mr. Thomas been heard from up to midnight, and the bonds were still missing at last advices. It is believed to be a deliberately-planned robbery, as none of the other members of Mr. Thomas' firm have any knowledge of the transaction in bonds as made by their missing partner. The headquarters detectives were last night placed in possession of the facts, and are in search of the missing broker.

Seizure of Smuggled Diamonds.

Between $10,000 and $12,000 worth of diamonds were seized on Friday last by Messrs. Lee, Burton and Miller, Custom-house officers, on suspicion of having been smuggled. They were found secreted on the person of a London Jew, named Williams, a passenger by the German steam-ship *Main*, which arrived at this port on that day. Some of the stones were discovered to be set in bracelets

GENERAL TELEGRAMS.

EUROPE.

The City of Boston and the Underwriters—A Defense of the Officers of the Oneida—Agrarianism in Ireland.

LONDON, April 12.—The underwriters here commenced settling today for the steamship *City of Boston* as a total loss....Capt. MEYER, of the steamer *Saxonia*, which arrived at Southampton yesterday, from New-Orleans, reports the prevalence of heavy easterly gales and unusually high seas until the thirtieth degree of latitude was passed....Five thousand non-conformist ministers have waited on Mr. GLADSTONE recently to protest against the sectarian clauses of the Education bill....Capt. LACON publishes a communication in the *Pall Mall Gazette* this morning, wherein he defends the officers of the American steamer *Oneida*. He says since the order of the Council of Aug. 4, 1868, it is doubtful if there is any rule of the road at sea....*Chambers's Agricultural Journal* reports that good weather is working wonders everywhere in the crops. Wheat, which was previously suffering from drouth, is now in good condition. Beans and peas are coming up well, and the oats, barley and potato crops promise well.

DUBLIN, April 12.—Another agrarian outrage has been perpetrated in Ireland. Last night a man named KIRWAN, an overseer for Mr. CLARKE, at Holycross, Cavan County, was assassinated. No clew has been obtained to the murderers.

The French Emperor and the Plebiscitum—Workmen on a Strike Stopping Others from Working—Arrests for Preventing the Removal of Revolutionary Placards.

PARIS, April 12.—Efforts were made today to persuade the Emperor to make some concessions in regard to the *plebiscitum*, but they met with no success; so the resignation of Count DARU is considered certain. In the Corps Legislatif today it was announced that M. SEGRIS had been appointed Minister of Finance, vice M. BUFFET, resigned, and that M. MAURICE RICHARD would assume the portfolio of Public Instruction, in conjunction with the Department of Public Works until a successor to M. RICHARD is chosen. It was officially stated that no other Ministerial modification was expected until the *plebiscitum* had been voted by the people. M. OLLIVIER said he should ask the Chamber to-morrow to adjourn until after the vote on the *plebiscitum*, which would be submitted to the nation between the 1st and the 9th of May....The International Society of Workmen will take charge of the families of the men who have been sentenced to imprisonment for taking part in the riots at La Creuzot. The workmen there show no signs of returning to labor. A gang of five hundred iron workers have gone from Fourchambault to Fortoren. On their arrival there they entered a foundry and put a stop to work, but they have committed no violence....The Emperor has appointed a commission to consider the political status of ocean telegraph cables and to report what, if any, technical or international obstacles there may be to their absolute neutrality....Yesterday, during the review of the troops, an unknown man created considerable disturbance in the crowd by shouting vengeance against the Emperor. He was taken into custody. No arms were found on his person....Thirty persons were arrested yesterday for having tried to prevent the Police from tearing down revolutionary placards.

The Killed and Wounded at Barcelona—The Pope and the Spanish Clergy—Infallibility.

MADRID, April 12.—The losses in the fighting at the Gracia suburb of Barcelona, were not so light as they were represented to be. Of the insurgents, nineteen are known to have been killed and ten wounded. Besides these, many of the wounded were taken home by their friends, and it is impossible to ascertain their exact number. The troops lost two men killed and thirteen wounded. It is officially reported that the outbreak was not prompted by hostility to the conscription alone, but socialistic and partisan agitators were also at work to heighten the discontent of the citizens....A Paris dispatch says several Carlist chieftains have succeeded in entering Spain; and news of fresh insurrections is looked for.

ROME, April 12.—The Archbishop of Baltimore has published a sharp reply to the recent letter of Orleans. The last chapter of the first *schema* of the dogma of Papal infallibility will be voted upon today. The opponents of the dogma will be required to vote in writing.

PARIS, April 12.—The answer of Count DARU to Cardinal ANTONELLI's note is expected to reach Rome to-morrow....The Court of Rome has decided to forbid the clergy of Spain from taking the oath to the new Constitution.

The House of Commons—Adjournment Over the Easter Holidays.

LONDON, April 12.—In the House of Commons today Mr. GLADSTONE moved that, on rising, the House adjourn until the 25th inst. Mr. BRUCE, Home Secretary, said the Government was earnestly working to introduce a bill providing for a complete licensing system, which he hoped the House would be ready to pass soon after the holidays. Mr. GLADSTONE, in reply to Lord ELCHO's disclaimer of any disposition to offer a factious opposition to the Irish Land bill, said the debate thus far had been barren and unprofitable, and he hoped it would not be renewed until after Easter. The bill contained no assault on property; yet little progress had been made. It was said that the Government had undertaken too much. If so, the vacillation of the House had thrown heavy additional work on the Government. Sir J. PAKINGTON thought the progress of the House this session was unprecedentedly slow; yet neither party was to blame for the delay, which was due to the new and complicated questions which had been brought up. As for himself, he sincerely desired to see the way cleared for the Education bill. The motion to adjourn to the 25th inst. was carried. Notices were given of various motions, among them one by Sir J. PAKINGTON for the appointment of a Commission to investigate the recent great losses of life at sea in connection with the loading and inspection of vessels. The report of the Committee of Ways and Means was adopted; after which the House adjourned for the holidays.

CANADA.

The Red River Expedition—Active Preparations—A St. John, N. B., Pilot Supposed to be Lost With all Hands.

TORONTO, Ontario, April 12.—The preparations for the Red River expedition are being vigorously pushed forward. Supplies of tents, horses and wagons and other necessaries for transport and commissariat purposes are already ordered, and a steamer is chartered to leave on the 2d of May with men to work on the road to be traversed by the troops.

ST. JOHN, N. B., April 12.—The new pilot-boat *John Mullen* left here eight days ago for a cruise in the Bay, and has not since been heard of. It is feared she is lost with all on board.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Importing via New-York—The Question of Entering Goods Here—Tin—Fire in a Mine—The Negro Vote.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12.—The importers of this city met yesterday to discuss the question whether it be necessary to enter in the New-York Custom-house goods in transition from Europe, overland from New-York to San Francisco.

A committee was appointed to investigate the subject, and, if possible, to secure relief from the onerous duties now imposed by the present regulation....The first bar of tin ever made in the United States has been presented to the Secretary of the California Pioneers. It is eight inches long, four inches wide and two inches thick. The bar is appropriately inscribed. ....The fire is still burning in the North shaft of the Amador Mine. The stock declined from 370 to 270 per share, causing a panic among the stockholders. A heavy snow and rain-storm prevailed in the Sierra Nevada mountains last night, and caused considerable damage to Virginia City....At the municipal election at San José. yesterday, the colored people were allowed to vote for the first time in California. The Democrats elected their candidate for Mayor.

MEXICO.

Opening of Congress—Financial Difficulties—The Rebellion—A Son of Santa Anna to be Shot—Forced Loans.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 4, via HAVANA, April 12.—The National Congress was opened on the 1st of April. President JUAREZ, in his Message, recommends the projected Tehuantepec ship canal. The Treasurer's report is a sad exhibit of the financial condition of the country. Señor ROMERO recommends the reconsideration of the free zone question. GARCIA DE CADENA and other rebel chiefs are still in the field, but with reduced forces. No recent engagements are reported. PLACIDO VEGA, with an army, threatens Mazatlan, and the Government has no troops there. The efforts made in California to assist him are known here. ANGEL SANTA ANNA, a son of the ex-dictator, had been captured, and was ordered to be shot on the 2d inst., but no report of his execution has been received. A combination of young men formed for the purpose of robbing churches has been discovered, and some of the conspirators have been imprisoned. Forced loans are being made throughout the Republic on foreigners. The publication of a Protestant newspaper has been begun in this city. The eruption of the volcano Cheboruseo ceased on the 25th ult.

THE WEST.

The St. Louis City Treasurership—A Quartermaster's Train Attacked by Whites Disguised as Indians—Invalid Soldiers' Votes in Ohio.

ST. LOUIS, April 12.—DWIGHT DUNKEE, an old and prominent citizen, has been appointed City Treasurer by Mayor COLE, vice SUSISKY. The defaulter, ADOLPHE KROEGER, who is charged with being instrumental in leading SUSISKY astray, was arrested today on charge of robbing the City Treasury of $23,000....Navigation is now open to St. Paul....A Quartermaster's train en route from Fort Sill, Indian Territory, to Fort Harker, while encamped on Bluff Creek, on the night of March 6, was attacked, and 139 animals stampeded. The attacking party were dressed like Indians, but it is believed by the military authorities that they were disguised whites.

ST. LOUIS, April 12—Evening.—A. E. KRAGER, who is alleged to be implicated in the defalcation of Mr. SUSISKY, the City Treasurer, was released to-day on $10,000 bonds.

CINCINNATI, April 12.—Judge MCMINNEY decided the Montgomery County, Ohio, election cases yesterday in favor of REESE, on the ground that the Republican candidate's majority was made up of the inmates of the National Soldiers' Home, and that the latter were not citizens of Ohio, and had no rights.

A Shooting Affair in Utah—One Man Killed.

CORRINNE, Utah, April 12.—At a meeting of the Road Commissioners of the County of Idaho, held at Malad City, yesterday, a dispute arose between a man named MURPHY, the owner of the toll road, and a gentleman present. MURPHY drew a revolver, when Sheriff MORGAN, of Oneida County, seized him, and in the scuffle grabbed the pistol, and was shot in the fleshy part of the thigh. MURPHY then left the building, followed by the Sheriff, who took the pistol from him. The Sheriff observing MURPHY make a motion as if to draw another weapon, shot him through the heart. He died instantly.

Depredations by the Indians—A Ride for Life.

SIDNEY, Nebraska, April 12.—The Indians run off about thirty head of cattle belonging to Mr. C. A. MOORE yesterday from a point five miles east of here. The loss was not discovered until today.

CHEYENNE, W. T., April 12.—Information was received from Fort Fetterman today, that the post-guide was attacked this morning by twenty Sioux Indians while setting traps within two miles of the post. He succeeded, after a hard ride, in making his escape.

THE SOUTH.

Operations of Auditor Wickliffe of New-Orleans—Seventy Thousand Dollars Realized on Alleged Fraudulent Warrants—Disappearance of the Auditor.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 12.—Ex-Auditor WICKLIFFE, Saturday night went to the private residence of a broker and sold him $150,000 worth of State warrants, receiving $70,000 cash. Auditor GRAHAM states that said bonds were fraudulently issued. WICKLIFFE has disappeared, but his confidential agent, MUSHWAY, called on the broker for the balance of the money today and was arrested, and $15,000 was recovered. Auditor GRAHAM publishes a card cautioning the public against trading for warrants issued by WICKLIFFE.

NEW-YORK ROUGHS RAMPANT.

The Kerrigan-Touhey Prize-Fight Broken Up—One of the Principals and Ninety Abettors Arrested—Outrages by the Thieves in Milford.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 12.—Promptly on receiving notice of the contemplated prize-fight at Charles Island to-day, Gov. JEWELL telegraphed to Sheriff HOTCHKISS, of New-Haven County, and Adjutant-General MERWIN, giving authority for calling out the militia, and giving instructions to arrest as many of the party as possible. The news of the successful bagging of the party gives much satisfaction here.

NEW-HAVEN, Conn., April 12.—A prize fight, announced to come off at Charles Island, near Milford, Conn., was broken up by the State militia, under Gen. MERWIN, of Gov. JEWELL's staff, and Sheriff HOTCHKISS, of New-Haven County. KERRIGAN, one of the principals, was arrested, together with MALOY and EDGE, who were to fight in the same ring, and about ninety roughs, and are now lodged in jail in this city. TOUHEY, who was to fight KERRIGAN, left New-York in a small steam-tug, which encountered a storm on the Sound and put into Bridgeport, where TOUHEY, hearing of the intended raid, left for New-York on the first train. The crowd sacked many houses in Milford, robbed people in the streets, and was one of the most desperate gangs that ever left New-York. The five military companies acted promptly, and at one time a severe fight was thought imminent. The roughs will have a hearing before Judge ROBINSON to-morrow morning.

FIRES.

Partial Destruction of Forestville, N. Y.—Loss $100,000—Flour Mill in Ohio Burned

FORESTVILLE, Chautauqua County, N. Y., April 12.—The principal portion of this town was burned last night. The fire was caused by the explosion of a lamp in STRAIGHT & BROTHERS' store. The principal losers are: C. SCOTT, dwelling and hardware store; BROWN & PIERCE, store; DEE & CO., stove store; A. J. WEBB, store and dwelling; Miss T. B. SLEEPER, milliners' shop; STRAIGHT & BROTHER, store; C. D. ANGELL, dwelling; A. P. PARSONS, dwelling, records and law office; PARSONS' law office and RUSSELL's barber-shop. The loss is estimated at $100,000. About one-half of that amount is covered by insurances.

DELAWARE, Ohio, April 12.—The Delaware City Flour Mill, owned by C. E. HILLS & Co., was destroyed by fire on Saturday night. The loss is $20,000, and is insured for $11,000 in different companies.

A Fatal Fight Between United States Seamen at Key West.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Commander IRWIN, of the United States steamer *Yantic*, reports to the Navy Department from Key West, April 3, that JOHN GIBNEY, an ordinary seaman of that vessel, was killed on shore on the night of the 2d inst., and that EDWARD KELLY and RICHARD KEEGAN, of the crew, were wounded. It appears that a few of the men had been given evening liberty, and KELLY and SHAW, another of the crew, became engaged in a fight. GIBNEY and KEEGAN attempted to separate them, when SHAW drew a razor with which he killed GIBNEY and wounded KELLY and KEEGAN. SHAW was arrested by the civil authorities, by whom he is now held for trial.

Universalists Convention of Rhode Island

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 12.—The centenary of Universalism was observed by the Rhode Island Universalist Convention, in this city, this afternoon and evening. CHARLES E. CARPENTER was President, and WILLIAM S. JOHNSON Secretary. Addresses were made by Rev. E. G. BROOKS, of Philadelphia; A. SAXE, of Rochester; Rev. J. M. PULLMAN, E. C. BOLLES, of Brooklyn, N. Y.; J. H. CHAPIN, of Boston, and others. The Rhode Island proportion of the Murray centenary fund was raised, together with several thousand dollars for local denominational purposes.

The Albany Charter Election—Democratic Mayor and City Council Chosen.

ALBANY, April 12.—At the charter election here today, the Democrats elected their Mayor, GEO. H. THATCHER, three of the four Aldermen at large, ten of the sixteen Aldermen, and eight of the sixteen Supervisors. THATCHER's majority is between 2,000 and 3,000. ERASTUS CORNING, Jr., running on the Democratic ticket for Alderman at large, was defeated by WM. M. VAN ANTWERP. The following are the Aldermen elected at large: WM. M. VAN ANTWERP, Republican; ROBERT H. MOORE, JOHN EVERS, PHILIP FITZSIMONS, Democrats.

Miscellaneous Telegrams.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 12.—In Moonsocket, at daybreak this morning, the dead body of DANIEL LAPHAM, a young carpenter, was found in the street, where it had apparently lain for some hours. He had been shot through the head. A pistol was found in his hat near by. Murder is suspected, but it may be suicide.

BOSTON, April 12.—The mysterious disappearance of NELLIE BURNS, three years old, on the 31st of March, from the house of her parents, has caused the city authorities to offer a reward of $500 for her recovery.

NORWICH, Conn., April 12.—SAMUEL C. OSGOOD, a prominent merchant of this city, died this evening, after an illness of seven weeks. His age was fifty years.

CHICAGO, April 12.—The Fenian Congress in this city has been in secret session for two days, and may continue for the balance of the week. There are about 250 delegates present, many of them the oldest members of the Brotherhood. The Congress is very reticent as to their future policy.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 12.—The following gentlemen were today elected officers of the Board of Trade of this city: CHARLES J. CURTISS, President; ALFRED P. WRIGHT, Vice-President; and GEORGE M. TOWNSEND, Treasurer.

NEW-JERSEY ELECTIONS.

Results of the Local Contests—Large Republican Gains—The Vote of the Colored Men.

On Monday, elections for town officers took place in the towns of Clinton, Belleville, Woodside, West Orange, South Orange, Milburn, Caldwell, Springfield, and New-Providence, in Essex County, N. J. The result was a Republican victory. Five of the townships were carried by the Republicans, two by Democrats, and one by a Union ticket.

In Clinton the vote was larger than that cast at the general election last Fall. The Republican ticket was elected. Peter Sandford was elected for Chosen Freeholder by a majority of 55; Henry Meeker, 46. For Justices of the Peace Joseph L Wade received 36 majority; Reuben W. Osborn, 30. Mahlon Stockman was elected Collector without opposition.

In Belleville twenty colored votes were cast, and a colored man, Benjamin Brown, was elected Road-master. Henry Osborne, Republican, was elected Collector. John W. Dow, Theodore Sandford, Alexander Phillips and Henry B. Duncan, Republicans, Justices of the Peace; Theodore Sandford and Hy. Duncan, Republicans, Chosen Freeholders.

In Woodside the Republican ticket was elected as follows: Assessor, Elias Osborn; Collector, James S. Gamble, 102 majority; Town Clerk, James Swinnerton, Jr.; Justice of the Peace, Elias Osborn, 137 majority; Town Committee—Charles Akers, Miles I'Anson, Joseph I. Dowling, Horace Carter, John McMullen; Chosen Freeholders—Horace H. Nichols, James Moore, 84 majority.

In West Orange the regular ticket was successful. Abram P. Williams was elected Collector by a majority of 97. Chosen Freeholders—Thomas O. Woodruff, Charles Williams. Justice of the Peace—James Mager.

In South Orange the Democratic ticket was elected by a majority of 50. Moses P. Smith was elected Collector, Aaron Baldwin and Moses P. Smith, Chosen Freeholders. George B. Tarrill (Republican) was elected President of the Corporation.

In Milburn the Republican candidates were elected by the following majorities: Collector Beirl Hagaman, 21; Chosen Freeholders, Edward 7; Whittingham, 7; John McLaughlan, 44.

In Caldwell the Democratic ticket obtained an average majority of 75. Matthias Canfield was elected Collector; George Lane and William B. Allen, Chosen Freeholders; Henry Dey and Matthias S. Canfield, Justices of the Peace.

In Springfield Aaron D. Soper was elected Collector, Samuel C. Smith Chosen Freeholder; both Republicans.

In New-Providence the Republicans were victorious. John T. Wilcox was elected Collector, W. A. Ostrander Chosen Freeholder.

The new board of Freeholders of Essex County will stand twenty-two Republicans to fifteen Democrats.

The town election in Morristown resulted in a Democratic victory by a majority of 119.

Full returns from the nine wards of the City of Paterson show that in the election of Monday five Democratic and four Republican Aldermen were elected. Henry Hopper, Democratic candidate in the First Ward, was elected by 7 majority, the balance of those chosen in that ward being Republicans. Henry Koehler, (Democrat,) was elected Alderman in the Ninth Ward by a majority of 2. Archie Henderson, (Republican,) candidate for City Clerk, ran ahead of his ticket and is elected by a handsome majority. Of the Board of Chosen Freeholders for Passaic County eight are Republicans and seven Democrats.

In Aquackonock Township Judge H. P. Summer was defeated for Collector by 39 majority. David Campbell; Jr., being elected. The issue here was more a local than a political one.

In Pompton the Democratic ticket was elected entire.

The negroes voted quite generally, but there was no disturbance, and no ill-feeling was manifested on either side.

The result of the charter election in Trenton on Monday was as follows: Napton, Democrat, for Mayor, 314 majority; Shepard, Democrat, School Superintendent, 279 majority; Bigelow, Republican, Receiver of Taxes, 63 majority. Board of Freeholders—The Republicans elected Cogill, Johnston and Moses, 3; the Democrats elected Briest and Cook, 2. The Board will stand 8 Republicans and 5 Democrats. Common Council—The Republicans elected, in the First Ward, Belville and Owens; Second Ward, Cook; Third Ward, Exton; Fourth Ward, Noble; Fifth Ward, Box. The Democrats elected Wilson in the Sixth Ward. The Board stands 10 Republicans and 10 Democrats, with a tie in the Seventh Ward, where a special election will be held, upon the result of which the political control of the city government will depend, involving the appointment of the Police, Street Commissioners, City Surveyor, Overseer of the Poor, City Solicitor, Sealer of Weights and Measures, City Physicians, City Clerk, Police Justices and City Treasurer. One hundred and eighty-five votes were polled by colored citizens. For some years past the city has given from 400 to 500 Democratic majority.

Yesterday an election for city and town officers was held in the cities and towns of Hudson County, N. J. It was the first election in the consolidated city of Jersey City, which comprises the cities of Bergen, Hudson City and Jersey City. The candidates for Mayor were H. O'Neill and Daniel McLeod. The subject of the construction of avenues running north and south through the county, which had been before the people during a year past, was also voted upon, the question having been submitted to the people by the last Legislature. The election drew out a large vote, and this fact, together with the variety of tickets in the field, prevented the judges of election from making their returns up to 1½ o'clock this morning. At that hour no complete returns had been received from any ward, and no indications had been given by which any result could be surmised. The conduct at the polls, taken throughout, was quieter than was anticipated. Seven arrests were made of persons who attempted to vote illegally. All were committed for examination. As far as known there were no New-York repeaters in the city. The liquor saloons were very generally closed, but a few arrests for minor disturbances were made. The most serious of these was a fight which occurred in the afternoon at the poll of the First District of the Second Ward, during which Michael Kilcauley, the Democratic candidate, was roughly assaulted. The disturbance originated in the challenging of a man named Cain, when the challenger was assaulted, and a general melee ensued. The parties were arrested.

A pond in Preston, Conn., has furnished to an angler a trout weighing four and a quarter pounds, and measuring eighteen inches in length and fourteen in circumference. Lake Winnipiseogee, in New-Hampshire, if we may credit the Concord *Patriot*, has just furnished a lake trout weighing twenty-one pounds, and measuring two feet and nine inches in length and about eight inches through the body.

EUROPEAN NEWS BY MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE CITY OF LONDON AND HOLSATIA.

The Inman steam-ship *City of London*, which left Liverpool on March 31, and Queenstown April 1, and the Hamburg steam-ship *Holsatia*, from Hamburg March 31, and Havre April 2, both reached this port yesterday. The latest news thus received is fresher by two days than that at hand by the *Nevada*. Capt. MEIER, of the *Holsatia*, will accept our thanks for the most recent continental journals.

Figaro announces the death at Boulogne, near Paris, of the painter MONVOISIN. He was eighty years of age. The journals also announce the death at Bougival, of M. AUGUSTE LIREUX, aged fifty-six, founder of the *Patrie*, and also of the *Semaine Financière*. The deceased was formerly manager of the Odeon Theater.

Prince PIERRE BONAPARTE had arrived home at Auteuil, with the Princess and their two children. The Prince immediately withdrew to his chamber, and announced his intention of not receiving any one. His cousin, Prince LUCIEN MURAT, however, called on him to congratulate him. The house continued to be guarded by Police agents.

A Brussels letter, in the *Journal de Liége*, says: "The *Gaulois* of Paris publishes very unfavorable accounts of the Princess CHARLOTTE; according to that print, her state has become much worse, and an intense fever prevents her from leaving her bed; in a word, her situation is said to be almost desperate. I know from the best authority that there is happily not a word of truth in that statement."

A bill had been brought into the Madrid Cortes for the better regulation of certain ecclesiastical matters. The Government renounces the right it has hitherto exercised of forbidding the promulgation of Papal Bulls in Spain until they should have received the *exequatur*. But, while leaving the Bishops perfect freedom in this and other spiritual matters, it annuls their temporal jurisdiction and deprives them of the power of changing and removing the *curas* or parish priests—a power that, according to the *Times* correspondent, has often been grossly abused for political objects, especially in the case of the Carlist plots and insurrections so frequent in that country.

Lord DERBY presided, on March 30, over the first annual meeting of the Society for Organizing Charitable Relief, which was held at Willis' Rooms. The noble Earl alluded to the rapid increase of pauperism, which he believed was largely attributable to the indiscriminate manner in which the poor were relieved by the various charitable societies acting independently of each other. A plan of organization, shadowed forth in the Society's report, was approved of, and a very decided opinion was expressed by the meeting that no satisfactory remedies for the evils of an increasing pauperism can be devised until the cooperation of the various charitable agencies in the metropolis has been attained. The Bishop of Winchester, Sir C. TREVELYAN, Lord LICHFIELD and Canon GREGORY were among the speakers.

The seventy-second anniversary festival of the Royal Masonic Institution for Boys was duly celebrated in London, on March 30. The Prince of Wales, responding to a toast, remarked: "Brethren, much has been said against Freemasonry by those who do not know what it is. People naturally say they do not approve secret societies; but I maintain that the craft is free from the reproach of being either disloyal or irreligious; and I am sure you will all support me in that assertion, for I am convinced that Her Majesty has no more loyal subjects than are the Freemasons of England. Brethren, I desire to remind you that when, about seventy years ago, it became necessary for the Government of that day to put down secret societies, my relative, the late Duke of SUSSEX, urged in his place in Parliament that Freemasons' lodges ought to be exempt from such a law, and the force of his appeal was acknowledged. From that time Freemasonry has been devoid of politics, its only object being the pure and Christian one of charity. Brethren, I once more thank you heartily for the welcome you have given me this evening, and let me assure you that the interests of Freemasonry shall be always upheld and respected by me."

A manifestation took place on March 28, at the Ecole de Médecine, in connection with the late trial at Tours. The amphitheater was nearly full when Dr. TARDIEU entered, and took the chair to commence his lecture. Some applause was heard, mingled with hisses and cries of "A la porte, BONAPARTE!" "Vive VICTOR NOIR!" The Professor said: "Gentlemen, you surely cannot think of making me responsible for what has occurred." "Yes, yes, *a la porte!* Go to the Tuileries!" "Gentlemen," retorted the Doctor, "your insults cannot affect me; I will, if you please, explain to you what I said in Court." He then entered into some details to show that the pistol-shot must have been fired in front, and that the bruise on the Prince's face could only have been the effect of a blow. "Only," he added, "I observed that in the report Dr. MOREL omitted to tell us on what part of the cheek the contusion was seen; and thence arose the disputes with which you are acquainted." "That is not the question," said the students, "tell us about the gloves and the hat which NOIR had in his right hand." "I cannot," said Dr. TARDIEU, "enter into any political considerations. If any of you are unwilling to hear me, let them withdraw." "Yes, yes," said they, "and you had better be off to the Tuileries." The Professor then declared that he could no longer tolerate such a colloquy, and quitted the chair, on which the students also withdrew, but without any tumultuous manifestations in the street. Other demonstrations adverted to by telegraph, followed a few days afterward, and were ended, as the cable has already apprised us, in the closing of the *cours*.

CONSTITUTIONAL FRANCE.

Complete Text of the New Senatus Consultum.

The following is the draft of the Senatus Consultum laid before the Senate on March 28:

1. The Senate shares the legislative power with the Emperor and the Legislative Body. It has the initiating of laws.

Nevertheless, every law imposing taxes must first be voted by the Legislative Body.

2. The number of Senators may be increased to two-thirds of the number of the Legislative Body, not including the Senators who sit by right. The Emperor cannot nominate more than twenty Senators annually.

3. The constituent power belonging to the Senate by the articles 31 and 32 of the Constitution of 14th January, 1854, ceases to exist.

4. The stipulations annexed to the present Senatus Consultum, which are comprised in the *plebiscita* of 14—21 December, 1851, 21, 22, November, 1859, or resulting therefrom, form the Constitution of the Empire.

5. The Constitution can only be modified by the people on the proposition of the Emperor.

6. Paragraph 2 of the twenty-fifth article, and the articles 19, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 35, 40, 41, 52 and 57 of the Constitution, as well as all stipulations contrary to the present Senatus Consultum, are abrogated, without prejudice to the abrogation resulting from the *plebiscitum* of the 21st and 22d November, 1852, and Senatus Consulta promulgated, notably that of 8th September, 1869.

7. Those portions of the Constitution of 14th January, 1852, and of the Senatus Consulta since promulgated, which were not abrogated formally or by implication or are not reproduced in the appendix to article 4, will have the force of law.

I.

1. The Constitution recognizes, confirms and guarantees the great principles proclaimed in 1789, on which are founded the public rights of the French people.

II.—OF THE IMPERIAL DIGNITY AND OF THE REGENCY.

2. The Imperial dignity conferred on NAPOLEON III. by the *plebiscitum* of 21st and 22d of November, 1852, is hereditary in the direct and legitimate male descendants of LOUIS NAPOLEON BONAPARTE, according to the line of primogeniture, to the perpetual exclusion of females and their descendants.

3. Should NAPOLEON III. have no male child, he may adopt the legitimate children and descendants of the brothers of NAPOLEON I. A law regulates the mode of adoption. If after such adoption male issue should be born to NAPOLEON III., his adopted sons will not be entitled to succeed him unless after his legitimate descendants. Adoption is prohibited to the successors of NAPOLEON III. and their descendants.

4. In default of a direct legitimate or adopted heir, the succession to the throne will be to the Prince NAPOLEON BONAPARTE and his male descendants in the order of primogeniture, to the perpetual exclusion of females and their descendants.

5. In default of a legitimate or adopted heir to NAPOLEON III., and of collateral heirs according to the article preceding, the people will choose the Emperor, and regulate in his family the male hereditary succession, to the perpetual exclusion of females and their descendants. The project of a *plebiscitum* will be determined successively by the Senate and the Legislative Body, on the proposal of the Ministers in Council. Until the election of a new Emperor is completed, State affairs will be conducted by the Ministers in Council, and decided according to a majority of votes.

6. The members of the family of NAPOLEON III., entitled to the succession, and their descendants of both sexes, will form the Imperial family. They will not be entitled to marry without the consent of the Emperor. Without such consent their marriage will deprive them of their right of succession, and this deprivation will extend to their descendants. Nevertheless, if no child should exist of such a marriage, or in the event of its dissolution by death, the Prince who had contracted it shall recover his rights of succession. The Emperor will decide as to the titles and positions of the other members of the family. He has full authority over them, and will regulate by statutes their duties and their rights.

7. The Regency of the Empire will be regulated by the Senatus Consultum of 17th July, 1856, and in certain cases by the paragraph 3 of article 5. The Legislative Body will be convoked at the same time as the Senate. In the case referred to in the paragraph following, the votes of the Legislative Body will agree with those of the Senate for the election of Regent.

8. The members of the Imperial family, with rights of succession, will take the title of Prince, the eldest son of the Emperor will bear the title of Prince Imperial.

9. The Princes will be members of the Senate and of the Council of State on attaining the age of eighteen complete, but they cannot sit there unless with the consent of the Emperor.

III.—FORM OF THE IMPERIAL GOVERNMENT.

10. The Emperor governs with the concurrence of the Ministers, of the Senate, of the Legislative Body, and of the Council of the State.

11. The legislative power will be exercised collectively by the Emperor, the Senate, and the Legislative Body.

12. The initiative of laws will belong to the Emperor, to the Senate and Legislative Body. Nevertheless, laws relating to imposts must first be voted by the Legislative Body.

IV.—THE EMPEROR.

13. The Emperor is responsible to the French nation, to whom he has always the right of appeal.

14. The Emperor is Chief of the State. He commands the forces naval and military; declares war; makes treaties of peace, of alliance, and of commerce; appoints to all offices; and issues the decrees and rules necessary for the execution of the laws.

15. Justice is administered in his name.

16. He has the right of pardon and amnesty.

17. He sanctions and promulgates the laws.

18. Future modifications of laws, or customs, tariffs, or of the post of international treaties, will only be binding by virtue of a law.

19. Ministers depend solely on the Emperor only, and sit in Council under his presidency. They are responsible.

20. Ministers may be members of the Senate and of the Legislative Body. They have the entrée to either assembly, and are entitled to be heard when they desire it.

21. The Ministers, the members of the Senate—of the Legislative Body and of the Council of State—naval and military officers, magistrates and public functionaries, will take the following oath: "I swear obedience to the Constitution and fidelity to the Emperor."

22. The Senatus Consulta on the dotation of the Crown and Civil List of the 12th of December, 1852, and the 23d of April, 1856, remain in force. In future the dotation of the Crown and Civil List will be fixed for the whole reign by the Legislature which meets after the succession of the Emperor.

V.—THE SENATE.

23. The Senate will be composed—

(1) Of Cardinals, Marshals, Admirals.

(2) Of citizens whom the Emperor raises to the dignity of senators.

24. The Senators are for life and irremovable.

25. Their number may be raised to two-thirds of the number of the Legislative Body. The Emperor cannot name more than twenty Senators in the year.

26. The President and Vice-President of the Senate are to be nominated by the Emperor. The Emperor convokes and prorogues the Senate. The sittings of the Senate will be public. The demand of five members will suffice for it to form itself into a secret committee.

27. The Senate is the guardian of the fundamental pact and of the public liberties. It discusses and votes the projects of law and of taxation.

VI.—CORPS LEGISLATIF.

28. The election is based on population.

29. The Deputies will be elected by universal suffrage without scrutiny.

30. They will be elected for a period of not less than six years.

31. The Legislative Body will discuss and vote projects of law and of taxes.

32. It will choose at the commencement of each session the members who shall form its bureau.

33. The Emperor convokes, adjourns, prorogues and dissolves the Legislative Body. In the case of a dissolution, the Emperor must convoke the new body within six months.

34. Its sittings will be public. The demand of five members will suffice for its forming itself into a select committee.

VII.—COUNCIL OF STATE.

35. The Council of State, under the direction of the Emperor, is charged to put into form projects of law, and the regulations for the public administration, and to resolve difficulties that occur in administrative business.

36. The Council, in the name of the Government, will maintain the discussion of projects of law before the Senate and the Legislative Body.

37. The Ministers have rank, a seat, and a deliberative voice in the Council of State.

VIII.—PETITIONS.

38. The right to petition is to the Senate and the Legislative Body.

The members of the old ninth class of Public School No. 3 held their regular quarterly meeting last evening at Delmonico's, in Fourteenth-street. Mr. THADDEUS W. MEEHAN read a sketch of the late ROBERT D. HOLMES, who was a member of the Association. A bountiful collation was served, and speeches were made by F. W. SMYTH, J. W. GERARD, THOS. F. HARRISON and others.

Coroner FLYNN will hold an ante-mortem examination in the case of a man named SCANLON, who is now lying dangerously ill at No. 69 Madison-street, from the effects of stab wounds, received four weeks ago. The assailant is understood to be at large, having been released by a Magistrate on false representations

A Lesson in the Art of Decorating Utility.

The general use of silver, the "white gold" of the Egyptians, has always accompanied high civilization. Less gorgeous than gold, it is more satisfying to the eye, and, like gold, neither rusts nor corrodes by the action of the atmosphere. It has extraordinary malleability; can be beaten into leaf 1-100,000 of an inch in thickness, and drawn into wire measuring 400 feet to the grain, yet is so firm and tenacious that a wire one-twelfth of an inch in diameter will support a weight of 188 pounds. These qualities have made silver the favorite metal for the finer domestic uses in all times. The use of ornamental articles made from silver is mentioned in the Old Testament and by ancient writers. In Rome it was applied to the domestic uses, and was also used by the superstitious, as it has ever been, for votive offerings to the saints. That the silversmiths' art in ancient Rome was not carried to a high pitch, may be inferred from the fact that when CONSTANTINE the Great wished to make a present to the Roman churches he bought his silver in bulk and apportioned it out, allotting a certain number of pounds to each church, to be beaten and melted into chalices, cups, candlesticks, &c., after it was received. Such a present would be disastrous to a poor congregation in our day, when the cost of work done on silverware varies from four to fifty times the value of the metal used. In the middle ages Limoges became very much celebrated for its silverwork, and later, Paris. In the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries, the art was so highly esteemed at Paris that BENVENUTO CELLINI, the great Italian silversmith, was received on his visit at the French Court with little less than royal honors. A palace was given him for a workshop, and a present of 800 crowns, besides a pension of 600 crowns per annum to live upon. Some beautiful designs—since consigned by avarice to the melting-pot—were, in that age, perpetuated in silver, passing generally into the hands of the wealthy monasteries and powerful nobles. But the methods of working were still very slow and cumbrous. At London and Birmingham, the great centers of the trade during the first half of this century, the metal was manufactured in the same blacksmith style, with forge, hammer and file; but in the last twenty years, since the art of working in silver has been extensively practised in our own inventive land, more important improvements have been made in it than during many centuries before. Most of these improvements in the processes of manufacture have been introduced by a single great house—that of TIFFANY & Co., of this City—and it is by their productions that the superiority of American solid silver-ware is best illustrated.

The artisans who made the report of the silver-ware at the Exposition Universalle remarks: "TIFFANY & Co. have but a very small case of silver goods, but the articles exhibited are of a very superior class; nothing *equal to them in either the French or English departments;* altogether, they are lessons in the art of *decorating utility.*" Another report says of them: "Compared with works of a similar kind exhibited by other countries, they seem to be perfect in their class, having no rivals. While other exhibits rest principally upon rare and costly works, elaborated to the highest degree, this little display of the Americans rests upon humble work, proving that ordinary articles may be exalted and invested with a dignity that will entitle them to rank with the proudest achievements of industrial art."

The *London Art Journal* reluctantly acknowledges that these exhibits hold their own beside the best of England and France, and observes, with a genuine John Bull compassion for this untutored land: "The establishment of the Messrs. TIFFANY is the largest in the New World. It is of great importance, therefore, that they minister to pure taste in America; they are doing so, if we may judge from their contributions." The ELKINGTONS, of Birmingham, the largest manufacturers of silver-plated ware in the world, paid this ware a higher compliment than any words could do by buying a half dozen of the pieces directly from the show-case at retail prices after their offer to buy the whole lot was refused, and copying them exactly in their own manufactures, in order, probably, to "minister to a pure taste" in England. The pieces bought were all ordinary articles of household ware, and that was the very reason the Birmingham firm was so much struck by them. A massive tankard, or elaborate christening cup, to be produced only on State occasions, of artistic merit and great value, they could comprehend but an ice pitcher which was fit for every-day table use, and was at the same time a work of art that was a revelation to them.—*New-York Tribune.*

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WANTED IMMEDIATELY.—1,000 subscribers, $40 each, to purchase a building for "The Midnight Mission." Only $10 required now, balance within two years. The names are coming in rapidly. Send for last report. Address PLINY F. SMITH, Treasurer, No. 26 Nassau-st., (Continental Life Insurance Company,) New-York.—*Advertisement.*

NEW-YORK TIMES FOR EUROPE.

The EUROPEAN EDITION of the NEW-YORK TIMES is published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the publication office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS.

It will contain a full digest of Political, General and Local News up to the latest moment; a review of the Money and Produce Markets; all the Telegraphic News contained in the DAILY TIMES of this date; and such selections from the editorials and correspondence of the TIMES as may have interest for Americans residing abroad and for European subscribers.

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Sometimes a Cold Will Not Yield to ordinary remedies, because of the severe inflammation of the delicate lining of the tubes through which the air we breathe is distributed to the lungs. This obstruction produces pain and soreness, hoarseness, cough, difficulty of breathing, hectic fever, and a spitting of blood, matter or phlegm, finally exhausting the strength of the patient, and developing very serious disease. Dr. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT seldom fails to remove these symptoms by relieving the lungs of all obstructing matter, and healing all soreness. Pleurisy, Asthma and Bronchitis are likewise cured by this standard remedy, and the reputation it has maintained for over thirty years affords the best guarantee of its merit. Sold everywhere.

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Dandruff on the Head.

The most common, uncleanly and annoying disease which destroys the hair is Dandruff. To a lady or gentleman a scurfy or scaly head is an absolute annoyance. A head thus afflicted may be thoroughly cleansed, yet a few days will find it again covered with this scaly deposit. There is no physical law that warrants this accumulation on the head more than upon the face, or other parts of the body. It is a "thickened secretion" induced by an inability of the cuticle to exude it in its normal limpidity through the pores. There are more heads of hair lost from a diseased perspiratory fluid than from any other one cause. Those afflicted with scurfy or scaly heads should consult Dr. B. C. PERRY, Dermatologist, No. 49 Bond-st. His special treatment for this affliction, tones the skin, limpidises and exudes the morbid secretion, and imparts strength and vitality to the hair.

Fine Alderney Cattle

At auction THURSDAY, at 1 o'clock, by L. M. HOFFMAN'S SONS, No. 111 Pearl-st.

Batchelor's Hair Dye.—This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world. Harmless, reliable, instantaneous. Does not contain lead, nor any vitalic poison to produce paralysis and death. Avoid the vaunted and delusive preparations boasting virtues they do not possess. The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE has thirty years' reputation to uphold its integrity as the only perfect Hair Dye. Black or brown. Sold by all druggists. Applied at No. 16 Bond-st., New-York.

For Black Worms and Pimples on the face, use PERRY'S COMEDONE AND PIMPLE REMEDY, prepared only by Dr. B. C. PERRY, No. 49 Bond-st., New-York. Sold by all druggists.

To Ruptured Persons.—Dr. SHERMAN'S method is a guarantee cure. Office, No. 697 Broadway.

DIED.

BALDWIN.—At Orange, N. J., on Sunday, April 10, Rev. THERON BALDWIN, D. D., Secretary of the Western College Society.

Funeral on Friday, April 15, at Brick Church, Orange, N. J., at 2 o'clock P. M. Train leaves by Morris and Essex Railroad, foot of Barclay or Christopher sts., at 1 o'clock P. M. Returning trains reach New-York at 4:05 and 5:15 o'clock.

☞ At a special meeting of the New-York Consulting Committee of the Society for the Promotion of Collegiate and Theological Education at the West, on Monday, April 11, it was

Voted, That the Officers and Directors of this Society be requested to attend the services at the funeral of the late Senior Secretary, Rev. THERON BALDWIN, D. D., at Orange, N. J., and that this Committee will be present in a body.

GEORGE B. BACON,
Secretary Pro tem.

BARTHOLOMEW.—At Bloomfield, N. J., on Monday, April 11, of pneumonia, JAMES C. BARTHOLOMEW, aged 23 years.

Funeral services at his father's residence, this Wednesday, the 13th inst., at 3½ o'clock P. M. Train leaves foot Barclay-st. at 2 P. M. Interment at Green-Wood on Thursday morning.

CUNNINGHAM.—In Philadelphia, on Sunday morning, April 10, of pneumonia, NELLIE, second daughter of Winthrop and Martha Cunningham, aged 19 years.

FURGUSON.—On Monday, April 11, at his late residence at New-Monmouth, N. J., THOMAS M. FURGUSON.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral on Thursday, the 14th inst., at 10 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at Pier No. 32, North River, foot Duane-st., on the arrival of steamer *Jessie Hoyt*. The remains will be taken to Green-Wood.

HARRISON.—Suddenly, at his house in Ford County, Illinois, on Wednesday, April 6, LAWSON H., son of Stephen D. and M. R. Harrison, aged 24 years.

Funeral at the residence of his father, Bergen, N. J., Wednesday, 13th inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M. Carriages in waiting at Bergen-av. Station, Newark and New-York Railroad, from 1:12 till 2:23 o'clock.

MCVICKAR.—On Tuesday morning, April 12, JULIA E., wife of William Henry McVickar, and daughter of the late Thaddeus Phelps.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at St. Mark's Church, 2d-av., on Thursday afternoon, at 5 o'clock, without further notice.

M'CONVILL.—At Rochester, on Sunday, April 10, CARRIE, wife of Hon. John M'Convill, of Rochester and eldest daughter of A. V. Stout, of this City.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral at the residence of her father, No. 260 Madison-av., Wednesday, at 1 o'clock.

POWERS.—On Monday, April 11, at Greenville, N. J., at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Anna P. Jordan, JOHN POWERS, in the 88th year of his age.

The remains will be taken to Catskill, N. Y., for interment.

SCHERMERHORN.—On Monday, April 11, LUCIA N. SCHERMERHORN, daughter of Jas. S. Schermerhorn, of this City.

Funeral service at her late residence, No. 134 East 31st-st., on Thursday, 14th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M. Relatives and friends of her family, and of her uncle, Roe Lockwood, are invited to attend without further invitation. The remains will be taken to Bridgeport for interment.

☞ Bridgeport papers please copy.

SCHUCHARDT.—On Monday, April 11, F. W. L. SCHUCHARDT, youngest son of G. C. Schuchardt, of Frankfort-on-the-Main.

His friends and relatives, and those of his uncles, Frederick and Ferdinand Schuchardt, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral at St. Mark's Church on Wednesday, April 13, at 10 o'clock A. M., without further notice.

SPECK.—At Morrisania, Westchester County, on Monday, April 11, 1870, EVALINA, daughter of Adolph and Evalina Speck, aged 4 years, 11 months and 24 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the Potts Presbyterian Church on Wednesday, April 13, at 1 o'clock P. M. The remains will be taken to Woodlawn Cemetery.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP.

For all diseases of the lungs and respiratory organs. Schenck's Seaweed Tonic for dyspepsia and indigestion. Schenck's Mandrake Pills for liver complaints.

These popular medicines have now been before the public nearly forty years, and the reputation they have attained renders it useless to puff them. Thousands who have been benefited by their use testify to their merits.

It may be asked, by those who are not familiar with the virtues of these great remedies, "How do Dr. Schenck's medicines effect their wonderful cures of consumption?"

The answer is a simple one. They begin their work of restoration by bringing the stomach, liver and bowels into an active, healthy condition. It is food that cures this formidable disease. Schenck's Mandrake Pills act on the liver and stomach, promoting healthy secretion, and removing the bile and slime which have resulted from the inactive or torpid condition of these organs and of the system generally. This sluggish state of the body and the consequent accumulation of the unhealthy substances named, prevent the proper digestion of food, and as a natural consequence create disease, which results in prostration and finally in death.

Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, when taken regularly, mingle with the food, aid the digestive organs, make good, rich blood, and, as a natural consequence, give flesh and strength to the patient. Let the faculty say what it may, this is the only true cure for consumption. Experience has proved it beyond the shadow of a doubt, and thousands are today alive and well who a few years since were regarded as hopeless cases, but who were induced to try Dr. Schenck's remedies, and were restored to permanent health by their use.

Dr. Schenck's Almanac, containing a full treatise on the various forms of disease, his mode of treatment and general directions how to use his medicine, can be had gratis or sent by mail by addressing his principal office, No. 15 North 6th-st., Philadelphia, Penn.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, each, $1 50 per bottle, or $7 50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists and dealers. JOHN F. HENRY, No. 8 College-place, Wholesale Agent.

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POST-OFFICE NOTICE.

The mails for Europe during the week ending SATURDAY, April 16, 1870, will close at this office on TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 12 M., and at all the Stations as follows, viz.: A and B, 11¼; C and O, 11½; D and E, 11¼; F and G, 10¾.

P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

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THE

JOURNAL OF PSYCHOLOGICAL MEDICINE,

FOR APRIL, 1870.

A QUARTERLY REVIEW OF DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE, AND ANTHROPOLOGY.

Edited by

WILLIAM A. HAMMOND, M. D.,

Professor of Diseases of the Mind and Nervous System in the Bellevue Hospital Medical College.

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MAY NUMBER READY ON APRIL 16.

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No. 58 White-st., New-York.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The largest sales yesterday at the Exchange, were made by ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & Co., and some of the lots disposed of brought fair prices. A lot on the north-east corner of Eighty-eighth-street and Madison-avenue, 36.8x100.8, brought $12,500; another on the opposite corner, 25.8 on the avenue by 95, sold for $9,500. These sales were made to close the estate of REBECCA S. WHITLOCK, deceased. Eleven other lots in the immediate vicinity were withdrawn. Eight lots in the neighborhood of Tenth-avenue and One Hundred and Forty-first-street were also offered; of these two were sold, one on the north-west corner of St. Nicholas-avenue and One Hundred and Forty-first-street bringing $4,500, and an adjoining lot $4,000. The same firm also disposed of eight lots on One Hundred and Eighth-street, beginning at a lot 120 feet west of Third-avenue, each lot 20x100.11. The first four brought $1,200 each, and the remaining four, each $1,175. Four plots of land belonging to the estate of ABRAHAM VALENTINE, deceased, located at Yonkers, in Westchester County, were, in addition, sold. The entire farm contained forty-four acres of land, and is two miles distant from the City boundaries. Plot No. 1, containing 5.66 acres, brought $425 per acre; plot No. 2, 4.46 acres, $305 per acre; plot No. 3, 14.13 acres, $295 per acre, and plot No. 4, 19.84 acres, near the Woodlawn Depot, on the Harlem Railway, $325 per acre. A lot on East Twenty-seventh-street, in this City, between First and Second avenues, upon which was a frame house and stable, numbered 330, 25x98.9, brought $6,600. Various other lots of property were also offered, but there being no bidders they were withdrawn.

ROBERTS & MCGUIRE disposed of a lot on the south side of Jane-street, 75 feet east of Fourth-street, 20x66, for $4,845. The sale of the house and lot on Eighty-seventh-street, west of Third-avenue, which was advertised to be sold yesterday, was postponed for one week.

E. F. RAYMOND sold two lots on the south side of One Hundred and Twenty-second-street, 335 feet west of Third-avenue. Each lot brought $1,650.

JAMES M. MILLER sold lot No. 38, on the east side of Laurens-street, between Broome and Grand streets. The lot is 25x100, and brought $18,000.

A three-story brick house, Ohio-stone front, on Huntington street, in Brooklyn, 16.8x100, was sold by JOSEPH A. LEVY for $3,350.

The brown stone fronts, one situated in Lexington-avenue, and the other in West Thirty-second-street, offered by E. H. LUDLOW & Co., and a three-story brick dwelling-house, situated in Flushing-avenue, Brooklyn, offered by WM. KENNELLY, were withdrawn, as there were no bids made large enough at which to start them.

Auction Sales Yesterday.

By Muller, Wilkins & Co.

NEW-YORK.

1 lot, n. w. corner 88th-st. and Madison-av., 36.8x100.8	$12,500
1 lot, n. w. cor. Madison-av. and 88th-st., 25.8x95	9,500
4 lots, n. s. 108th-st., 120 ft. w. of 3d-av., each 20x100.11, $1,200 each	4,800
4 lots, n. s. of 108th-st., 200 ft. w. of 3d-av., each 20x100.11, $1 175 each	4,700
1 lot n. w. corner of St. Nicholas-av. and 141st-st., 24.11x114.8½	4,500
1 lot w. s. of St. Nicholas-av., 24.11 ft. n. of 141st-st., 25x109.4½	4,000
House and lot, No. 330 East 27th-st., between 1st and 2d avs., lot 25x98.9	6,600

By Roberts & McGuire.

1 lot, s. s. Jane-st., 75 ft. e of 4th-st., 20x66	$4,845

By E. F. Raymond.

2 lots, s. s. 122d-st., 335 ft. w. of 3d-av., 25x100, $1,650 each	$3,300

By James M. Miller.

1 lot, e. s. Laurens-st., No. 38, between Broome and Grand sts., 25x100	$18,000

BROOKLYN.

By Joseph A. Levy.

House and lot, s. s. Huntington-st., between Court and Clinton sts., house 16.8x40, lot 16.8x100	$3,350

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

By Muller, Wilkins & Co.

44 acres of land at Yonkers, sold in four parcels, average price per acre, $337 50	$14,850

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK.

Broome-st., s. s., 20 ft. e. of Ridge-st., 20x60, h. and l.	$7,500
Cortlandt-st., Nos. 79 and 81, 58.10x58x42.2x61.9	58,250
Cortlandt-st., No. 71, 23.5x58.7x49x25.8x48.4x58x57.10	18,000
Henry-st., No. 111, 25x108	12,000
James-st., No. 31, 43.9x25	10,000
Washington-st., Nos. 164 and 166, 52x82.11x49x70.9	23,800
Washington-st., No. 382, 20x62	9,250
West-st., No. 109, 17.3x93x21x87.4	19,000
West-st., No. 110, 27.4x100x26x93	23,600
6th-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of 2d-av., 24.6x81.9	17,500
17th-st., s. s., 99 ft. w. of 7th-av., 38x184x37x92x1x92	45,000
27th-st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of 6th-av., 25.6x98.9, h. and l.	61,000
31st-st., s. s., 162.6 ft. w. of 6th-av., 20.10x103.3x21.4x98.10	30,000
49th-st., n. s., 149.8 ft. w. of 9th-av., 18.7x100.5	6,000
51st-st., 180 ft. w. of 8th-av., 20x100.5, h. and l.	14,000
Lexington-av., w. s., 40.5 ft. n. of 62d-st., 40x80	55,000
3d-av. and 55th-st., s. w. corner, 50.5x95	40,500
3d-av., w. s., 60.10 ft. s. of 87th-st., 19.1x75	10,000
10th-av., w. s., plot No. 4, Fort George property, 100x438.10	20,000
11th-av., e. s., ½ block s. of 46th-st., 25x100	5,000
Plot adjoining James F. Ferguson's, 831.6 ft. w. of Kingsbridge road, 968.6x191.3x930.6x—	59,700

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

Bergen-st., s. s., 50 ft. w. of Grand-av., 22x124x131.8 ......Other consid. and	$100
Degraw-st., n. s., 225 ft. w. of Bond-st., 17.9x100	5,000
Degraw-st., n. s., 275 ft. w. of Hoyt-st., 20x100	9,000
Floyd-st., s. s., 200 ft. e. of Yates-av., 25x100	800
Halsey-st., n. s., 325 ft. w. of Tompkins-av., 18.9x100	6,500
Hopkins-st., s. s., 100 ft. e. of Tompkins-av., 25x100	1,350
Monroe-st., s. s., 206.3 ft. w. of Bedford-av., 18.9x100	5,500
Pulaski-st., n. s., 175 ft. e. of Marcy-av., 25x100	1,600
Remsen-st., n. s., 137.4 feet. w. of Court-st., 20.8x100	15,000
Sackett-st., s. s., 96.3 ft. e. of Hicks-st., 19.3x100	6,600
Sackett-st., s. s., 77 ft. e. of Hicks-st., 19.3x100	6,550
Suydam-st., s. s., 269.11 ft. e. of Myrtle-av., 25x95	$425
Van Buren-st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of Lewis-st., 75x100	1,400
Water-st., n. w. s., adj. Jackson-st., 38xlength of dock; Union Ferry Company to New-York Bridge Company	47,000
2d and William sts., s. w. corner, 25x100, b. and s.	100
Bennett-av., w. s., 150 ft. s. of Baltic-av., 100x100 Bennett-av., w. s., 200 ft. e. of Blake-av., 100x100	2,200
Clermont-av., e. s., 285 ft. s. of Greene-av., 20x100	14,000
Graham-av. and Jackson-st., n. w. corner, 18.9x75	4,500
Ralph-av., w. s., 20 ft. n. of Madison-st., 20x80	6,000
Yates-av., 285 ft. e. of Greene-av., about 15 ft. s. of, rear, 85x40x70.10x16.10x56	1,500

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Cortlandt.

Park-st., s. s., adjoining Gabriel Knapp's, 100x125	$500

Eastchester.

5th-av., e. s., lot No. 380, Mt. Vernon, 100x105	$7,500

Greenburg.

Storm-st., w. s., adjoining Jane E. ——, Lanfare, 40x100	$750

Morrisania.

Main-st., n. e. s., 100 ft. n. w. of Morris-av., 50x100	$500
2d-st., s. s., 149 ft. e. of Railroad-av., 25x100	650

Mount Pleasant.

Schuyler Fothay's property, 46.811-1,000 acres	$7,737
Pleasantville to Pleasantville Depot road, n. s., 63x212	400
Pleasantville-road, n. s., adjoining Smith Reynolds, 38 acres	12,000

Yonkers.

John-st., e. s., lot No. 8 John-st., 25x100	$1,500
John-st., e. s., lot No. 8 John-st., 25x100	2,150
Larmartine-av., n. s., 100 ft. w. of Woodworth-av., 35x75	500

Yorktown.

Somers to Peekskill-road, s. s., adjoining Alvin Purdy's, A. H. Strang's property	$16,000
Crumford road, n. s., adjoining James H. Corsa's, 30¼ acres	3,500

NEW-JERSEY.

Jersey City.

Part of lot No. 5, block No. 59 City map	$14,000
Lot No. 10, block No. 59, Van Vorst map	3,300

Hudson City.

Lot No. 3, block No. 147, Ogden map	$950
Lot No. 18, block No. 136, City map	4,150

Bergen.

Communipaw-av., s. w. s., near William-st	$2,665

Harrison.

Lots Nos. 74 and 75, Andrew Smith's map	$3,400

Union.

Lots Nos. 198 and 199, map of Hudson County R. E. Co	$8,000

North Bergen.

Lot No. 21, block G, map of Secaucus City, 25x100	$200

CITY REAL ESTATE.

VAN RENSSELAER & CRUGER,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
NO. 182 GRAND-ST.
Special attention given to the care and management of estates. Houses, stores and offices rented.

MANUFACTORY FOR SALE.—TWO full lots in 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.; a building 25x100, six stories and basement, on one; a small dwelling on the other; will lease to a good tenant. WINANS, SANDS & GARRETTSON, Auctioneers, No. 91 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—A SMALL FIRST-CLASS three-story high-stoop brown-stone house, new No. 145 East 62d-st., second stone house east of Lexington-av., will be sold with carpets, shades and gas-fixtures, all new; price $15,000; terms easy. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—NEAR THE 5TH-AV., THE four-story brown-stone (high-stoop house (25 by 55, with bay windows) No. 9 West 52d-st.; this house is one of the best built and best located in the City. Inquire of I. F. HAYS, No. 72 Beekman-st.

FOR SALE AT AUCTION, APRIL 27—Four-story brown-stone house and lot, 25x60x120, with all modern improvements, No. 214 West 14th-st. ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., No. 7 Pine-st.

$5,000 CASH DOWN, THE BALANCE very easy, on No. 109 East 55th-st.; three-story brown-stone house, 20x50x100; new and in perfect order. HATCH & RIKER, 1,272 Broadway.

A THREE-STORY HOUSE, NO. 319 East 41st-st.; all improvements; stone front; immediate possession. Apply on the premises from 12 to 2 o'clock.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE OR RENT—WATER-FRONT PROPERTY AT BROOKLYN.—One-half the block, corner of Plymouth and Adams sts., with right of filling out to bulkhead line; pier now built 340x20 feet; sheds, covering one-half the property, scales and railway track, and established storage business. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

COUNTRY HOMES.

THE CENTRAL NEW-JERSEY LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY offer for sale on the line of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, at

BAYONNE,	FANWOOD,
BERGEN POINT,	PLAINFIELD,
ELIZABETH,	DUNELLEN,
ROSELLE,	BLOOMSBURY, &c.

LOTS and HOUSES suitable for persons of moderate means. Fine Building Sites, with land by the acre.

Most of these places can be reached inside of forty minutes from the City,

AT LESS THAN OMNIBUS FARE.

This line of road offers special inducements to persons desiring a country home.

Apply at the office of the Company, No. 113 Liberty-st.

A. D. HOPE, GENERAL AGENT.

Also, a large number of HOUSES and LOTS in Newark, N. J., for SALE or to LET.

RUTHERFURD PARK,

N. J. The most beautiful, healthy and accessible suburb of New-York.

SUPERIOR BUILDING SITES
and four handsome cottages, ready May 1,
For Sale on Rutherfurd Heights,
100 feet above tide water, overlooking the Passaic River and valley, and equidistant from the Delaware and Lackawanna and Erie Railroads. Luxurious accommodations at all hours in 40 minutes,

AT LESS THAN OMNIBUS FARE.

H. A. BAKER, Civil Engineer at Rutherfurd Park, or GEO. E. WOODWARD, 191 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE AT GENEVA, ON SENECA LAKE—An elegant brick house, designed by one of the best architects, and built in the most substantial and thorough manner. The interior wood work is of native woods, finished in oil. The house is supplied with water and gas, and warmed by steam, and furnished with all modern improvements, to an extent seldom found away from our larger cities. With the house are twenty acres of land, well planted with fruit and ornamental trees, and tastefully laid out. The views from the place of the lake and surrounding country are very beautiful. For further particulars inquire of E. H. HURD, Esq., Geneva, or of the PRESIDENT OF THE MERCANTILE NATIONAL BANK, New-York.

FOR SALE—A FARM; AN OLD HOMESTEAD of about 90 acres; fruit &c., in abundance; situated in the town of Stamford, Conn., about four miles from the village and New-Haven Railroad Depot, and 1½ miles from the depot on the New-Canaan Railroad; will be sold cheap, or exchanged for good City property. Also a store to let in a new and growing neighborhood.

For further particulars inquire of
CHAS. FOX,
Nos. 70 and 72 Bowery, New-York, from 10 to 12 M.; or at the South-side Railroad Office, Williamsburg, from 1 to 4 P. M.

FARM FOR SALE.—THE VALUABLE property known as the "Otter Point Farm," near Elkton, Cecil County, Maryland, on the line of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad. It contains nearly 300 acres, almost wholly under cultivation, and has a tide-water frontage, on Elk River, of about two miles. The improvements are a large frame mansion, three stories high, containing thirteen rooms; a tenant-house; spring-house and sheds for cattle. To gentlemen fond of fishing and shooting, this property offers rare advantages at all seasons, as is well-known by the sportsmen of Philadelphia and Baltimore. For particulars apply on the premises of Mrs. WM. DENNEY, or at the office of the executor, JOHN McARTHUR, Jr., No. 205 South-st., Philadelphia.

FOR SALE—NEAR WEST POINT, A VERY desirable residence, with 50 acres of land, on the west bank of the Hudson River, and one mile south of Cozzens' West Point Hotel; the location is unsurpassed for beauty and variety of scenery by any place in the Highlands; the mansion is large, built in most substantial manner, in perfect order, and replete with every modern improvement for both a Winter and a Summer residence; the grounds are undulating, with a never-failing stream of pure spring water running through them, and the gardens stocked with every variety of fruits; the property will be sold entire or divided to suit the purchaser. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—FURNISHED or unfurnished, a country residence at Plainfield, N. J., situated on the main avenue, between Scotch Plains and the former; convenient to both stations; house contains fourteen rooms, bath-room with hot and cold water; fruit-trees of different varieties on the grounds; there are twelve acres of ground with lawn, vegetable garden, &c.; a handsome running stream flows through the grounds. Would be sold or rented with a part of the ground, if desired. Address W. F., Box No. 2,434 Post-office, New-York.

FISHKILL LANDING, HUDSON RIVER.—To rent, furnished (with privilege of buying), a large brick mansion, pleasantly situated and commanding fine and extensive views of land or water, with carriage-house, stable, barn and out-buildings, and 5 to 50 acres of land; one-half mile from depot, and in the immediate vicinity of Mr. Sargent, Gen. Howland, the late Judge Kent and others; will be rented to a private family only at $1,300 per annum. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—AT NEWburg, on the Hudson, a modern-built brick and slate-roof country house and three acres of ground; house contains parlors, library, dining-room, ten bedrooms, bath and other conveniences; garden well stocked with fruit trees and berries of all kinds; stable, carriage and poultry house on premises. Terms easy. Apply to F. W. RANKIN, No. 111 Liberty-st., up-stairs, New-York.

FOR SALE—NEAR RYE DEPOT, NEW-Haven Railroad, a farm of 40 acres; large house, bath, water-closet, barn, carriage and horse house, workshop, wood-shed, henery, &c.; fine shade-trees in lawn; fine orchard in full bearing; pears, cherries, graperies and all the small fruit fully matured; large garden; located near the Boulevard from Portchester to Tarrytown. A photographic view of the place can be seen by applying at No. 40 Spruce-st.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.—FINE RESIdence in New-Haven, centrally located; spacious grounds, well stocked with fruit-trees and shrubbery; large stable, stalls for six horses, and carriage-room in proportion; house commodious and substantially built; possession early; terms easy; sold to close an estate. For particulars apply to C. H. LANGDON, No. 391 Broadway, or on the premises, No. 231 Orange-st., New-Haven, Conn.

FOR SALE IN NEWARK, N. J.—A fine property on High-st., near Clinton-av., overlooking the city; house three-story, with extension, containing twelve rooms, all in good order; bath, water, gas, cellar; lot 81x300, running from street to street, with stable, cow-shed, &c.; some fruit. Will sell the whole, or house and part of ground. Address Box No. 5,180 New-York City Post-office.

A NEAT, COSY HOUSE, WITH FRENCH roof; ten rooms; lot 100x105; pleasantly located; five minutes from depot at Mount Vernon, forty-five minutes from City on New-Haven Railroad, for sale; only $2,000 cash; balance on easy terms. Call on or address GEO. W. VAN SICLEN, Counsellor at Law, No. 133 Nassau-st.

LONG BRANCH.—COTTAGES ON THE seashore for sale or to rent furnished for the coming season; also, very desirable places within half a mile of the sea with acres of ground attached, and unimproved plots well located for investment or building purposes for sale.
FRANK G. BROWN, No. 58 Broadway.

A GREAT BARGAIN.—FOR SALE, A beautiful country-seat with first-class buildings, at Jamaica, with ten acres, and is one of the most beautiful places about Jamaica; the surroundings are first-class; will be sold at a great sacrifice. Apply to JOHN FETTRETCH, No. 454 3d-av.

FOR RENT IN LLEWELLYN PARK, Orange, N. J., adjoining Ramble, cottage residence, eleven rooms, modern conveniences; stable; delightful location; price low; will sell reasonably if desired. Apply to HAMILTON & WALLIS, No. 9 Nassau-st., corner Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE CHEAP—(HEALTHY LOCALity,) by order of executor of Capt. Aug. De Peyster, deceased, New-Brighton, Staten Island, ten minutes' walk of Sailors' Snug Harbor landing, fine large house, with all modern conveniences; barn, &c.; handsome grounds; two or more acres of land; terms easy. Apply to WM. A. COLLINS, No. 38 Pine-st.

ORANGE ON RIDGE—COMMANDING magnificent views; five minutes' walk from Montrose Station; elegant residence; sixteen rooms; gas, water throughout; stable; two and a half acres; terms suitable. HAMILTON & WALLIS, Orange Real Estate Agents, No. 9 Nassau, corner of Pine-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES and farms, a great variety, beautifully situated one hour from N. Y., for sale low. Also, country-seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 243 Broadway, N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—AT Cresskill, N. J., a fine large house, with eight acres of ground, good garden, plenty of fruit, &c. Apply to W. M. WHITMORE, No. 47 Wall-st., N. Y.; would exchange for house in City.

FOR SALE—A PLEASANT PLACE, ONE-quarter of a mile from Monsey Station, Rockland County; large house, out-buildings and orchard; eight acres; lately used as a hotel; $5,000; easy terms.
G. R. HART, No. 183 Broadway.

FOR SALE—HUDSON RIVER, 25 MILES from New-York; improved country-seat, eighteen acres; also, two cottages, villa sites.
C. H. GREEN, Piermont, N.Y.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO LET—NEAR DUNELLEN, TWENTY-seven miles from New-York, on Central Railroad of New-Jersey, a pleasantly-located cottage, with carriage-house, stable, and other out-buildings, all in perfect order; two acres of land in lawn and garden; fruit and ornamental trees; rent moderate. Apply to W. S. STEVENS, Dunellen Depot, or address Post-office Box No. 660, New-York.

TO LET—AT MORRISTOWN, N. J., FOR THE Summer or a term of years, the house of John Hone, with stables, out-buildings, gardens, &c.; the house is 45 feet by 45, and is fully furnished; the grounds contain seventeen acres. Also, a small new house in the best part of the town. For particulars apply to
HONE & NICHOLAS, No. 43 Exchange-place.

TO LET—FURNISHED, A THREE-STORY high-stoop house, conveniently arranged for the use of a small private family, and well furnished throughout; has every requisite for housekeeping, and is in a good locality. Address M. R. HIBBARD, No. 146 Broadway.

TO LET—AT RYE, N. Y., ON THE N. Y. AND N. H. R. R., and within ten minutes' walk of the station, a cottage and out-buildings, together with orchard and garden. Apply to
JASPER E. CORNING, No. 30 Platt-st., New-York.

TO RENT—UNFURNISHED, THE VERY desirable, extra-deep brown-stone house No. 20 West 14th-st.; to a good tenant the rent would be low. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED, NO. 19 WEST 35TH-st., near 5th-av., four-story, brown-stone, well-furnished, and in good order; rent moderate to a private family. Apply on the premises.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.

Three cottages on Stewart-av., near Fort Hamilton; rent, $300, $350 and $600. Inquire of JOS. DUNDERDALE, Bay Ridge, or Mr. FRANCIS FINCH, on the premises.

TO LET—A HANDSOME COTTAGE, BEAUtifully situated on the Passaic River, opposite Belleville, N. J., about fifteen minutes' ride from Newark, or by horse cars from Belleville to Newark, (to which are running eighty trains per day over different roads,) and forty-five minutes from New-York. The house contains from fifteen to eighteen rooms, has furnace, water-closet, laundry, &c.; attached are from two to ten acres of land well stocked with fruit and ornamental trees, garden, carriage-house, barn, &c.; both well and running water on the place; rent $600. Inquire of CHARLES C. WAKELEY, No. 104 East 10th-st., New-York.

A HANDSOME GOTHIC COTTAGE, (furnished,) having modern improvements and two acres of garden land; hot-houses stocked with the choicest of flowers and grapes; plenty of fruit trees and shrubberies; gardener's house, stable and wagon-house; located on the slope of Bergen Hill, within three miles of New-York City by horse-car route from the Hoboken Ferry or the Northern Railroad; rent low to a careful family without children. Apply to JULIEN CREVIER, No. 124 West Broadway, New-York, or No. 24 Newark-st., Hoboken, N. J.

TO RENT—FOR ONE YEAR, FURNISHED, a four-story high-stoop brown-stone-front house, No. 117 West 34th-st.; the house was built for the owner by days' work; is 25x85; warmed by Baker & Smith's steam apparatus; has been finished one year and occupied six months; the furniture, carpets, gas-fixtures, &c., are all entirely new and of the best description; will be rented to a private family only. Apply to the owner, on the premises, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. THOS. P. GRINNELL.

TO LET—A HANDSOME, SUBSTANTIAL brick mansion, in Roseville, N. J., containing twelve rooms, warmed by steam, with hot and cold water and stationary wash-tubs in kitchen, large garden, strawberries, grapes and peaches, beautiful view, good neighborhood, three minutes' walk from railroad station, forty minutes from New-York, corner Sussex-av. and 7th-st. Rent, $1,000. Apply to the owner, on the premises, or at the office of BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 243 Broadway, New-York.

TO LET AT CASTLETON HILL, STATEN ISLAND—A mansion house, fifteen rooms, barn, stable, and carriage-house, with about six acres of ground, garden, fruit-trees and grape-vines; rent, $1,000 a year. Two new cottages, with French slate roof, thirteen rooms each, with two and a half acres of ground to each; rent, $600 per year each. All three-quarters of a mile from West New Brighton ferry landing. Apply to JOSE MANZANEDO, No. 8 Cedar-st., New-York City.

TO LET—THE COUNTRY-SEAT KNOWN AS Fairlawn, on Passaic River, opposite Bellville, N. J., about fifteen minutes' ride from Newark, (to which are running about eighty trains per day over different roads,) and forty-five minutes from New-York; embracing the mansion-house, lodge, gardener's cottage, carriage-house, stable and fifteen to twenty acres of magnificent lawn and garden; rent, $1,000. Inquire of CHARLES C. WAKELEY, No. 104 East 10th-st, New-York.

NO. 33 UNION-SQUARE.—THIS HOUSE, 27.8 feet front is now being put in complete order, and will be rented cheap to a desirable tenant. From its size and location it possesses many advantages which recommend it for business purposes, a boarding or a club house. Apply to Mr. LYON, Arnold, Constable & Co., Broadway and 19th-st.

TO RENT—A LARGE COUNTRY HOUSE, furnished, twenty-five acres of land and all necessary out-buildings, wagons, farming implements, &c.; situated in Connecticut, on Long Island Sound, 60 miles from New-York, between Milford and New-Haven; rent low to responsible parties. Apply to Mrs. ATWILL, No. 34 West 4th-st.

TO LET—AT NEWTOWN, L. I., AN OLD-fashioned country residence, containing eight or ten rooms; an abundance of fruit of all kinds; location in one of the healthiest and pleasantest parts of the town, four minutes' walk from the Flushing Railroad Depot; rent $750. Apply to M. C. G. WITTE, No. 94 John-st.

TO LET ON JERSEY CITY HEIGHTS—The three-story and basement houses Nos. 2, 4 and 5 Belmont-place, Belmont-av., short distance from ferry by horse cars; rent $450. Also, an elegant, furnished country-seat on the banks of the Passaic River, near Belleville, N. J., on Erie Railroad. Apply at No. 308 West-st., upstairs.

A NEW COUNTRY HOTEL — COMpleted July 1, to let to responsible parties only; beautiful scenery; fine fishing; splendid drives; good roads; mineral springs, &c., &c.; a great resort for invalids and pleasure-seekers; will accommodate about 250 guests. Apply, in person or by letter, to JONAS CLARK, No. 373 Broadway.

BERGEN POINT, N. J.—TO LET, A NICE cottage house on the Kill von Kull; eleven rooms, large garden, fruit, &c. Also, a new French-roof house; thirteen rooms, range, bath-room, &c.; furnished or not; for six months; situation first-class. Apply to J. W. ROWE, No. 79 John-st., upstairs, from 12 to 1.

TO RENT—FOR THE SEASON, FURnished country seat at Throgg's Neck, Westchester County, comprising fine house, stables, grapery, and five acres of land, located twelve miles from the City, ten minutes' drive to steamboat landing, fifteen minutes to Hudson River Railroad Depot. Apply to BARKER & COSTER, Room No. 6 *Herald* Building.

TO RENT—WITH OR WITHOUT THE FURniture, the most complete basement house in its appointments of any now offered to rent, and is located between 5th and 6th avs., and below Madison-square; the carpets and gas-fixtures would be sold if rented unfurnished. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LEASE—AT CLIFTON, STATEN ISLand, a two-story house, 12 rooms, conveniently arranged, with two acres ground, well shaded, five minutes' walk from Vanderbilt Landing, rented cheap to a desirable tenant. Apply to LEVI COOK, No. 50 Wall-st.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE FOUR-STORY brown-stone house, (full size,) No. 243 Fifth-av., now occupied by John Bryant, Esq.; will be rented to an acceptable tenant for one or more years; rent $5,000 per annum. Apply to
HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—IN 72D-ST., BETWEEN 8TH AND 9th avs., near westerly entrance of Central Park, a pleasant place; large house, carriage-house; eight lots, fruit, &c.; 8th-av. cars near. Inquire of S. N. SIMONSON, No. 304 West 52d-st.

TO LET—A COTTAGE WELL-SHADED, TEN rooms, two minutes' walk (flagged) from depot; furnished or unfurnished; rent $500 or $450. A large quantity of box for garden edging cheap. Inquire of WILLIAM SMART, Flushing.

TO RENT—FROM MAY 1, A THOROUGHLY-furnished cottage containing thirteen rooms, stable and ice-house attached, at Lenox, Mass. Applications, with name and reference, to be made at No. 17 West 38th-st.

BROWN-STONE-FRONT HOUSE TO rent in Harlem, No. 5 Dunscomb-place, 128th-st., three stories, with all the modern improvements, and in good order; rent $900. Apply to CHAS. B. TOOKER, No. 1,995 3d-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished, the most desirable floor in a stone-front new house, built on the European system, and with all the modern conveniences. Address W. H., Box No. 101 *Times* Office.

PAMRAPO—CENTRAL RAILROAD OF New-Jersey, a delightfully-situated cottage, almost new; eight rooms; rent $450. Apply to A. C. BERRIES, No. 23 South-st., or No. 48 Clarkson-st., New-York.

TO LET—NO. 34 WEST 47TH-ST., FOUR-story high-stoop brown-stone house; immediate possession if desired. Apply to JAMES SYMINGTON, No. 9 West 35th-st., or No. 37 Beaver-st.

TO RENT ON KINGSBRIDGE ROAD—A cottage house, with stable, and five lots of ground, in complete order. Apply to J. ROMAINE BROWN, No. 1,279 Broadway.

TO LET—TWO GENTEEL HOUSES, WHOLE or in part, 11 rooms, bath, &c.; $450 and $400; cars pass the door. Inquire of H. ALEXANDER, Hoboken-st., West Hoboken, from 12 to 2 o'clock.

TO LET—AT ASTORIA, L. I., A GOOD house and fourteen acres of land. Inquire of F. E. BLACKWELL, No. 27 Chambers-st., New-York, or J. M. BLACKWELL, Astoria, L. I.

TO LET—THE THREE-STORY HIGH-STOOP brown-stone house, No. 123 West 32d-st., near 6th-av., in fine order. DYE & CURTISS, No. 508 6th-av.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET,
IN
TIMES BUILDING.

Fine, handsome offices on second and third floors. Inquire of GEORGE JONES, *Times* Office.

TO LET—DESK ROOM, ALSO PART OF basement office, No. 14 Pine-st., in fine order and rent low. D. M. SEAMAN, No. 14 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE DESIRABLE STORE NO. 151 Chambers-st. Also, fine offices, singly or in suites, in the building No. 7 State-st.; basement and rear building (communicating) for storage; fronting the Battery and in close proximity to the Produce Exchange. Apply to R. P. GETTY & SONS, on the premises, or to W. L. WALLACE, No. 9 College-place.

TO RENT—THE SECOND FLOOR OF THE fire-proof building No. 82 Beekman-st., with or without power; also, stable, with dwelling attached, No. 227 East 9th-st. Apply to TATHAM & BROS., No. 82 Beekman-st., or to B. TATHAM, No. 36 Stuyvesant-st.

TO LET—FROM MAY 1, THE FINE STORE corner of Broadway and Broome-st., now occupied by E. V. Haughwout & Co., 63 feet front by 100 feet deep; five stories high, beside basement and sub-basement. Apply on the premises or to A. D. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

A CORNER STORE TO LET AT Milton; also a dwelling at Milton Landing, containing nine rooms; rent $180. Address J. HANDLEY, Milton, Ulster County, N. Y.

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE SECOND loft of No. 787 Broadway, corner of 10th-st. Apply in the store to GEORGE SLOANE.

A.—TWO FINE STORES WITH BASEments to let, together or separately, 25 by 75 each. Terms low. Nos. 14 and 16 4th-av.

STORE TO RENT—ON 8TH-AV., WITH good basement; size 22x90. Apply to J. ROMAINE BROWN, No. 1,279 Broadway.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

A LADY DESIRES A SMALL UNfurnished room up-town; reference exchanged. Address No. 54 West 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE, a small second or third floor in a private house, on West side. Address M. B., Box No. 115 *Times* office.

MACHINERY.

FOR SALE—FOUR PAIR BEST STEEL rowies, for rowling steel wire, or for reed-makers, six inch diameter, with two-inch face; also 5,000 steel reeds for weaving all kinds of fabrics; warranted best maker. WM. CROSSLAND, Paterson, N. J.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

LAWRENCE, OAKLEY & FLEURY, Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF GUNTHER'S ESTATE, IN JAMAICA, L. I.—Donated by Mr. W. H. Gunther to the German Hospital and Dispensary in the City of New-York, and the German Ladies' Society for the Relief of the Indigent Widows and Sick.

Peremptory sale.

The splendid country-seat of the late C. G. Gunther, situated in the limits of the thriving village of Jamaica, L. I., having been donated by Mr. W. H. Gunther, son of the deceased C. G. Gunther, to the above-named two benevolent societies, the trustees of this magnificent gift have decided to have the same laid out in lots and sold at public auction by LAWRENCE, OAKLEY & FLEURY,

On Thursday, April 14,

1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Exchange Sales-rooms, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York.

The elegant and spacious mansion and out-buildings, in best repair, together with an acre of land, tastefully laid out, also,

EIGHTY-TWO LOTS.

This fine property is most beautifully situated on high ground on the northern border of the village, overlooking it in every direction, and having most extensive and interesting views of the surrounding country.

The Long Island, South Side and Brooklyn Central Railroads run twenty trains daily to and from the City, giving easy access within twenty-five minutes, at a commutation of $50 per annum, the station being within ten minutes' walk of the property. Horse-cars leave every twenty minutes for New-York, starting within a few hundred feet of the property.

The easy and commodious access the healthy and beautiful village now enjoys have made the same equal, if not superior, to almost any other in the vicinity, and business men, mechanics, clerks, &c., can reach their residence in the village in almost as short a time and much more comfortably than those living in the upper part of the City.

In addition to these attractions we may add that Mr. A. T. Stewart has bought, and is now improving, the tract of land in direct line with the property in question, and the improvement of his can only add to the value of this property.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent. cash and auctioneer's fee on day of sale, forty per cent. on the 20 day of May, balance of fifty per cent. to remain on bond and mortgage, or at the option of the purchaser.

For maps and further particulars apply to the auctioneers, No. 11 Pine-st.; or to
C. ALTHOF, Nos. 30 to 36 Park-place;
E. SAUER, No. 45 Exchange-place.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.
PEREMPTORY RECEIVER'S SALE
OF

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE,

EMBRACING EXTENSIVE MANUFACTURING BUILDINGS, INCLUDING A SPLENDID STEAM-ENGINE, 100 HORSE-POWER, ALL BELONGING TO THE CONVEX WEAVING COMPANY OF NEW-YORK.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY

Will sell at public auction,
On TUESDAY, APRIL 19,
at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, without reserve, to the highest bidder, under the direction of Otto Heinze, Esq., Receiver of the Convex Weaving Company, and by order of the Supreme Court, 21 lots of ground, each 25x100 feet, situated on the north side of 149th-st., North New-York, embracing the entire block between Clifton and St. Ann avs., with the following buildings thereon:

One three-story and basement brick building, 167 feet front by 40 feet deep, substantially built, with high ceilings and windows, iron stairs, steam hoist-way and a large water-tank, and also with one of the finest steam-engines of 100 horse-power in the country.

One one-story brick workshop in the rear of the main building, 70x30 feet.

One brick boiler-house, 65x25 feet, with three large boilers, almost new, with a drying-room above, and a fine smoke-stack, 96 feet high.

All the buildings have gravel roofs, and are furnished with lightning-rods, and were constructed regardless of cost (including the splendid engine) at an expenditure exceeding $110,000; new four years ago, and in perfect order. Is easy of access by the 3d-av. and old Boston turnpike. Horse-cars running constantly to within 200 yards of the property.

TERMS OF SALE—The twenty-one lots and all the buildings will be put up and sold in one parcel without reserve to the highest bidder. Ten per cent. of the purchase money and the auctioneer's fees, as customary, to be paid by the purchaser to the auctioneer immediately after the sale, at his office, No. 43 Pine-st., and sign a memorandum of sale; the balance to be paid in thirty days thereafter, when the deed will be delivered; $50,000 can remain on bond and mortgage at seven per cent. interest if desired.

TITLE INDISPUTABLE.

Maps and descriptive list, giving full particulars, can be obtained at the auctioneer's office, 43 Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

202 ACRES OF LAND, IN THE TOWNSHIP OF YONKERS, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, AT AUCTION, TO CLOSE AN UNDIVIDED INTEREST.—ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction, on THURSDAY, April 14, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, 202 acres of choice land, situate in the Township of Yonkers, Westchester County, near Scarsdale, and between that place and the Town of Yonkers, now known as Ivanhoe, and formerly known as the Underhill Farm. This property is about half a mile easterly from the Harlem Railroad, and the same distance westerly from the contemplated new railroad to Boston. It is on the summit of a high ridge, having commanding views, and is in an exceedingly healthy location. There is no property in that section of Westchester County better adapted for subdivision into villa plots, or that is more desirable for gentlemen's residences. Maps at the office of the auctioneers, No. 7 Pine-st.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT NO. 34 LIVINGSTON-ST., BROOKLYN.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 14, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, the first-class dwelling-house No. 34 Livingston-st., (with or without lot in rear, fronting on Schermerhorn-st.,) between Clinton and Court sts., a three-story, attic, basement and sub-cellar brick house, 31 feet 3 inches front by 44 feet deep, with a two-story extension of 10 feet. The house contains 26 rooms, besides the billiard-room, 11 marble mantels, 8 marble wash-stands, 2 bath-rooms, 2 laundries, with stationary wash-tubs, 3 water-closets, &c. The parlors have French windows and sliding doors, and are handsomely furnished; furnace in cellar, range, hot and cold water, gas, vestibule doors, balconies in front. Also, rear lot, fronting on Schermerhorn-st., 34.1x34.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE PROPERTY, NOS. 17, 19 AND 21 VANDEWATER-ST., AT AUCTION.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 14, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

VANDEWATER-STREET.—The three lots of land, together with the dwelling-houses thereon, situate on the northerly side of Vandewater-st., between Frankfort and Pearl sts., and known as Nos. 17, 19 and 21. On No. 17 is a three-story brick house; on No. 19 is a two-story brick house, and on No. 21 is a two-story brick-front house.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF VALUABLE LOTS ON VAN COTT-AV. AND NEWEL-ST., BROOKLYN, E. D., LATE WILLIAMSBURG.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, April 18, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, by order of the Trustees of the Nassau Cordage Company:

VAN COTT-AVENUE.—4 lots, situate on the northerly side of Van Cott-av., commencing on the north-west corner of Newel-st.

NEWEL-STREET.—14 lots, situate on the westerly side of Newel-st., commencing 91 feet 4½ inches north of Van Cott-av.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE LOTS ON 127TH-ST. AT AUCTION.
ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 14, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SEVENTH-STREET—The three lots of land, situate on the southerly side of 127th-st., 150 feet east of 7th-av. Each 20.10x99.11.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT COUNTRY-SEAT AND FARM NEAR RHINEBECK, DUTCHESS COUNTY, BELONGING TO C. S. WAINWRIGHT, Esq.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 20, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York:

RHINEBECK—The elegant country-seat known as the Meadows, containing about 258 acres, lying on the east bank of the Hudson, (with half a mile frontage on the same,) distant four and a half miles north of Rhinebeck Station, and four miles from Rhinebeck village.

The house is of stone, with brick partition walls, built in the most substantial manner; stands about 150 feet above the river, and commands a view for over twelve miles looking north, together with the whole range of the Catskill and Shawangunk Mountains.

Gardener's house contains seven rooms, and is divided to make two houses; with small cold grapery attached. Carriage-house, with coachman's rooms, harness rooms, &c. Stable has four stalls and two box stalls. Ice-house, tool-house, and other outbuildings convenient.

The farm buildings comprise one stone tenant-house with a large range of stables and barns, capable of containing about fifty head of cattle, besides hay, grain, &c.

The above place will be offered as a whole, or in two lots; one of 150 acres, including the main farm building and the north building site; the other of 107 acres, including the present mansion, gardener's house and hay barns, each making a complete place in itself, and having an equal water front.

TERMS VERY LIBERAL.

Book maps at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

PEREMPTORY SALE, BY ORDER OF the Supreme Court, of
NO. 366 BROADWAY.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on WEDNESDAY, April 13, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, under the direction of H. M. Garvin, Esq., referee:

BROADWAY.—The valuable extra large lot of ground with five-story brick store, known as No. 366 Broadway, east side, between Franklin and White sts., lot 25x150 feet; 65 per cent. may remain on bond and mortgage.

Maps at No. 3 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

FIRST-CLASS HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 5 WEST 21ST-ST., AT AUCTION.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 13, 1870, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (Trinity Building,) New-York,

WEST TWENTY-FIRST-STREET—The first-class four-story high-stoop brown-stone front house and lot No. 5 West 21st-st., north side, 145 feet west of 5th-av.; house 25x47.2 ft.; party-walls and two-story extension 17 ft.; Also, butler's pantry extension, 9.4x8.6 ft.; in good order and contains all the conveniences. Lot 25x98.9.

Maps, &c., at the auctioneers' office, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

COUNTRY-SEAT IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY FOR SALE.
A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 14, at 11½ A. M., on the premises, the elegant residence of Josiah Dow, Esq., who is about going abroad, situated at Bronxville, Westchester County, five minutes' walk from depot, consisting of the splendid semi-Gothic gneiss-stone house, 44x50; about five acres of land admirably adapted for landscape gardening. Immediately after the sale of the house the furniture will be sold. Photographic views and catalogues at No. 77 Cedar-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as chamber-maid and waitress; is a good waitress and excellent chamber-maid; has four years' City reference from her last place; City or country. Call at No. 329 4th-av., new No. 335.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook, very respectable, about thirty; can do all kinds of cooking; meats, game, soups, bone, lard, pastry, jellies, creams, &c.; good baker, &c.; good testimonials; City or country. Call at No. 329 4th-av., new No. 335.

WANTED—A LAUNDRESS' SITUATION by a very respectable young woman; can do fluting on ladies' fine muslin in the best manner, or chamber-maid and laundry, or fine washing; good references; City or country. Apply at No. 329 4th-av., new No. 335.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent laundress and chambermaid; understands doing up gentlemen's linen and fluting; no objection to the country. Can be seen at present employer's, No. 22 West 10th-st., for two days, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.; City preferred.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT ENGLISH young person of quiet habits, a re-engagement as maid to a lady; understands dress-making and hair-dressing, and has no objection to travel. Apply for two days at No. 173 Waverley-place, between Perry and Charles sts.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED AND economical woman, a situation as cook in a private family, or would take care of a house in the absence of family; City reference from her last place. Call at No. 212 West 27th-st., near 7th-av., second floor, front room, No. 10.

WANTED—THE WASHING AND IRONING of a few gentlemen and ladies, by a respectable young woman who can do all styles of gentlemen's linens and ladies' finery, at her own residence; City reference. Call at No. 572 2d-av., between 31st and 32d sts., first floor, back room.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO PROTestant women together; one as nurse; can take charge of a baby from its birth; other as chamber-maid, and to assist with washing and ironing, or chamber-maid and seamstress; good City reference. Call at No. 347 East 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as cook and to assist in the washing and ironing; good City reference; no objection to the country. Call for two days at No. 39 Monroe-st., rear building, third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant woman as nurse; understands the care of a young child; can do plain sewing; refers to her last place in the City, where she lived two years. Apply at No. 340 4th-av., corner 25th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITuation to travel as ladies' maid or with grown children; would prefer going to Europe for the Summer; best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 226 West 28th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBER-maid and waitress, or to do chamber-work and plain sewing; no objection to the country; best City reference. Call or address No. 488 7th-av., between 36th and 37th sts.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG Protestant girl, a situation as chamber-maid and to do fine washing, or to do chamber-work and plain sewing; good City reference; no objections to the country. Call at 452 8th-av., between 32d and 33d sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant woman; is a good cook and baker; would do the coarse washing if required; good reference. Apply at No. 152 West 28th-st., in the store, between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERIcan Protestant young woman, who would like to take a child two years old with her; willing to go in the country and do any work. Apply at No. 138 6th-av., above 10th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl as first-class laundress in a private family; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; the best of City reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 323 West 42d-st.

WANTED—BY AN AMERICAN MIDDLE-aged woman, a situation as seamstress and to assist in chamber-work, or would wait upon an elderly lady; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 244 West 16th-st., third floor.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED YOUNG woman, a situation as first-class waitress, or would be willing to assist with chamber-work; no objection to the country; best of reference given. Can be seen at No. 133 West 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion with a respectable family as waitress; understands her business; good City reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 301 East 39th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant girl, a situation as chambermaid and plain sewer, or to assist with washing. Can be seen until suited, at her present employer's, No. 323 2d-av., between 18th and 19th sts.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation as chamber-maid; would take care of growing children and do plain sewing; no objection to the country for the Summer; can give good City reference. Call at No. 452 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXPErienced Protestant woman as first-rate cook; an excellent baker of bread and pastry; no objection to assist in washing; references first-class. Call at No. 333 East 16th-st., near Stuyvesant Park, top floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent woman as first-rate cook; understands her business; is an excellent baker of bread and biscuit; would assist with the washing if required; good City reference. Call at No. 133 West 19th-st., second floor.

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE colored woman, a situation as nurse in a first-class family, or as parlor-maid and to do plain sewing; best of City references. Call at No. 365 5th-av. for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as seamstress; understands all kinds of family sewing on Wheeler & Wilson's machine; would take care of children; would go to the country; City reference. Call at No. 6 West 44th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent girl as nurse and chamber-maid, or to do chamber-work and plain sewing; no objection to a short distance in the country; the best of reference. Call for two days at No. 419 East 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as cook, who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; good City reference. Call at No. 57 16th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—THE PRESENT EMPLOYER OF a first-class servant (Protestant) desires a place for her as chamber-maid. Apply at No. 83 Irving-place, before 12 M.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation to do light chamber-work and sewing, or to mind a baby; is willing and obliging; has the best of City references. Can be seen at 259 West 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent girl as first-class cook in a private family. Apply for two days at her present employer's, No. 104 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as ladies' maid and seamstress; can cut and fit, dress hair and operate; has excellent City reference. Apply at No. 340 4th-av., corner of 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman, as a very superior nurse; understands the care of an infant from birth; has good City references. Apply at No. 342 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, A situation as first-class cook in a private family. Apply for two days at her present employer's, No. 10 East 35th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as first-class cook; understands boning, larding, ice-creams, jellies, &c.; has unexceptionable City references. Apply at No. 340 4th av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS NURSE TO go to Europe with a family; has traveled extensively for years; is also a good hair-dresser and dress-maker. Call at her present employers, 245 West 14th-st.

WANTED—BY A GIRL A SITUATION AS cook and washer in a small private family; has five years' reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 157 West 33d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook; understands her business to perfection; salary expected, $35; best references. Apply at No. 405 5th-av., corner of 37th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS laundress; no objection to a short distance in the country; good reference. Call or address No. 488 7th-av., between 36th and 37th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS waitress; best City reference from last employer. Call or address No. 628 6th-av., in the fancy store, between 36th and 37th sts.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman, a situation as first-class laundress; has five years' reference from her last place; no objection to the country. Can be seen at No. 133 West 28th-st.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH WOMAN, (IS A first-class cook,) a situation; has the best of City references from former employers, who can be seen. Apply at No. 1,284 Broadway, second floor, near 33d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG French woman as nurse for a family going to Europe; she has been five years in Paris. Apply to her present employer, No. 14 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS nurse; can take care of growing children and as ladies' maid; best reference from last employer. Call or address No. 1,327 Broadway, in the cleaning-store.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNdress, a situation; can flute, polish, &c.; willing to do some chamber-work; the best of City references. Apply at No. 1,284 Broadway, second floor, near 33d-st.

WANTED—A LADY WISHES TO PROCURE a good situation for an excellent cook, who has been in her employ for nearly eight years. Call at No. 47 West 19th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as chamber-maid and waitress in a private family; good references. Apply at No. 146 East 35th-st., present employer's.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as waitress in a private family; will assist in the chamber-work; best of City reference. Call at No. 642 6th-av., near 38th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman, a situation as child's nurse; no objection to go to the country. Apply at 344 East 16th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG, TIDY, GERMAN girl, a situation as nurse in a private family. Apply at No. 405 5th-av., corner of 37th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN Protestant girl, half grown, a place as child's nurse. Apply at No. 138 6th-av., above 10th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation as laundress; has good reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 354 West 26th-st.

AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 329 4TH-AV., NEW No. 335, ten nurses, nurses and seamstresses, chambermaids and seamstresses, ladies' maids, governesses, of all nations. Situations for professed and other cooks, laundresses, waitresses, and house-workers.

ATTENTION.—GOOD SERVANTS, WELL recommended and capable, for City and country, constantly on hand at office No. 1,284 Broadway, near 33d-st.: Protestants and Catholics.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A LADY DESIRES TO FIND A situation as nursery governess for a young woman (German parentage) at present in her employ; is competent to teach French, &c.; can speak French, German and English fluently; a good home more desirable than high wages; the best references given and an interview solicited. Address JUNIOR, Box I, Jersey City.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation in a private family as cook; understands it in all its branches; has lately arrived from England; has good City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 226 West 18th-st.-place, between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent young woman in a respectable family, as chamber-maid or as waitress; has unexceptionable City reference from her last place, where she has lived three years. Can be seen until engaged at No. 157 West 31st-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS PROTESTant cook, a situation in a private family; best of reference; would like to go a short distance in the country. Call for two days at No. 417 East 17th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL A SITUAtion as chamber-maid and waitress; two years' reference from her last employer. Call Wednesday at No. 315 East 28th-st., second-floor back room.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMSTRESS; is a good dress-maker, and understands all kinds of family sewing; is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Can be seen at No. 311 East 24th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as plain cook or first-class laundress; first-class reference. Call at No. 152 East 24th-st., near Lexington-av.; country preferred.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTant young woman, a situation as good cook; best City reference. Call at No. 116 West 52d-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A situation as good cook; good washer and ironer; no objections to go a short distance in the country; good City references. Call at No. 344 West 28th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent person as chamber-maid and to do fine washing and sewing; good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 2 East 43d-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as nurse, and to do plain sewing; no objection to the country; good reference. Call at No. 124 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMstress for all kinds of fine sewing; would assist in house-keeping; would go to the country or travel. Address K. H., Box No. 142 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN A SITUation as first-class waitress in a private family; has the best of City references. Call at No. 209 West 19th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY AN English girl who understands her business. Can be seen at No. 316 East 31st-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as chamber-maid and to do plain sewing, or waitress; good reference. Call at No. 174 7th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN GIRL, a situation as nurse and chamber-maid. Call at No. 510 West 27th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS or chamber-maid, or some other light work; good City reference. Call at No. 120 West 20th-st.

WANTED—BY A WELSH WOMAN, A SITuation as cook in a City family; no washing. Call at the front basement of No. 324 East 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMstress; understands dress-making. Can be seen at last employer's, No. 131 East 21st-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation as cook; good City references. Apply at No. 239 7th-av., between 23d and 24th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GERMAN girl to do house work, or as chamber-maid and nurse. Apply at No. 138 6th-av., above 10th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERman girl to do general house work. Call at No. 127 Norfolk-st., between Rivington and Stanton sts.

GERMAN, AMERICAN AND FRENCH servants our specialty, and with Catholic and Protestant Irish constantly ready at International Office, No. 138 6th-av., above 10th-st.

GERMAN FEMALE SERVANTS, CApable and trustworthy, constantly to be found at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, No. 1 First-st.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom (private) by a young man (colored) who thoroughly understands the business; has the best of references, and is willing and obliging. Call on or address WESLEY, No. 59 Irving-place, Club Stables.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MARried man, a situation as gardener; will take care of cow and horse if required; is a good driver; will be always diligent and work to his employer's interest; has first-class reference. Address W. S., No. 217 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN AND GARDENer's situation by a sober, industrious single young man; thoroughly understands both in their various branches; can milk; is willing to make himself useful; has good reference. Address for two days H. C., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S AND GARDENer's situation by a single man who understands his business thoroughly and will be found willing and obliging, with good reference from last employer; can milk if required. Address P. M., Box No. 202 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class gardener and florist, married, no children; has a thorough practical knowledge of greenhouse plants hot and cold graperies, fruit and vegetables in general; best reference from last place. Address M. M., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom, plain gardener, &c., by a respectable, very industrious and reliable young man; can milk and attend about the house; is a good groom and driver; will take moderate wages and try to please; best reference given. Apply at No. 121 Atlantic-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class man as coachman and gardener; understands his business thoroughly in both branches; first-class references from gentlemen in this City, with whom he has lived. Address O. B., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—SITUATIONS FOR GERMAN, Scotch, Irish, English and American coachmen, grooms, gardeners, farm-hands and useful men, both married and single. Apply at CARPENTER'S Employment House, corner 11th-st. and 6th-av. Also, female help.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Englishman, married, as first-class coachman and groom; no objection to the country; best of reference from his last employer. Address J. G., Box No. 220 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED man as coachman, who has no care but himself and his wife, and can be highly recommended from their last place. Call or address M. C., No. 19 West 28th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG man as coachman and groom and assistant gardener; has a full knowledge of his business; is willing to make himself generally useful. Address T. C., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a reliable man, who understands his business thoroughly; will assist in gardening if required; will be found willing and obliging; best of City reference. Address J. J., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl as first-class waitress in a private family; has no objection to assist with chamber-work; has ten years' best City reference from last place. Call at No. 115 West 19th-st., near 6th-av.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a first-class man; temperate, reliable, and thoroughly trained to his business; twenty-five years' practical experience; City or country; reference satisfactory. Address J. B., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS coachman and groom; has twenty-seven years' experience; is married; no incumbrance; best City reference given. Address BLAKE, Box No. 200 *Times* Office; or call at No. 339 East 16th-st.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a single man; has the best references from his last and former employers; will make himself useful; can milk; country preferred. Address C. M., Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT SINGLE man, employment as groom and coachman; he thoroughly understands his business; will be found willing and obliging; good references. Address C. M., Box No. 220 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant man as waiter, who thoroughly understands his business; has the best of City reference from his last place; country preferred. Call or address P. G., No. 63, corner 41st-st. and 4th-av.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a Scotchman, married; understands greenhouses, grapery, vegetables and flowers; three years' reference. Address PHILLIP, No. 67 Nassau-st., seed-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant married man as coachman; understands his business thoroughly; has first-class City reference as to honesty, sobriety and capability. Apply or address R. F., No. 82 East 32d-st., private stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG man as coachman, footman or waiter; also, his wife; is a practical cook and laundress; they wish an engagement in a private gentleman's family; lately from England. Call for two days at No. 138 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by two respectable men who thoroughly understand their business, who will be disengaged in a few days on account of the family going to Europe. Call or address for two days No. 331 West 15th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER IN a private family by a single young man; understands his business; would go a short way in the country. Address M. G., No. 1,208½ Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE young man as coachman and gardener; is not afraid of work; is a Protestant; has good reference. Address W. D., Box No. 209 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Frenchman as waiter in a private family; is a good servant; has good reference. Address CONSTANT, No. 36 East Houston-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER by a young man (German) who thoroughly understands his business; best of references given. Address L. WINKELMANN, Box 192 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant young man as waiter; has first-class reference from his last employers in Europe. Address A. M., Box No. 197 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY a very capable man; thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; the best of City reference. Address No. 405 5th-av., in the cottage.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCHMAN, MARRIED, with small family, a situation as coachman; good references. Address A. M., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A MOST RESPECTABLE Protestant single young man, a situation as coachman in a private family; no other family need apply but a Protestant family; also, a City family; no man from the country need apply. Can be seen at his present employer's, No. 45 West 28th-st., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE man as first-class coachman; has the best of City reference. Any gentleman or lady that wants an honest, steady, reliable man will do well by calling at the livery-stable, Nos. 15 and 17 East 20th-st., for THOMAS BURNS.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a young man of long experience; has lived with the best families in Europe; thoroughly understands the care of horses, harness, &c.; has the best City reference from present employer. Apply to D. D., No. 129 West 28th-st.; private stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant young man as coachman and groom; will be found willing and obliging; best City reference as to qualifications; no objections to the country. Address W. T., Box No. 210 *Times* Office, for two days.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG man, a situation on a gentleman's place, and make himself generally useful; understands gardening and the care of horses; can milk, clean walks, &c.; best of City reference. Address L. N., Box No. 217 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A WIDOW ABOUT GIVING UP house on account of her health, desires a place for her boy (aged 13) in the country, for one year or longer if mutually satisfied; none but Christian parties need apply. Call on or address SOLDIER'S WIDOW, No. 353 West 39th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and gardener by a respectable Protestant married man; no incumbrance; thoroughly understands his business; can milk; is of sober, quiet and industrious habits; first-class City references. Address [illegible] Box No. 197 *Times* Office.

WANTED — A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a married man, without any family, who thoroughly understands his business in greenhouses, graperies, &c.; can furnish several years' undoubted reference. Address GARDENER, Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT MAN AND wife, situations, the man as waiter, general house servant, or make himself useful; wife as cook and laundress, or both; would do all the work of a family; have good references. Apply two days at No. 138 6th-av., above 10th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY MAN AND wife, Protestant; man as coachman; wife as waitress or seamstress; no objection to the country; fourteen years' City references. Address M. Y., Box No. 219 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION, by a single man, who thoroughly understands his business; can drive in New-York or Brooklyn; has the best of City reference. Address B. W., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A SINGLE young man as coachman and groom; can milk if required; willing and obliging; has best of reference from his last employer. Address J. C., Box No. 213 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER by a steady man; is a good fruit and vegetable gardener; is a first-class groom and driver; can furnish good City and country references. Address for two days J. M., No. 110 Hoyt-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG man, a situation as coachman; will make himself useful about a gentleman's place; is a good City driver; has good City reference; the country no object. Address J., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE, SITUAtions, the man as coachman and gardener; the wife would do general house-work; both understand their business; can give the best City reference. Address M. O., Box No. 192 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED FRENCHman, a situation as waiter in a small private family; has the best of City reference; no objection to the country. Address A. NOEL, No. 38 East Houston-st., for three days.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUAtion as gardener, in all its branches; will be found willing and obliging; best City reference. Address R. H., Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a first-class gardener in all its various departments; unexceptionable reference. Address F., Box No. 213 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE YOUNG MAN, A situation as coachman and gardener; can milk if required; can give good reference. Address P. O., Box No. 219 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young man as coachman; no objection to the country; three years of best City references from his last employer. Address A. C., Box 192 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a young single man, who is a first-class gardener and wants a first class place. No others need address J. C., seed-store, No. 876 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COLORED man as coachman; has the best of City reference. Address J. P., Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITER BY a single man, with City reference. Address L. G., corner 22d-st. and Broadway, in the drug-store.

TO HARDWARE MEN.—A MIDDLE-aged man wishes a situation as packer in a hardware-store, or is willing to work as porter. Address J. S., Box No. 184 *Times* Office.

CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

HARDWARE CLERK.—A YOUNG MAN, 21 years of age, having six years' experience as a retail hardware clerk in this City, would like to get a situation; City or country; good reference from present employer. Address HARDWARE, Box No. 140 *Times* Office.

A GENTLEMAN OF EXPERIENCE desires employment in a banking or commercial house, as book-keeper, assistant book-keeper, or corresponding clerk; is willing to commence on very moderate salary. Address G. H., Box 107 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A LADY, A POSITION AS saleslady in any respectable business; is fully competent; can furnish the best references. Address PETER, Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

CARPET SALESMAN, FIRST-CLASS, wants an engagement for three months or longer. Address M., Box No. 2,063 Post-office, New-York.

HELP WANTED.

AT BEDELL'S, NO. 340 4TH-AV., corner 25th-st., wanted English, Irish, Scotch, French and German girls in all capacities, to fill places now open. N. B.—Girls wishing situations in gentlemen's families in City and country suited without delay.

WANTED—A MAN OF PRACTICAL EXperience, who understands making all kinds of dye-woods, as superintendent of a dye-wood mill; best reference required. Address DYE-WOOD, Box No. 107 *Times* Office, New-York.

WANTED—MEN WHO WRITE VERY plainly, to assist in the preparation of Trow's New-York City Directory. Address, in writing of the applicant, with references, R. B. HALLOCK, No. 52 Greene-st. Applications in person not attended to.

WANTED—IN AN IRON ESTABLISHMENT, a well-educated youth, who is willing to devote himself to the interests of his employers; he must reside in the City and with parents or friends. Address in handwriting of applicant, Box No. 2,059 Post-office.

WANTED—BY A SMALL PRIVATE FAMily in the City, a good Protestant cook, to do plain washing and ironing. Apply at Mrs. SANDERS' office, No. 49 3d-av., from 10 to 12 o'clock, for two days.

WANTED—A GERMAN, SWEDE OR AMERican girl as chamber-maid and laundress in a small private family; best references required. Call at No. 342 Lexington-av., between 39th and 40th sts.

WANTED—A WET NURSE—A HEALTHY Protestant widow who has lost her own child; milk from two to four months old; references required. Call at No. 49 3d-av.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS, and one who is willing to make herself useful, in a private family. Apply, from 9 to 11, at No. 32 West 31st-st.

WANTED—A GIRL AS CHILD'S NURSE and chamber-maid. Apply at No. 5 Van Nest-place, Charles-st., between 9 and 12 A. M.

WANTED—TWO GOOD OPERATORS AND finishers on custom pants, at No. 414 East 11th-st., first floor.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL house-work. Call at No. 438 West 44th-st.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NEW-YORK SUPREME COURT, County of New-York.—HERMAN WOLFF and NORBERT WOLFF, plaintiffs, *vs.* EBEN W. HOVEY, defendant.—Summons for a money demand on contract.—(Com. not Ser.)—To the above-named defendant: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the City and County of New-York, at his office in the New Court-house, in said City, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint, on the subscribers at their office, No. 187 Broadway, New-York City, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will take judgment against you for the sum of thirty-two hundred and twenty 22-100 dollars, with interest on sixteen hundred and ten 22-100 dollars from the 22d November, 1869, and interest on sixteen hundred and ten dollars from the 10th day of December, 1869, besides the costs and disbursements of this action.—Dated Feb. 4, 1870.

G. R. & T. D. PELTON,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys,
No. 187 Broadway, New-York.

The complaint referred to in the foregoing summons was duly filed in the Clerk's Office of the City and County of New-York, on the 8th day of March, 1870.

G. R. & T. D. PELTON,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

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SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF KINGS.—WILLIAM M. PRICE and FRANCIS A. JAYNE, plaintiffs, against FRANK W. BELDEN, defendant.—Summons for relief.—Com. not ser.—To the defendant above-named:—You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, in the Court-house, in the City of Brooklyn, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint, on the subscriber, at his office, No. 18 William-st., in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated March 8, 1870.

W. HOWARD WAIT, Plaintiffs' Attorney.

N. B.—The complaint herein was filed in the office of the Clerk of the said county, on the 2d day of April, 1870.

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STATIONERY.

SLOTE & JANES, STATIONERS, PRINTers and blankbook manufacturers, No. 93 Fulton-st. Orders solicited.

SHIPPING.

FOR LIVERPOOL,
(VIA QUEENSTOWN,)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full power iron screw steamships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY, as follows:

IDAHO, Captain PRICE............April 13, at 3 P. M.
NEVADA, Captain GREEN.........April 20, at 9½ A. M.
COLORADO, Captain WILLIAMS..April 27, at 3 P. M.
NEBRASKA, Captain GUARD....May 4, at 4 P. M.
MANHATTAN, Captain FORSYTH..May 11, at 3½ P. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. WHINERAY..May 18, at 4 P. M.

Cabin passage, $80 gold.
Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30 currency.
For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall-st.

CUNARD LINE.
THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Calabria, Wednes.. April 13	Russia, Wednes.. April 27
Aleppo, Thursday, April 14	Palmyra, Thurs.. April 28
Samaria, Saturday, April 16	Nemesis, Saturd'y April 30
Cuba, Wednesday, April 20	China, Wednesday, May 4
Marathon, Thurs., April 21	Tripoli, Thursday, May 5

RATES OF PASSAGE.
By the Wednesday steamers, not carrying steerage:
First Cabin....$130, gold. Second Cabin....$80, gold.
First Cabin, to Paris............................$145, gold.
By the Thursday and Saturday Steamers.
First Cabin....$80, gold. Steerage....$30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.
Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.
For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling-green.
For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.
THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

VILLE DE PARIS..SURMONT..SATURDAY, April 16
ST. LAURENT......LEMARIE..SATURDAY, April 30
PEREIRE..............DUCHESNE..SATURDAY, May 14
LAFAYETTE.........ROUSSEAU..SATURDAY, May 28

Rates of passage, payable in gold, (including wine.)
TO BREST OR HAVRE, First cabin, $140; second cabin, $75.
TO PARIS, (including railway ticket,) $145 and $78.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.
American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—Inman Line of Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF LONDON........Saturday, April 16, 1 P. M.
CITY OF BALTIMORE, (via Halifax,)
Tuesday, April 19, 8 A. M.
CITY OF WASHINGTON..Saturday, April 23, 12 M.
CITY OF BROOKLYN.....Saturday, April 30, 1 P. M.

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate TUESDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE
BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	43

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER, VIA HALIFAX.

FIRST CABIN. PAYABLE IN GOLD.		STEERAGE. PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
Liverpool	$80	Liverpool	$30
Halifax	20	Halifax	15

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at reduced rates.
Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.
For further information apply at the Company's Office. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

STEAM TO GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL AND LONDONDERRY.
THE ANCHOR LINE

Favorite Clyde-built passenger steamers are intended to sail as follows:

EUROPA........April 16	CAMBRIA........April 30
INDIA............April 23	ANGLIA..............May 7
IOWA..............April 27	AUSTRALIA.......May 14

and each SATURDAY thereafter, from Pier No. 20 North River, at 12 o'clock, noon.

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.
Cabins, to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $75 and $65. Excursion tickets, good for 12 months, $130.
Steerage, to Glasgow, Liverpool or Derry, $30; intermediate, $35.
Prepaid Certificates from these ports, $32.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.
Drafts issued payable at any bank in Great Britain and Ireland.
For further information apply on the steamers, foot of Dey-st., or at the Company's offices, No. 7 Bowling-green, New-York. HENDERSON BROTHERS.

NATIONAL LINE.
STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN; From Pier No. 47 North River.
THE QUEEN, THOMPSON, Saturday, Apr. 16, at 7 A.M.
ERIN, WEBSTER, Wednesday, April 20, at 9 A. M.
FRANCE, GROGAN, Saturday, April 23, at 10 A. M.
Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $90 and $70; Steerage, $30, currency.
Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow, $32 currency.
Apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA.

FREIGHT AND PASSAGE GREATLY REDUCED.

Through rates, New-York to San Francisco:
First Class. Steerage.
$125 to $170. $60.
according to location of berth.
These rates include berths, board and all necessaries for the trip.
Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon,
ON 5TH AND 21ST OF EACH MONTH,
except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.
One hundred pounds of baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.
April 21—HENRY CHAUNCEY, Capt. MAURY, connecting with CONSTITUTION, Capt. ——.
Steamer AMERICA will leave San Francisco April 30, 1870, for China and Japan.
Freight for HENRY CHAUNCEY received until 4 P. M. on WEDNESDAY, April 20. All usual facilities afforded shippers in collecting inland charges, &c.
For freight or passage tickets, and all further information, apply at the office, Pier No. 42 North River.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.
UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:
MERRIMACK, Capt. WIER, April 23.
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH, May 23.
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. SLOCUM, June 23.
These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.
ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
Sailing regularly every THURSDAY at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.
MISSOURI, Capt. J. B. EDWARDS, April 14.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS, via Nassau, April 21.
COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE, April 28.
For freight or passage apply to
S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President, No. 5 Bowling Green.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.
CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.
Atlantic Mail S. S. Co.'s steamer MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS, April 21, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River.
For freight or passage apply to
S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.
New-York and Mexican Mail Steamship Line—Sailing every twenty days from Pier No. 17 East River, at 12 noon. The new steamers
CLEOPATRA, Capt. PHILLIPS, Saturday, April 23.
CITY OF MERIDA, Capt. DEAKEN, Friday, May 13.
For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA., AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.
GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE STEAMSHIPS, AND CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.
GREAT REDUCTION IN PASSENGER RATES TO ALL POINTS IN THE INTERIOR.
FOUR STEAMERS A WEEK,
TUESDAY,
THURSDAY
AND SATURDAY.
THE STEAMSHIPS
HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. CHEESEMAN, THURSDAY, April 14, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M. LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 88 Liberty-st.
SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, April 16, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.
MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, April 16, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.
LEO, Capt. DEARBORN, TUESDAY, April 19, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

FOR MOBILE.
VIA FERNANDINA ROUTE
THE FLORIDA RAILROAD COMPANY WILL DISPATCH THE FIRST-CLASS STEAMSHIP FLAG,
Capt. LIMEBURNER.
On WEDNESDAY, April 13, from Pier No. 29 North River, at 3 P. M. Cargo delivered without lighterage at Mobile.
Is now receiving. Has elegant passenger accommodations.
Insurance guaranteed at one and a half per cent. to Mobile.
Through Rates and Bills Lading given to Selma, Montgomery, and all points in the interior at LOWER RATES than any other line.
Passage to Fernandina, $20.
For Freight or Passage apply to
J. F. PATTERSON, Agent, No. 177 West-st., or to
R. H. DRUMMOND & CO., No. 84 Wall-st.
Mobile Agents, A. J. INGERSOLL & CO.

TAPSCOTT'S EMIGRATION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE OFFICE.—Passage from Liverpool and Queenstown weekly, by first-class steamships. Also from Liverpool and London, by weekly sailing packets. Drafts for £1 and upward, available in any part of Great Britain and Ireland, at the lowest rates, at TAPSCOTT BROTHERS & CO.'S, No. 86 South-st., New-York.

SHIPPING.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
(Change of pier to No. 43 North River.)
Old Line—Low Freight.
The well-known, first-class side-wheel steamship DE SOTO, THOS. H. MORTON, Commander, will leave Pier No. 43 North River, on SATURDAY, April 16, at 3 P. M. Freight taken at through rates for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 88 Liberty-st.

NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.
Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one; their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage; in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition, and an infinity of annoyances to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

STEAMBOATS.

STONINGTON LINE.
TO BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE.
GREAT INSIDE ROUTE—SHORTEST AND MOST DIRECT.
Fare always as low as by any other line.
The new and elegant Side-wheel steamers
STONINGTON and NARRAGANSETT.
Capt. WM. M. JONES. Capt. GEO. B. HULL.
From Pier No. 33, foot of Jay-st., North River, at 5 P. M.,
Arriving ahead of all other lines.
Tickets sold and state-rooms secured at No. 319 Broadway, corner New Pearl-st., and at Dodd's Express office, No. 944 Broadway. D. S. BABCOCK, President Stonington Steamboat Company.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.
THE LARGEST AND MOST MAGNIFICENT RIVER STEAMERS IN THE WORLD, THE ST. JOHN, DREW AND DEAN RICHMOND.
One of the above steamers will leave Pier No. 41 North River, EVERY AFTERNOON (Sundays excepted) at 6 o'clock, arriving at Albany in time to connect with railroad trains West and North. Returning, leave the Albany Steamboat Landing at 7 o'clock P. M., or on the arrival of connecting trains from the West and North. Through tickets can be obtained at the office on the wharf, and baggage checked to its destination. Freight received until the hour of departure.

FOR BOSTON,
Via Fall River, touching at Newport.
WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.
The splendid steamers
NEWPORT AND OLD COLONY,
Commander LEWIS, Commander SIMMONS, leave daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 P. M., from Pier No. 30, North River, foot of Chambers-st.
JAMES FISK, Jr., President.
M. R. SIMONS, Managing Director.
C. H. VAILE, General Passenger Agent.
H. H. MANGAM, Freight Agent.

SPECIAL NOTICE—NARRAGANSETT STEAM-SHIP CO.
On or about MONDAY, April 11, 1870, the world-renowned steamers, BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE, will resume their trips on the line for Boston, via Fall River, touching at Newport. These steamers have been thoroughly overhauled and elegantly refitted. Nothing has been omitted conducive to the safety and comfort of passengers.

STEAMER D. R. MARTIN,
Capt. JAY L. CLARK, for Huntington, Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Bayville, daily at 3½ P. M., from Pier No. 37 East River, foot of Market-st., one block above Catharine Ferry, touching at 37th-st. at 3½ for passengers only.

SHREWSBURY, RED BANK AND LONG BRANCH.—The steamer SEA BIRD will leave New-York, foot of Warren-st., as follows:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.		LEAVE RED BANK.	
Tuesday, 12th...	2 P. M.	Wednesday, 13th	2 P. M.
Thursday, 14th...	2 P. M.	Friday, 15th......	7 A. M.
Friday, 15th......	2½ P. M.	Saturday, 16th...	7½ A. M.
Saturday, 16th...	3½ P. M.	Monday, 18th....	8 A. M.
Tuesday, 19th....10	A. M.	Wednesday, 20th	9 A. M.
Thursday, 21st...	8 A. M.	Thursday, 21st...12	M.
Friday, 22d.......	8½ A. M.		

TROY LINE FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—The fastest elegant steamers on the Hudson leave Pier No. 44 North River, north of Spring-st., EVERY EVENING, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 o'clock, connecting at above places with morning express trains for the north, west and east. Fare, $1 50; through tickets issued and baggage checked. Sunday fare $2. Freight taken at low rates. Returning, leave Troy at 6 and Albany at 8 o'clock.

FOR HUDSON, ATHENS AND INTERMEDIATE PLACES.—The clipper steamboat NEVERSINK leaves foot of Warren-st., every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 5 o'clock P. M., for the above places.

MORNING LINE TO PEEKSKILL.—The steamer ANTELOPE will commence her regular trips for the season on THURSDAY, April 14, leaving Harrison-st. at 8 o'clock A. M., making the usual landings.

FOR BRIDGEPORT, AND ALL points on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroads.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon.

FOR NEW HAVEN, HARTFORD, &C.—Fare $1 25. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

RAILROADS.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.
Trains leave 30th-st. as follows:
8:00 A. M., Cincinnati and Chicago express, drawing-room cars attached.
10:30 A. M., day express, drawing-room cars attached.
4:00 P. M., Montreal express, drawing-room cars attached.
6:30 P. M., Pacific express, with sleeping cars through to Chicago without change, via M. C. Railroad, also L. S. and M. S. Railroad, (daily.)
11:00 P. M., night express, sleeping cars attached.
7:00 A. M., 2:30 and 5 P. M., Poughkeepsie trains.
9:00 A. M., 4:15 and 6:30 P. M., Peekskill trains.
1:00 and 6:30 P. M., Sing Sing trains.
6:40, 7:20, 9:10 A. M., 12 M., 3, 4:25, 5:10, 7 and 11:30 P. M., Yonkers trains.
(9:00 A. M. to Poughkeepsie Sundays.)
Nov. 15, 1869. J. M. TOUCEY, Superintendent.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS WILL LEAVE depots at foot of Chambers-st. and foot of 23d-st., as follows:

Through Express trains leave Chambers-st. at 8 A. M., 10 A. M. and 6:30 P. M., (daily;) leave 23d-st. at 7:45 A. M., 9:45 A. M., and 6:15 P. M. (daily.) New and improved Drawing-room Coaches will accompany the 8 A. M. train through to Buffalo, connecting at Hornellsville with magnificent Sleeping Coaches through to Cleveland and Galion. Sleeping Coaches will accompany the 10 A. M. train from Susquehanna to Buffalo, and the 6:30 P. M. train to Rochester, Buffalo and Cincinnati. An Emigrant train leaves daily at 8 P. M.
For Port Jervis and Way, 4:30 P. M., (23d-st. 4:15 P. M.,) Orange County Express, (Sundays excepted,) connecting for Warwick, Montgomery, Guilford, Pine Island and Unionville.
For Middletown and Way, at 3:30 P. M., (23d-st. 3:15 P. M.)
For Otisville and Way at 8:30 A. M. daily, (23d-st. 8:15 A. M.)
For Newburg and Way at 8 A. M., 3:30 and 4:30 P. M., (23d-st. 7:45 A. M., 3:15 and 4:15 P. M.)
For Suffern and Way, 5 P. M. and 6 P. M.; (23d-st 4:45 and 5:45 P. M.) Theatre train, 11:30 P. M., (23d-st 11 P. M.)
For Paterson and Way, from 23d-st. Depot, at 6:45 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 11:45 A. M., 1:45 P. M., (daily,) 3:45 P. M., 5:15 P. M. and 6:45 P. M. From Chambers-st. Depot, at 6:45 A. M., 9:15 A. M., 12 M., 1:45 P. M., (daily,) 4 P. M., 5:15 P. M. and 6:45 P. M.
For Hackensack and Way, from 23d-st. Depot, at 8:45 A. M., 11:45 A. M., 3:45 P. M., 5:15 P. M., 5:45 P. M. and 6:45 P. M. From Chambers-st. Depot, at 9 A. M., 12 M., 4 P. M., 5:15 P. M., 6 P. M. and 6:45 P. M.
For Piermont, Monsey and Way, from 23d-st. Depot, at 8:45 A. M., 12:45 P. M., *3:15 P. M., 4:15 P. M., 4:45 P. M., *6:15 P. M., and Saturdays only *12 midnight. From Chambers-st. Depot at 9 A. M., 1 P. M., *3:30 P. M., 4:30 P. M., 5 P. M., *6:30 P. M., and Saturdays only *12 midnight.
Tickets for passage and for apartments in Drawing Room and Sleeping Coaches can be obtained, and orders for the checking and transfer of baggage may be left at the Company's offices, Nos. 241, 529 and 957 Broadway; corner 125th-st. and 3d-av., Harlem; No. 338 Fulton-st., Brooklyn; depots foot of Chambers-st. and foot of 23d-st., New-York; No. 3 Exchange-place and Long Dock Depot, Jersey City, and of the agents at the principal hotels.
* To Piermont only.
L. D. RUCKER, Gen'l Sup't. WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass'r Ag't.

SOUTH SIDE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND.—Winter Arrangement.—On and after Oct. 25 the trains will leave the Roosevelt and Grand st. Ferries as follows: 8:45 A. M., mail and passenger for Patchogue; 10 A. M., for Merrick; 3:30 P. M., express to Patchogue; 4:30 P. M., accommodation for Islip, on Saturdays through to Patchogue; 6:30 P. M., for Merrick, on Saturdays through to Babylon. All trains connect at Valley Stream, except the Merrick late and early trains.
C. W. DOUGLAS, Superintendent.

AUCTION SALES.

ART SALE—GALLERY OF ART, NO. 845 BROADWAY.—A CARD.—WM. M. BROWN respectfully announces to his friends and the public his intentions of selling his entire collection of AMERICAN FRUITS and FLOWERS, being the result of eighteen months' constant labor and study to produce the finest specimens of this most delightful branch of the fine arts, and he feels confident in saying they will compare favorably with anything of the kind heretofore offered at auction in this country. They will be on exhibition, on and after the 15th inst., DAY and EVENING, and in connection with about fifty fine contributions from some of the most meritorious New-York artists, will be sold on the EVENINGS of the 22d and 23d of April. They will comprise some of the choicest examples from the following distinguished names: Wm. M. Brown, Mrs. Beers, D. Johnson, Hubbard, Whitridge, Wyant, Gifford, Bispham, Brevoort, Pratt, Holberton, Eaton, Tait, Wm. Hart, Tompson, Tiffany, Nelson, Ogilvee, Gay, Robbins, Robbing, Bricher, and others of equal talent. The whole will be sold at BARKER'S GALLERY OF ART, on the EVENINGS of FRIDAY and SATURDAY, the 22d and 23d of April.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.
BY T. R. MINTURN, BROWN & CO.—THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) April 13, at 11 o'clock, within their stores—
400 bags prime new crop Brazil Nuts.
1,000 quarter boxes bunch Raisins.
100 boxes preserved Orange Peel.
100 boxes fresh Sicily Oranges.
150 boxes fresh Messina Oranges.
50 barrels sour Cherries.
At 12 o'clock, on Pier No. 11 East River—
3,600 boxes fresh Sicily Oranges.
1,400 boxes fresh Sicily Lemons.
Cargo brig *Johanna*, from Palermo.

A. B. WALDRON & CO., Auctioneers.—Sales-rooms Nos. 106 Liberty-st. and 111 Cedar-st.
FURNITURE, CARPETS, BEDDING, DESKS.
THIS DAY, April 13, at 10½ o'clock, great sale of second-hand and new furniture, &c., including 25 parlor suites, 20 center-tables, 40 counting-house and office desks; also, carpets, bedding, chamber suites, &c.

By F. COLTON, Auctioneer; Sales-rooms No. 53 East 13th-st.
WILL SELL THIS DAY, (WEDNESDAY,) April 13, the entire balance of the furniture of Lovejoy's Hotel, contained in three large buildings corner of Beekman-st. and Park-row, commencing at 10½ o'clock.
Also, a 6¾-octave piano, rosewood.

AUCTION SALES.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—Sales-rooms Nos. 95 Chambers and 77 Reade sts.; Art Galleries Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway, southwest corner of 12th-st.

THE SALE OF THE SEASON.
Messrs. LEEDS & MINER on MONDAY, APRIL 18, AND SUCCEEDING DAYS, will offer for sale the household furniture, rare curiosities, and entire PRIVATE COLLECTION OF PAINTINGS OF J. P. BEAUMONT, constituting the last sale that will ever be organized by this gentleman, and being, relatively to its extent, the
MOST VALUABLE SALE OF WORKS OF ART
ever advertised in this City.
The greater portion of these paintings have never been on exhibition since their purchase by Mr. Beaumont, and are
ADMIRABLY FINE SPECIMENS
of our own American artists and the modern European schools, including a few undoubted
GEMS BY THE OLD MASTERS.
Among the former may be mentioned paintings by GILBERT STUART, CHURCH, EASTMAN JOHNSON, COLE, SULLY, LEUTZE, HUNTINGTON, MOUNT; while among the latter are works by CIGNANI, DOMINICHINI, L. CARACCI, VELASQUEZ, J. CUYP, TINTORETTO, ZUCHARELLI, VAN DER MEULEN, SNYDERS, ROSA DA TIVOLI, GONZALES, COYPEL, CARL HUBNER, ZIEM, VERBOECKHOVEN, MADOU, CHAVET, ROBBE, GUILLEMIN, TSCHAGGENY, DE BYLANDT, FAUVELET, OTTO ERDMANN, CALISCH, HERRING, PERCY, HILL, ARMFIELD, PASSMORE, GENTZ, CARL BECKER, DE BLOCK, FLORENT WILLEMS, PLATTEEL, VAN HOVE, WALRAVEN, VAN SCHENDEL and others of a similar or greater celebrity in the
ART CIRCLES OF MODERN EUROPE.
This superb and very extensive collection will be sold WITHOUT RESERVE, and will be on exhibition on and after TUESDAY, APRIL 5, at the LEEDS ART GALLERIES, where catalogues and additional information may be obtained upon application. Price of catalogue, 25 cents.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.
On SATURDAY, April 16 and 23,
At 11 o'clock each day,
AT OUR SPACIOUS CARRIAGE REPOSITORY SALES-ROOMS, NO. 501 BROADWAY,
ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,
BLOCK BETWEEN BROOME AND SPRING STS.
GREAT TRADE SALE OF ELEGANT CARRIAGES BY FIRST-CLASS MAKERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF THIS CITY,
And comprising all the newest styles and varieties of vehicles now in use, of the very best workmanship and elaboration,
COMPRISING
CLARENCES, LANDAUS, LANDAULETS, COUPES, COUPELETS, BAROUCHES, SUMMER COACHES, PARK PHAETONS, DOG CARTS, VICTORIAS, CABRIOLETS, SIX-SEAT FAMILY ROCKAWAYS, SUNDOWNS, COUPE ROCKAWAYS, LIGHT FOUR-PASSENGER ROCKAWAYS, BASKET PHAETONS, DEPOT AND JAGGER WAGONS, LIGHT-TOP AND NO-TOP BUGGIES, to include several ROAD WAGONS AND TROTTING WAGONS, made by Messrs. Brewster, Miner & Stevens, Baldwin, Mix & Co., Wood Brothers, Adams, Marsh, Armstrong, Manville, Kean & Lines, and other well-known makers; also, a line of basket pony phaetons, just manufactured by a well-known firm as a specialty.
All of which will be SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE, and will be on exhibition as above on and from Monday, 11th inst. The sale of FRIDAY, 15th inst., will comprise about one-half of the stock, ABOUT SIXTY VEHICLES, to be followed on the next FRIDAY, 22d inst., with the balance of the stock, ABOUT SEVENTY-FIVE LOTS.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer—Sales-rooms, No. 95 Chambers and No. 77 Reade sts.; Art Galleries, Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER—On WEDNESDAY, April 13, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence, No. 318 2d-av.:
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ROSE-WOOD PIANO, &c.—Consisting of velvet and Brussels carpets, nearly new; rose-wood double suite in crimson-figured brocatel; rose-wood center tables, gilt clocks, under glass shades; black-walnut and gilt-frame engravings, music rack, wardrobe, library table, black-walnut and mahogany suites, in green reps and hair cloth; rose-wood, black-walnut and mahogany bedroom furniture, cottage suites, mattresses, pillows and bolsters, lace window curtains and cornices, sewing-machine, by Grover & Baker; black-walnut extension table, china, crockery, &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—Sales-rooms Nos. 95 Chambers and 77 Reade sts.; Art Galleries Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway.
On THURSDAY, APRIL 14, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 253 West 34th-st.,
HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE — Rosewood piano, rosewood suite in blue reps, rosewood marble-top center-table, chairs in crimson reps, shades, lace curtains, black-walnut hall-stand, Brussels and ingrain carpets, rosewood and black-walnut bedsteads, bureaus, hair mattresses, bolsters and pillows, wardrobes, book-stands, rosewood rocker in brocatelle, rosewood dining-table, mahogany card-table, silver-plated ware, crockery, glass-ware, &c., &c.

ALLEN B. MINER, Auctioneer.
BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—Sales-rooms Nos. 95 Chambers and 77 Reade sts., Art Galleries Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway.
On THURSDAY, April 14, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 182 West 11th-st.:
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c., consisting of carpets, parlor suite, center-table, window shades and curtains, bedsteads, bureaus, washstands, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, &c.; hall-stand, stair carpets and rods, dining-room furniture, china, crockery, glass-ware, kitchen furniture, &c.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer.
BY ROBERT SOMERVILLE.—EXtensive sale at Auction on TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, April 19 and 20, at 10 o'clock each day, at No. 82 5th-av., corner 14th-st.
Mr. ROBERT SOMERVILLE announces that he has arranged for a sale of the choicest styles of furniture with several of the leading manufacturers throughout the country, and has thus collected the finest variety of elegant furniture ever offered at public auction.
Mr. Somerville solicits the attention of purchasers of furniture to this novel mode of disposition, never before attempted, feeling confident that the sale will be well worthy the attention of dealers, as well as private parties. The serviceable and substantial character of the articles offered will be self-evident, and will need no further commendation.
The catalogues will comprise elegant parlor suites, in walnut and rosewood frames, covered in satin; satin damask, coteline, broche tambourine, Paris Exposition prize terry, and fine French and English terries, in all shades; Turkish and Oriental lounges and chairs, in rich coverings.
Reception and occasional chairs and divans, of the newest patterns; chamber, dining-room and library suites, of the most substantial makes and elegant designs; walnut, ebony, inlaid and gilt tables, flower-stands and ornamental articles, in large variety, all carefully manufactured from the very best materials.
Catalogues will be ready and the goods arranged for exhibition the day before the sale.

D. M. SEAMAN, Auctioneer.
ADMINISTRATRIX'S SALE OF STOCKS AND BONDS AT AUCTION, on THURSDAY, April 14, at 12½ o'clock, at Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, (by order Administratrix of H. P. Liscomb, deceased:)
$5,000 United States 6s of 1881.
$10,000 New-York County 6 per cent. stock.
$3,000 Central Park, N. & E. R. bonds.
$19,800 Iowa River Railroad 7 per cent. bonds.
$200 Story and McClintock Pet. 7 per cent. bonds.
100 shrs. Brooklyn Ins. Co.
15 shrs. Continental Ins. Company.
170 shrs. Hamilton Ins. Co.
50 shrs. Columbia Ins. Co.
28 shrs. Commonwealth Ins. Co.
10 shrs. Grocers' Ins. Co.
$402 Continental Ins. scrip
274 shrs. Tangascootock Coal.
450 shrs. Story and McClintock Petroleum.
100 shrs. Broadway Bank.
50 shrs. Nat. Trust Co.
60 shrs. Iron Bank, Morristown.
$750 Hardin Co. Bank, Eldorado.
600 shrs. Iowa River R. R.
10 shrs. Johnson Rotary Lock Co.
102 shrs. Eldorado Mining Company.
1,000 shrs. Titus Est. Pet. Company.
Patent for improvement in mode of sinking wells; letters patent for ten counties in New-Jersey.
Catalogues at the auctioneer's office, No. 14 Pine-st.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
ATTRACTIVE SALE OF HANDSOME HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ROSE-WOOD PIANO-FORTE, FINE CARPETS, COWS, &c., AT RYE, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, N. Y.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell at auction on THURSDAY, April 14, 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the residence of J. W. Hull, Esq., Milton-av., on the road to Milton, and known as the Old Clark House, all the furniture, &c., of said house, viz.: Fine rose-wood parlor suites, elegant rose-wood etagere, carved rose-wood piano-forte, seven-octave, J. & C. Fischer, makers; sofas, arm and easy chairs, two fine walnut extension tables, richly-carved walnut buffet, a very good assortment of bedroom furniture, mattresses, bolsters and pillows, rich French china and cut glass-ware, heavy silver-plated ware, with solid silver mountings; fine Wilton, Brussels and three-ply carpets; all the kitchen and laundry utensils, &c. Also, two cows, one calf, lot garden and stable utensils, &c.; also a chestnut mare, 16 hands high, 10 years old; good family horse; also rockaway and harness.
Descriptive catalogues may be had at the office of the auctioneers, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.
ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, MIRRORS, RICH CARPETS, GAS FIXTURES, &c.
E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell by auction, on WEDNESDAY, April 13, 1870, at 11 o'clock, at the private residence No. 327 5th-av., between 32d and 33d sts.: The entire contents of said house, comprising rich ebony and gilt parlor suite in figured crimson reps, fine French plate pier and mantel mirrors, ebony and gilt center and side tables and cabinets, Turkish easy chairs, elegant clocks and mantel ornaments, reps and lace curtains, fine walnut extension table, walnut buffet, dining chairs, walnut bedsteads, marble-top dressing bureaus, book-cases, mattresses, bolsters and pillows, rich moquet, velvet and Brussels carpets, together with all the kitchen utensils; also, fine bronze chandeliers and fixtures of the house.
Catalogues now ready at No. 3 Pine-st.

SALE OF COPPER SCALE.
NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR,
April 13, 1870.
There will be offered for sale, at public auction, on FRIDAY, May 6, 1870, at 12 o'clock M., at the United States Navy-yard, Washington, about SEVENTY THOUSAND (70,000) POUNDS OF COPPER SCALE, in lots to suit purchasers.
It can be examined at any time previous to the day of sale, upon application to the Commandant of the Washington Navy-yard.
Samples of similar scale have shown 82 per cent. of metallic copper.
One-half of the purchase-money must be deposited at the time of sale, and twelve days will be allowed to remove the scale from the yard, otherwise the deposit will be forfeited to the Government.
All payments to be made in Government funds, and before the scale is removed from the yard.

R. S. BRASSEL, Sheriff's Auctioneer.
SHERIFF'S SALE.—BY VIRTUE OF several executions, and also by order of the Court, I will sell, on FRIDAY, the 15th inst., at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at foot of 4th-st., E. R., a small quantity of coal, also, carts, coal-scale, office furniture; and also, at No. 63 4th-av., at 11 o'clock, the stock and fixtures of the cigar-store, office furniture, safe, &c.; also, at 12 o'clock, at coal-yard in Broadway, between 41st and 42d sts., stock of coal, also horses, carts, coal-scale, office furniture, &c. By order.
JAMES O'BRIEN, Sheriff.
JAS. DUNPHY, Deputy Sheriff.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST OR STOLEN—BANK-BOOK NO. 28,950, on the East River Savings Bank. The finder will please leave it at the bank, No. 3 Chambers-st., New-York.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

NO. 6 MADISON-SQUARE, 23d-st. Miss PUTNAM will have an elegant suite of rooms, consisting of parlor, dining-room, two bedrooms, bath, &c., vacated May 1, to rent, with private table only, for the season or year.

THE ST. HONORE, NO. 72 WEST 45th-st., formerly the Ashburton House, overlooking Reservoir-square.—The house having changed hands, and being newly repaired and refitted throughout, is now open for the reception of first-class families and single gentlemen; the table is served entirely in the French style. Regular board for single gentlemen, without lodging, admitted. French, Spanish and German spoken.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 309, NEAR 31ST-ST. —A second floor, consisting of parlor, four bedrooms, dressing and private bath-room, newly and handsomely furnished, to rent to a family with unexceptionable board. The floor will be, if desired, divided into suites of three rooms each; also one large room for two gentlemen only; house and all appointments first-class; undoubted references offered.

NO. 2 WEST 39TH-ST.—A HANDSOMELY furnished floor, consisting of parlor, three bedrooms, private dining-room and bath-room, can be had May 1; also, arrangements can now be made for rooms for the season in a finely situated house on the shore at Long Branch.

BOARDERS AND LODGERS WANTED —No. 2 West 39th-st., from May 1; an entire floor, consisting of parlor, three bedrooms, private dining-room and bath-room; arrangements can also be made for board for the season in house delightfully situated on shore at Long Branch.

AN ENTIRE PARLOR FLOOR, CONsisting of three very large, handsomely-furnished rooms, with or without private table, for the Summer or year, on reasonable terms, in the first-class house No. 16 5th-av.; references exchanged.

THIRTIETH-ST., NEAR 4TH-AV.—To let, to a gentleman, a large, handsomely-furnished second floor front room, with closets and bath-room adjoining; family private and permanent. Address F. L., Box No. 3,422 Post-office.

NORTH-WEST CORNER OF BROADWAY and 25th-st., a suite of rooms; also single rooms; will be vacated the 15th inst.; house and location desirable; opposite Hoffman House and adjoining the St. James.

$6 TO $10 PER WEEK.—VERY DESIRABLE rooms with excellent board for families and single gentlemen at No. 176 Bleecker-st., six blocks west of Broadway.

NO. 20 WEST 32D-ST. — SUITES OF rooms, handsomely furnished, with private table, at reasonable rates, for the Summer; bath-rooms on every floor.

A HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED BACK parlor to let with board to gentleman and wife; terms $20; also one or two rooms on third floor. No. 222 West 47th-st., near Broadway.

THIRTY-FOURTH-ST., NEAR BROADway—To let, with board; will be vacant April 26; large airy room, second floor front. No. 150 West 34th-st.

NO. 278 4TH-AV., NEARLY OPPOSITE Calvary Church, a bright, cheerful suite of rooms, in a small family, with home comforts; private table if desired; references exchanged.

GENTLEMEN WISHING PERMANENT rooms, single or in suite, furnished or unfurnished, without board, can apply at No. 30 Union-square.

TO LET—NO. 222 WEST 24TH-ST., A LARGE second-story front room, with or without board, furnished or unfurnished; good and convenient location.

NO. 234 EAST 13TH-ST., SECOND floor, front room; suitable for a gentleman or a gentleman and wife; with or without board; location desirable; no moving.

NO. 8 BREVOORT-PLACE, (NO. 51 East 10th-st.)—Two doors west of Broadway, handsomely-furnished room to let; first-class restaurant opposite; no moving in the Spring.

NO. 122 WEST 12TH-ST., BETWEEN 6th and 7th avs., a handsome parlor and bedroom to rent, with first-class board, and third-story large room; references exchanged.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 251. FROM MAY 1, handsomely furnished rooms to families or single gentlemen, with or without private table; Frenchmen cook.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 297—SUITES OF ROOMS to let, with or without private table, by the season or year. References.

A LARGE FURNISHED FRONT ROOM to rent, with or without breakfast; also a small one, at No. 280 4th-av., near 22d-st.

SEVENTEENTH-ST.—ELEGANT ROOMS without board to gentleman only. No. 104 East 17th-st., near Union-square.

NO. 8 EAST 9TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—Handsomely-furnished suites of rooms to let, with board; references.

COUNTRY BOARD.

COUNTRY BOARD FROM 1ST OF MAY.—Pleasant farm-house, well shaded, 80 miles from City, opposite Hyde Park, two miles from river; high land. Terms moderate. Address H. E., Esopus, New-York.

LONG BRANCH—ARRANGEMENTS FOR the season can be made for first-class accommodations in house delightfully located on the shore; stabling for horses. Apply at No. 2 West 39th-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

BREWSTER & CO.,
OF BROOME-ST.,
WARE-ROOMS,
5th-av., cor. 14th-st.
ELEGANT CARRIAGES AND ROAD WAGONS.

We are now completing our stock for the coming season, and offer, in the newest designs and most perfect finish,

Barouches,
Cabriolets,
Clarences,
Phaetons,
Victorias,
Landaus,
Coupes,

and a variety of Carriages for the Park and Road, exclusively the production of our well-known Broome-st. Factory, including the

"BREWSTER WAGON,"

of which we are sole manufacturers.

Special attention is called to the fact that our prices are UNIFORM TO ALL, and that every Carriage offered for sale in our ware-rooms is equal in quality to those built to the order of our most valued customers.

FOR SALE—A VERY SUPERIOR BAY horse, with coupe and harness; the horse 8 years old, 16 hands high, a fine traveler, and sound; the coupe made by Wood Bros., and in good order; also the coupe harness; the whole establishment will be sold cheap. Apply at private stable, No. 126 West 17th-st., between 9 and 10 A. M. and 5 and 6 P. M.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE, AT A MODERate price, a pair of perfectly sound, kind horses, not less than 15½ hands high or over, eight years old. Address, with description, Box No. 1974, Post-office.

REMOVAL.

NEW-YORK HOSPITAL.
The Library of the New-York Hospital is removed to No. 13 West 11th-st., near Broadway. It is open daily from 1½ P. M. to 3½ P. M., and on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings from 7½ to 9½.

HURD & HOUGHTON, PUBLISHERS and booksellers, have removed to No. 13 Astor-place and No. 136 8th-st., a few doors east of Broadway.
NEW-YORK, April 8, 1870.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

A CAUTION.—$100,000 REWARD TO ANY one who can equal or surpass the great independent business and medical clairvoyant, Mrs. LINWOOD, in love affairs, causing speedy marriages, bringing together those long separated; she was never known to fail; has that great French secret for luck and prosperity, likeness, name and number. No. 230 West 41st-st., between 7th and 8th avs. No gentlemen.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE—THE COPARTNERSHIP EXISTing between ANDREWS & TERRY, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. HENRY S. TERRY will continue the business on his own account, and is alone authorized to sign in liquidation on account of the late firm.
SIDNEY H. ANDREWS,
HENRY S. TERRY.
UNITED STATES HOTEL, April 9, 1870.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—PATTI IN OPERA.
PATTI EASTER OPERATIC FESTIVAL.
Mr. Max Strakosch is happy to announce that in compliance with the general desire on the part of the numerous patrons of the opera and the music-loving portion of the community, that he has succeeded in inducing
MISS CARLOTTA PATTI
to appear in Mozart's grand Opera,
THE MAGIC FLUTE.
Arrangements are now being perfected, and that immortal masterwork, superbly mounted, will be produced on
EASTER TUESDAY, APRIL 19, 1870,
when Miss Patti will assume the role of the
QUEEN OF NIGHT,
supported by a most brilliant cast and powerful chorus and complete orchestra, under the direction of
MONS. THEODORE RITTER.
The sale of seats will commence on Saturday, 16th April, at the Box-office of the Academy of Music.

OLE BULL
Respectfully announces
A MATINEE
At
ASSOCIATION HALL,
Corner of 4th-av. and 23d-st.,
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, APRIL 16, 1870,
Assisted by the following artists:
MISS HATTIE SAFFORD,
The favorite soprano.
MR. WILLIAM MACDONALD,
The popular tenor.
MR. EDWARD HOFFMAN,
The distinguished pianist and composer.
Admission, $1. No extra charge for reserved seats.
Sale of tickets begins at Schirmer's music-store, No. 701 Broadway, on THURSDAY MORNING, April 14, at 9 o'clock, and at the hall on the afternoon of the performance. J. JAY WATSON, Agent.
ALEX. BULL, Business Manager.

HIPPODROME PARISIEN.
THE GREAT EUROPEAN CIRCUS.
GEORGEOUS HIPPODRAMATIC PAGEANT
IN THE MAMMOTH SKATING RINK,
CORNER 3D-AV. AND 64TH-ST.,
for a short season,
commencing
MONDAY, April 11.
TWO PERFORMANCES EACH DAY, 2½ AND 8 o'clock. Doors open one hour previous.
THE LARGEST CIRCUS AND BEST COMPANY IN THE WORLD.
Mr. PEIRCE, the celebrated Lion Performer, will enter the den of wild lions at each exhibition.
Admission, 50 cents. Children under ten years, 25 cents.
THE GRAND PARADE WILL BE GIVEN TO-DAY, if the weather is favorable.

IRISH BARDS AND BALLADS.
NEW-YORK, April 9, 1870.

Charles W. Brooke, Esq.:

DEAR SIR: Having heard of your great success in Philadelphia in your lecture on "Irish Bards and Ballads," we would be pleased to have you favor us with its repetition in New-York at such time and place as will suit your convenience and pleasure.

We feel assured that should you indicate a willingness to comply with our request, you will at least have the gratification of presenting your lecture to a large and appreciative audience.

A. Oakey Hall,	Richard O'Gorman,
John K. Hackett,	Horace Greeley,
Gunning S. Bedford,	John McKeon,
Algernon S. Sullivan,	Max Goepp,
John K. Porter,	James Douglas,
Bernard Casserly,	Eugene Shine,
J. Augustus Page,	W. Stuart,
Smith Ely, Jr.,	W. Winter,
E. H. House,	Henry Thurman,
Wilmer S. Wood,	James B. Bullock,
Douglas Taylor,	William D. Hennen,
J. T. Agnew,	J. P. O'Sullivan,
Fred. Fisher,	John E. Develin,

Samuel Ward.

PHILADELPHIA, April 11, 1870.

Hons. A. Oakey Hall, John K. Hackett, Richard O'Gorman, and others:

GENTLEMEN: Appreciating fully the compliment conveyed by your flattering letter of the 9th inst., I accept the invitation it extends, and beg leave to designate Steinway Hall, Tuesday evening, April 19, 1870, as the place and time for the delivery of "Irish Bards and Ballads" in your City.

With sincere respect, gratefully yours,
CHARLES W. BROOKE.

NEW-YORK HARMONIC SOCIETY.
ELIJAH.
Steinway Hall, MONDAY EVENING, April 25. Reserved seats for sale at SCHIRMER'S, No. 701 Broadway.

WILLIAM MASON EVANS.
"One of the greatest readers of the day." Due notice of his first appearance.

FREE EXHIBITION, GALLERY OF ART, NO. 845 BROADWAY.—Magnificent display of American fruits and flowers by Wm. M. Brown. The most brilliantly painted collection of our delicious fruits and flowers heretofore offered to the public now on view DAY and EVENING at Barker's Gallery, No. 845 Broadway, opposite Wallack's.

DR. RIMMER'S PAINTING OF VENUS AND CUPID may be seen for a few days at DUNHAM & SON'S piano rooms, No. 831 Broadway. Exhibition free. Hours from 12 to 4.

INSTRUCTION.

DOLBEAR'S WRITING PARLORS for ladies, Nos. 873 and 875 Broadway, over Aitken & Miller's. Ladies desiring first-class instruction in penmanship are invited to call.

MOUNT WASHINGTON INSTITUTE, No. 40 Washington-square, (South,) GEORGE W. CLARKE, A. M., Principal, fits boys of all ages for business or college on reasonable terms.

A HOME SCHOOL FOR GIRLS
AT GLEN COVE SEMINARY, GLEN COVE, L. I.
J. R. BURWOOD, PRINCIPAL.
Spring term commences April 4. Terms $300 per annum. Music and French the only extras. Right Rev. A. N. Littlejohn, D. D., visitor.

AMENIA SEMINARY.
AMENIA, N. Y.
Term begins April 19. Family care of lads. Thorough preparation for college.
S. T. FROST, A. M., Principal and Proprietor.

CHESTER FEMALE INSTITUTE.
Established in 1851. In a beautiful, healthy valley in the center of Westchester County. Terms very moderate. For circulars address Mrs. J. W. VERMILYE, Armonk, N. Y.

EDWARDS-PLACE SCHOOL, (FOR BOYS,)
STOCKBRIDGE, MASS.
Spring Term begins April 13.
For circulars apply to JARED REID, Jr.

ANTHON GRAMMAR SCHOOL,
No. 212 5th-av., with primary department.

RURAL HOME SCHOOL.—A SELECT family boarding-school, in the beautiful village of Sharon, Conn., for boys from 7 to 14 years of age. Session begins May 4. CHAS. H. SHEARS, M. A., M. D., Principal and Proprietor.

FAMILY BOARDING-SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES—Cheshire, Conn., near New-Haven—Miss H. E. CALHOUN, Principal; number of pupils limited; terms, $300; the Summer term will begin May 3. For circulars address the Principal.

FAMILY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AT DANBURY, CONN.—Spring term commences April 18. Circulars at Mr. Wood's, No. 6 Cortlandt-st. MRS. WHITE, Principal.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The school year will commence Sept. 14. For circulars apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

GERMAN INSTRUCTION GIVEN BY an experienced German teacher. Address TEACHER, No. 4 Allen-st.

NEWBURGH INSTITUTE—A FAMILY School for Boys. Spring term begins April 11. For circulars, &c., address H. W. Siglar, Newburgh, N. Y.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY, FOR young ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. Miss EMILY NELSON, Principal.

THE SPRING TERM OF MRS. BOOREAM'S Boarding-School for Young Ladies and Misses will commence April 20, in Brookfield, Ct.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL— White Plains, N. Y. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, Ph. D.

TEACHERS.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS TEACHER by a graduate of Yale College; experience in teaching three years. Address, giving terms, &c., H. G., Box No. 44, New-London, Conn.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of A. GIVEN, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by A. Given, of New-York City, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress, March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims, provable under said act; and that the 27th day of April, A. D., 1870, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York on the 1st day of April, 1870.
GEORGE F. BETTS, Clerk.
ap6-law3wW*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM A. MEAD, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—At the City of New-York, the 30th day of March, A. D. 1870.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William A. Mead, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.
EDWARD Z. THOMPSON, Assignee.
No. 136 East 13th-st.
F E. MATHER, Attorney, No. 39 Nassau-st.
ap6-law3wW*

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE MANTELS.
MONUMENTS AND FLOOR TILING.
FISHER & BIRD,
NOS. 97 TO 105 EAST HOUSTON-ST.

S. KLABER & CO., FORMERLY NO. 52 1st-av., now Nos. 217 to 223 West 51st-st., between Broadway and 8th-av; Marble and Marbleised Mantels, Tiles, wainscoting Headstones, Monuments; largest variety, cheapest in this City.

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS.—Rich and elegant designs, from $9, $12, $15 up to $250. T. B. STEWART & CO., No. 605 6th-av., between 35th and 36th sts.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED MANTELS.—Opening of new show-rooms, with finest assortment of mantels in this City. Prices to suit times. A. KLABER, 124 and 126 East 13th-st., near 3d-av., N. Y.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.
Proprietor and Manager...Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
Doors open at 7½. To commence at 8 P. M. Carriages may be ordered at 10½ o'clock; the piece concludes at 10:50 P. M.
THIS AND EVERY EVENING,
will be presented Tom Taylor's last new comedy,
MEN AND ACRES.
Produced with new and appropriate scenery by Messrs. Isherwood, Evans and J. Hillyard, new music by Mr. Baker, and new appointments by Mr. Timoney.
PARTICULAR NOTICE.—The green curtain will mark the termination of the acts, in lieu of the usual drop, in consequence of the elaborate nature of the scenic effects.
The characters by Mr. J. W. WALLACK, Mr. J. H. STODDART, Mr. B. T. RINGGOLD, Mr. J. C. WILLIAMSON, Mr. CHAS. ROCKWELL, Mr. MILTON HOLLAND, Mr. PECK, QUIGLEY, Mr. CURRAN, Miss MADELINE HENRIQUES, Miss EMILY MESTAYER, Mrs. JOHN SEFTON, Mrs. LAURA PHILLIPS and Miss ROWE.
SYNOPSIS OF SCENERY.
Act 1..............INTERIOR OF CLEVE ABBEY,
THE ANCIENT HOME OF THE VAVASOURS.
Act 2......................THE CROQUET GROUND,
IN THE RUINS OF THE OLD ABBEY.
Act 3..........................BEAUMANOIR PARK,
THE MODERN AND GAUDY HOME OF THE HUNTERS.
IN REHEARSAL, TWO OF THE FINEST OF THE OLD COMEDIES,
which will be given
FOR THE FIRST TIME IN SOME YEARS.
In preparation, several novelties.
MR. LESTER WALLACK
will make his appearance
SATURDAY MATINEE,
April 16, at 1½ o'clock.
Robertson's military drama of
OURS,
will be presented on the occasion.

EXTRA NOTICE,
WALLACK'S.
MATINEE SATURDAY, APRIL 16, AT 1½ P. M.
In compliance with many applications, Mr. Wallack begs to announce that Robertson's military drama
OURS,
will be given as above. Box book open.

WALLACK'S THEATER.
SPECIAL MATINEE
On WEDNESDAY, April 20, 1870.
It is respectfully announced that an exceptional performance will take place at the above date for the
BENEFIT OF MRS. SEDLEY BROWN,
whose recent severe accident by burning caused her so much pain and pecuniary loss.
A large number of public favorites have volunteered for the occasion.
Lester Wallack, John Brougham, Theodore Moss, Chas. Wheatleigh, John Gilbert, L. R. Shewell, Wm. Holston, Fred. G. Maeder, James Ward, Dr. Charles Brown, Thomas E. Morris, J. Gaspard Maeder.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT..................................DIRECTOR.
MATINEES AT 2½,
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
LAST WEEK OF THE CIRCUS.
LAST WEEK OF THE CIRCUS.
LAST WEEK OF THE CIRCUS.
TUESDAY EVENING, April 12,
BENEFIT OF
PROF. BOSWALD,
Leader of the Band.
SECOND WEEK OF THE
GREAT MILITARY ORCHESTRA.
MLLE. CAROLINE ROLLAND,
THE GREAT MELVILLE
AND INFANT SON,
THE LEVANTINE BROTHERS,
WILLIAM CONRAD,
HENRY NORTH,
THE TROUPE OF EDUCATED DOGS,
THE AUSTRALIAN FAMILY,
JOE PENTLAND,
AND THE
MOST ARTISTIC CIRCUS TROUPE
IN THE WORLD.
POSITIVELY
THE LAST WEEK OF THE CIRCUS.
Admission, 50c. Children under ten, 25c.; reserved seats, 75c. Begins at 8.

THE BELMONT GALLERY
Will be open during TWO DAYS of next week for the benefit of
THE SHELTERING ARMS.
Particulars at GOUPIL'S, No. 170 5th-av., corner of 22d-st.

MAYNE REID ON BYRON.—AT STEINway Hall, MONDAY, April 18, the anniversary of the poet's death. JAMES W. GERARD, Esq., will preside. Tickets can be obtained and seats secured at the Hall.

LECTURES

JOHN B. GOUGH WILL LECTURE on *Peculiar People*, at Association Hall, corner 23d-st. and 4th-av., on THURSDAY EVENING, April 14, at 8 o'clock. Tickets, 50 cents. Reserved seats, 75 cents. To be had at Fowler & Wells', No. 389 Broadway; Carters', No. 530 Broadway; Pattison's, in Association Hall; and at the door, on the evening of the lecture.

MEETINGS.

NEW-YORK FEMALE BIBLE SOCIETY. —The Fifty-fourth Anniversary of the New-York Female Bible Society, auxiliary to the American Bible Society, will be held at the Bible House, Astor Place, on THURSDAY, April 14th, 1870, at 12 o'clock, M. Rev. HENRY C. POTTER, D. D., Rev. CYRUS D. FOSS, D. D., Rev. Dr. LUDLOW, and others will address the meeting.

PROPOSALS.

ARMY SUPPLIES.
OFFICE OF THE A. C. S.,
WILLET'S POINT, N. Y. H., April 12, 1870.
Sealed proposals (in duplicate) will be received until 12 o'clock M. on MONDAY, May 16, 1870, by the undersigned, at Willet's Point, New-York Harbor, for furnishing the troops thereat with fresh beef from June 1, 1870, to Nov. 30, 1870.
The envelopes inclosing proposals must be indorsed "Proposals for Furnishing Fresh Beef."
The fresh beef is to be of good marketable quality, with equal proportions of fore and hind quarter meat (necks, shanks, and kidney-tallow excluded,) and delivered, at the expense of the contractor, in such quantities and at such times as may be required.
No bid will be entertained that is not made by a regular butcher, who must give his name in full, his present place of business and residence.
The manner of making bids, requirements of bidders, &c., are the same as stated in advertisement of June 12, 1867, for proposals for furnishing fresh beef, from the office of the Acting Commissary-General, S. N. Y.
No paper will copy this advertisement unless specially ordered. CHARLES F. POWELL,
Second Lieutenant Corps of Engineers, A. C. S.

OFFICE OF PURCHASING AND DISBURSING PAY-MASTER UNITED STATES NAVY,
NO. 29 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, April 11, 1870.
PROPOSALS, SEALED AND INDORSED on envelope "Bids for Supplies Advertised," will be received at this office until 1 o'clock P. M. the 16th inst., for the following Supplies, of the best quality, to be delivered free of expense at the Navy-yard, New-York, viz.:
BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING.
5,000 pounds 3-16 and 5,000 pounds ⅛ best Flange Iron, Sable Iron, double refined.
BUREAU PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING.
50,000 pounds Cocoanut Oil, White Salt-water Soap; 25,000 pounds Candles, *Naval Standard*; 2 kegs 5d. and 1 keg 6d. Box Nails, "Mount Hope," for making Coffee Boxes.
The honorable Secretary of the Navy directs that in future bids for supplies shall be received only from parties who are bona-fide manufacturers or dealers in the articles they offer to furnish.
Bidders are referred to the respective officers in charge of the Navy-yard for samples and further information, and will state in their proposals the date within which they will complete deliveries, if awarded to them, which must not exceed ten days from date of order.
The right is reserved to reject any or all bids that may not be deemed advantageous to the Government, and to award each article or item separate, as may be most to its interest.
Responsible security required for the prompt and faithful delivery of supplies awarded within the time specified.
Blank forms will be furnished at this office, and bids opened at the hour above-named, when parties interested are invited to be present.
J. O. BRADFORD, Pay-master, U. S. N.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CARD.
Having seen in several of the musical criticisms on the late concert, given in Brooklyn by the New-York Conservatory, that I was quoted as a pupil of that institution, I desire, through the medium of your paper, to deny the assertion in toto, as I am not nor never have been a pupil of that institution. I simply volunteered my services, at the request of friends, to sing for them at that concert. Yours,
MISS FANNIE GOODWIN.
BROOKLYN, April 12, 1870.

SLOOP YACHT FOR SALE.—THE subscriber offers for sale the center-board sloop yacht CHARLOTTE now moored at East Greenwich, R. I. She was built by Heneshoff, at Bristol, R. I., in the Spring of 1868. Is about forty feet long; has wire standing rigging and patent steering-wheel; cabin six feet high; two state-rooms, water-closet and wash-basin with tank; two berths in cabin and ample locker-room; two berths in forecastle; is a fast sailer and superior sea-boat, easy and dry; her bedding, glass and china go with her. For particulars apply to WILLIAM BINNEY, No. 37 South Main-st., Providence, R. I.

AN ELECTION FOR THIRTEEN Governors of the Society of the Lying-in Hospital of the City of New-York will be held at No. 26 Union-place, on the 13th inst. Poll to be open from 12 o'clock noon until 1½ o'clock P. M.
APRIL 6, 1870. ANDREW WARNER, Secretary.

PERSONAL.

MISSING—LEFT HIS HOME MARCH 19, 1870, RUFUS SCHOONMAKER, about five feet six inches in height, staring blue eyes, large features, dark brown hair; had on, when he left home, low, round-crowned hat, (plum color,) black over-coat, slightly large for him, gray pants and pea-jacket; fifteen years of age; any information of his whereabouts would be gratefully received by his parents. Address LEWIS SCHOONMAKER, Room No. 6, No. 254 Broadway. *Herald* and *Tribune* please copy.

WILL MISS TWOEY PLEASE SEND word to Patrick Gallagher, care of Matthew Duncan, No. 87 Essex-st., Jersey City, where she may be found.

FURNITURE.

WARREN WARD, & CO.
Nos. 75 and 77 Spring-st., corner Crosby.
Established 1850.
Wholesale and retail manufacturers of the latest styles of BEDROOM, PARLOR, DINING AND LIBRARY FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, SPRING BEDS, &c., &c. All goods warranted as represented.

FURNITURE TAKEN ON STORAGE in the lofts No. 18 4th-av. Apply on the premises to CONKLINS & BAYLES.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
Corner 23d-st. and 8th-av.
TENTH WEEK OF THE
TWELVE TEMPTATIONS.
MORE NEW FEATURES.
UNE NUIT A LA MABILLE.
DEMON CANCAN—SPANISH BALLET.
BELL BALLET—EGYPTIAN BALLET.
TERPSICHOREAN AEROSTATICS.
GRAND TRANSFORMATION.
EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
SHORTLY—A new genuine Spanish Ballet Troupe will appear at this theater.
EASTER MONDAY—A new grand
AMAZONIAN BALLET,
with new dresses, music, accessories, &c.
Seats secured ten days in advance at the box-office; also at Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and Erie Railway ticket-office, corner 23d-st. and Broadway.

BOOTH'S THEATER.
23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
LAST NIGHT BUT THREE
of
EDWIN BOOTH,
who will appear on this WEDNESDAY EVENING
as
MACBETH,
in Shakespeare's sublime tragedy of that name.
And on
THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY EVENINGS,
as
CLAUDE MELNOTTE,
in Lord Lytton's beautiful play of
THE LADY OF LYONS.
MACBETH MATINEE ON SATURDAY, AT 1.
ON MONDAY, APRIL 18,
MR. JOHN S. CLARKE.
Seats secured SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE, at the box-office of the theater, or at its branch ticket-office, at the music-store of C. H. Ditson & Co., No. 711 Broadway.

BOOTH'S THEATER.
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.
SEASON OF COMEDY.
NEXT MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 18,
MR. JOHN S. CLARKE
Will make his first appearance in New-York in five years, in the characters of
MAJOR WELLINGTON DE BOOTS
and
TOODLES.
Performed by him 200 times in this City.
BOX SHEET NOW OPEN.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Lessees and Managers.......JARRETT & PALMER.
WONDERFUL SUCCESS OF THE
LYDIA THOMPSON BURLESQUE TROUPE,
AND GENEROUS APPRECIATION
BY THE NEW-YORK PUBLIC.
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 13, 1870, will be presented the burlesque,
PIPPIN;
OR, THE KING OF THE GOLD MINES,
in which
Miss LYDIA THOMPSON,
Miss PAULINE MARKHAM, Miss LINA EDWIN,
Miss ALICE ATHERTON, and Miss ELIZA WEATHERSBY,
Mr. HARRY BECKETT, Mr. W. B. CAHILL,
Mr. HARRY JACKSON,
will appear.
Musical Director......................Mr. M. Connolly.
The piece produced with New and Gorgeous Scenery by VOEGTLIN.
PIPPIN MATINEE, SATURDAY NEXT AT 2.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

OLYMPIC THEATER.
LAST MATINEE BUT ONE.
LAST MATINEE BUT ONE.
GEO. L. FOX'S HAMLET.
LAST MATINEES WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY. Mr. FOX'S great performance of
HAMLET
must be withdrawn for an
ENTIRELY NEW VERSION OF
MACBETH,
which will be produced
ON MONDAY, THE 18TH INST.,
WITH ENTIRELY NEW SCENERY,
COSTUMES AND APPOINTMENTS,
and with all the original vocal music.
MACBETH.........................Mr. GEO. L. FOX
Seats secured two weeks in advance at the box-office, and at the Theater ticket-office, No. 114 Broadway.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATER.
Sole Lessee and Manager....Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY
NINTH WEEK
OF
MR. AUGUSTIN DALY'S
SIGNIFICANT
COMEDY
OF
FROU FROU!

⁂ MATINEE of FROU FROU SATURDAY at 2.
⁂ EXTRA FROU FROU Matinee WEDNESDAY, April 20.
⁂ Seats secured twelve days in advance.
⁂ Tickets purchased of sidewalk speculators will not be received at the door of this theater.

TAMMANY.
TAMMANY.
THE ALHAMBRA PALACE.
Mr. JOSH HART..................................Manager.
SECOND WEEK OF
Prof. RISLEY'S
100 STARS.
Get a Programme.
MONDAY NEXT 20 NEW ARTISTS APPEAR.
LADIES' MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND MENAGERIE
Successor to Barnum's,
BROADWAY CORNER 30TH-ST.
OPEN EVERY DAY AND EVENING.
EVERY EVENING A new burlesque by the THE BLONDES. THE BOHEMIAN GIRL,
Introducing LIVING WILD ANIMALS.
MATINEE DAILY. THE WHITE CAT.

BOWERY THEATER.
The world-renowned CLODOCHE TROUPE. New Drama, JEW OF SOUTHWARK. New Pantomime, LA JOCRISSE, by the Clodoche Troupe. Sixteen Songs and Dances by the Star Troupe.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
CREAM DE LA CREAM OF MINSTRELSY.
First week of ROLLIN HOWARD, the great Burlesque artist.
BIRCH, WAMBOLD, BERNARD and BACKUS.
SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
Real Fun, Genuine Humor, Lovely Screams.
Birch, Bernard and Backus in new acts.

MUSICAL.

A GREAT OFFER!!!
HORACE WATERS, NO. 481 BROADWAY, will dispose of ONE HUNDRED PIANOS, MELODEONS and ORGANS of six first-class makers, at extremely low prices, for cash, during this month, or will take from $5 to $25 monthly until paid; the same to let, and rent money applied if purchased. New Chickering pianos to rent. Monthly installments received for same.

AN ORGANIST WANTS A POSITION in some Protestant Church in this city or vicinity; moderate salary; good reference. Address J. E. H., Box No. 114 *Times* Office.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PIANO CHEAP, call at MERRELL'S ware-room, No. 8 Union-square. Sold on installments or rented; any way to suit customers. Only look at them before you decide elsewhere.

DRY GOODS.

FEET-COVERING
FOR ALL WHO WANT
GOOD ARTICLES, AT MODERATE PRICES,
CAN BE FOUND AT
CANTRELL'S,
(Late of Broadway,)
No. 241 4th-av., between 19th and 20th sts.

LACE CURTAINS—NEW STYLES, 1870 IMportations now ready, at the curtain-store, No. 447 Broadway. G. L. & J. B. KELTY & CO.

MILLINERY.

SPRING BONNETS AT $6, WORTH $10; French Bonnets at $15, worth $25; ladies' Hats, children's Hats, elegant Flowers. BINNS' new millinery, No. 647 Broadway, upstairs, three doors above Bleecker-st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTNERSHIP WANTED IN A first-class house by a young man having a moderate capital; the highest testimonials as to character given and required. Address W. L. A., Post-office Box No. 162.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—FIRST-class country store doing a prosperous business, 1½ hours from New-York, at very low figures on account of owner retiring. Permits of A. JOURNEAY, No. 1 Pine-st.

A PRINTING-OFFICE FOR SALE, consisting of a four-roller Adams' press, hand-presses, type, imposing stones, tables, &c.; will be sold whole or separate. Apply to C. EDMONDS, No. 30 Nassau-st., New-York.

MEDICAL.

DR. R. COBBETT, MEMBER OF the N. Y. University Medical College, and R. C. Surgeons, London, can be consulted privately on certain diseases. A practice of 34 years, 30 of which have been a specialty, enables him to make speedy and permanent cures or no charge. Office 26 Centre-st., near Chambers. A private entrance at 6 City Hall-place.

DR. OLIN, CONFIDENTIAL PHYsician, No. 27 Bond-st., of Union-wide reputation, cures the unfortunate. Boarding for patients in the establishment if desired. No matter who failed, state your case. Consultation free. Send three stamps for sealed pamphlet. Hours 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

LOSS OF MANHOOD OR IMPOTENCY, resulting from the follies of youth or other cause, young, middle-aged, or even old men, permanently restored to manly vigor in one week by Dr. HUNTER'S Botanic Cordial. $5 a pint. No. 56 Bond-st., late No. 3 Division-st., New-York.

DR. HUNTER, NO. 56 BOND-ST., ONE door from Bowery, (late of No. 3 Division-st.,) can cure worse cases of private disease, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no charge. Consultation and medicine, $5. Book, 60 pages, gratis.

A SUCCESSFUL PRACTICE OF FORTY years in the treatment of special diseases enables Dr. LEWIS to guarantee a perfect cure to the afflicted when all others have failed. Office, No. 7 Beach-st.

THE MOST CELEBRATED PHYSICIAN in the City for the cure of nervous debility and private diseases is Dr. LEWIS, No. 7 Beach-st.

DR. EVANS' OFFICE, NO. 94 CHATham-st., only place for speedy cure of private diseases; manhood restored by Dr. EVANS' Elixir.

NERVOUS DEBILITY AND PRIVATE complaints of either sex cured by Dr. EVANS, No. 94 Chatham-st. Manhood restored in fifteen minutes.

$1,000 REWARD FOR ANY PRIVATE disease that Dr. EVANS' remedies fail to cure. Apply to Dr. EVANS, No. 94 Chatham-st.

INHUMANITY AT SEA.

The Captain of the Manhattan and the Samaria.

Forsyth's Conduct Severely Criticised--An Investigation Called for--Arrival of the Samaria at this Port--Statement of Her Passengers.

The steamer *Samaria*, of the Cunard line, plying between this port and Liverpool, arrived at her dock, Jersey City, yesterday morning at 8 o'clock, after a pleasant voyage of eleven days from Liverpool. It will be remembered that the *Samaria* departed from Liverpool on the 26th of February last en route for New-York, and while on her voyage, in mid ocean, she broke her screw shaft, and was by this accident compelled to pursue her route under sail alone. In consequence of adverse winds this was an extremely slow process, and her commander, Captain JOHN A. MARTYN, who has probably had that experience in ocean navigation that but few who "go down to the sea in ships" have enjoyed, determined to 'bout ship and proceed back again to Queenstown to repair damages; but the attempt was fraught with peril, as the sequel proved. For nearly three weeks nothing was heard of the missing steamer and her non-arrival at this port, coupled with the anxiety of the public in regard to the rumors of disaster to the *City of Boston* and the *Schmidt* tended, in a manner, to make those who were waiting anxiously for her arrival, to have misgivings as to her ever reaching her destination, but on the 30th of March the news of her safe arrival at Queenstown spread like wildfire throughout the City, and great was the joy of those who had friends and relatives on board, as well as of the officers of the company, who were beginning to entertain grave doubts of safety.

HER PERILOUS TRIP.

From several of her officers our reporter has obtained facts that go far to show that our mariners of the present day have forgotten, or at least they seem to ignore the common dictates of humanity—*vide* the conduct of Capt. EYRE, of the *Bombay*—in their treatment of vessels in distress. The *Samaria*, with the American mails on board and a full list of passengers, after the accident that befel her propeller, lay like a log in the sea, making no headway whatever, and with her stores of provisions, which were only calculated to hold out twenty-five days, gradually being eaten up and famine staring her freight of humanity in the face, the prospects were anything but flattering. For days and weeks she lay in the ocean utterly helpless, but on the 12th of March, at 10 A. M., a steamer was descried in latitude 50° 53' north, long. 21° 24' west. The sea being smooth, with very little wind, a large steamer, which was afterward ascertained to be the *Manhattan*, of WILLIAMS & GUION'S line, hove in sight on the westward horizon, and gradually approached the disabled Cunarder. Capt. MARTYN, of the *Samaria*, fired several guns and hoisted the commercial code signals "Engines disabled" and "I wish to communicate," and also lowered the maintop-gallant sail to attract their attention to his disabled condition, but the stranger, without paying the slightest attention to the signals or the booming of the minute guns, suddenly sheered off and pursued his course, evidently trying to run away, but a rocket being sent up she displayed her ensign as a token of recognition, and was soon lost to view. The officers of the *Samaria* and the greater portion of the passengers on deck who were anxiously scanning the steamer, aver positively that she could not have been more than six miles distant, as through the telescope persons were discovered moving about her decks, and three or four were seen in the rigging.

AT QUEENSTOWN AT LAST.

After this disgraceful and inhuman action of the officers of the *Manhattan*, in refusing to succor their helpless brethren, the *Samaria* was favored with a series of stiff "blows" from the north and east, and with her canvass furled to the breeze she made the Irish coast on the 29th of March, but owing to a terrible land-breeze she was compelled to lay to. On the evening of that day a boat was sent landward manned by a portion of her crew, under the command of third officer DAVID BROWN, who was directed to seek Kingston Harbor at all hazards and secure a pilot. This he did, and on the 30th the *Samaria* anchored in the roads and discharged her mails and passengers, which were subsequently transferred to the steamer *Java*, of the same line, whose arrival at this port last week has been duly announced.

The action of Capt. FORSYTH, of the *Manhattan*, has been severely criticised, both in this country and England, for the seemingly inhuman conduct, and from the bitter feelings engendered, it is not at all unlikely that he will be called upon to answer for his course. The passengers and officers of the *Samaria* speak bitterly on the subject, and treat with contempt his letter in which he states that "there was nothing in the appearance of the steamer to indicate distress, as it was too far off to make out any signals." To refute this explanation of Capt. FORSYTH, the master of the *Elizabeth Yeo* in a letter states as follows:

> I am much surprised to observe the account given by the Captain of the *Manhattan*. I can hardly indorse the statement of the passengers and officers of the *Samaria*, as I was in sight of both steamers at the time, and my ship was some three miles further north than the *Manhattan*. I could see her signals (but could not read them,) and also heard the reports of the guns fired by the *Samaria*, and saw the smoke. * * * I fully expected the latter was going to the assistance of the *Samaria*, and was much astonished that she bore away and proceeded on her passage, as it was quite clear that the *Samaria* was in a disabled condition.
>
> J. K. SCOTT.
>
> Master of the ship *Elizabeth Yeo*, of Bristol, for New Orleans.

STATEMENT OF THE SAMARIA'S PASSENGERS.

The following passengers on the *Samaria* during her unfortunate voyage, thus corroborate the above:

> We, the cabin passengers of the Cunard steam-ship *Samaria*, including the well-known and long-experienced ship-masters, consider it our duty to report to the public the following statement of facts: On the 26th of February, 1870, the *Samaria* left Liverpool, bound for New-York. On the 3d of March the shaft broke, and the ship was put about for Queenstown, under sail. On the 12th of March we sighted a steamship, supposed to be the *Manhattan*. To attract her attention to our disabled condition, Capt. MARTYN fired several guns and hoisted the signals, "Engine, disabled" and I "wish to communicate." She proceeded on her cruise, however, without taking the slightest notice of us, except by showing her ensign. * * * The *Samaria* was at this time so completely unmanageable on account of the light wind prevailing, that, although the helm was kept hard up, she would not pay off toward the *Manhattan*. We feel positive that the Captain of that vessel must not only have heard our guns, but also understood that we were in great need of assistance, as when we first commenced firing, two ships bound east which were further to the windward than the *Manhattan* was leeward, immediately bore down to us and inquired whether we required help from them. In our opinion, such inhuman and unseamanlike conduct on the part of the Captain of the *Manhattan* toward another in distress should meet with that punishment it so richly deserves.
>
> (Signed) E. Galvin, J. Johnston, W. Champion, Wm. Dunbar, D. T. Kenrick, Otto Lucius, Wm. Heath, C. R. Bass, A. Stephens, W. J. Wardell, G. R. Northgreaven, P. J. Germain, G. Doutre, B. C. L., R. B. Allardell, H. Wellings.

The *Samaria*, after undergoing repairs at Queenstown, departed again for New-York with an assorted cargo of merchandise and 242 passengers, and arrived yesterday evening, as above stated.

Third Trial of Edwin Perry for Murder.

Yesterday morning, in the King's County Court of Oyer and Terminer, before Judge BARNARD and Assistant Justices VOORHEES and JOHNSON, the trial of EDWIN PERRY, on the charge of murdering THOMAS HAYES, on the 28th December last, was resumed. As on the previous day the gallery of the Court was thronged by a promiscuous crowd of the denizens of the Fifth Ward. For the accused there were present Mr. CHARLES S. SPENCER and Mr. JOHN H. BERGEN; the prosecution was conducted by District-Attorney MANN and Ex-Judge MOORE. The jury impaneled yesterday having taken their place and answered to their names the District-Attorney briefly recapitulated the circumstances attending the murder of HAYES, which have been frequently related in these columns. Dr. Henry McManus, Thos. Delany, Henry Williams, Coroner Whitehill, John Graham, Michael Colgan, Thos. Gibbon, Officer McDermott, Andrew More, Wm. McCormick, William Croll, Officer Smith, Wm. Ennis, Mary Mason, Thos. Clare, Officers Relahan, Denton, McLoughlin, Campbell and Cowan repeated the testimony given on the previous trials. The only new evidence elicited was as follows:

Michael Campbell, sworn: I was in HENRY CARROLL's liquor-store, in Furman-street, when I heard some one say there was a row on the street; I went up toward HARBECK's store and saw Officer HAYES; I reached a car before I came to the archway; I heard HAYES say upon the sidewalk that he was shot and that PERRY shot him; he was five to six yards on this side of the archway when he made that statement; I went with him to Fulton Ferry; he walked up from Fulton Ferry, held up on either side by Mr. CURSON and myself, as far as Columbia-street; he waited there about five minutes till a carriage came, into which he was assisted.

Cross-examined—I had been in CARROLL's liquor-store over half an hour when I heard the noise; I was at work on the river during the day; I quitted work after five o'clock; I had been drinking several times of ale and whisky during the day; eight or ten of us ran out together; we were about a block—say as far as from this to the City Hall; HAYES was moving along the side-walk when we went up to him; I saw no pistol and picked up no pistol; nothing was said inside of the car beyond the conversation about taking the number of HAYES.

Louis Demar—Heard the report of a pistol on the night HAYES was shot; heard a voice cry, "I am shot; stop that man;" I ran off to stop the man; I met the man in ROBERTSON's arch-way; the man had on a dark over-coat; he put his hand behind him, and I was a little excited and jumped into the middle of the street; I was afraid he was going to shoot me; I am positive he went through the archway.

Cross-examined: I have seen PERRY several times; I am quite familiar with his general appearance; in passing the Harbeck archway, about 7 o'clock, I saw two men standing in front of the store; one of the men was tall, and dressed in a yellowish suit; I don't recollect ever to have seen THOMAS HAYES in his lifetime; I could not identify either of them; they appeared to be in conversation; when I reached the front of PLANKHOUSE's stores I heard the report of a pistol; immediately after I saw a man running, dressed in a long, black coat; I do not know whether he was one of the two I saw in front of HARBECK's stores; I cannot tell whether the man had on a hat or a cap; I heard nothing said about PERRY; I can't say whether, if that man had been PERRY, I would have recognized him; I did not see his face.

The case was adjourned, at 5 o'clock, till today at 9 o'clock A. M., and it was understood that an evening session would be held, to admit of the case being concluded, at latest, to-morrow.

METHODIST N. Y. E. CONFERENCE.

The Book Concern Troubles—Excited Debate—The Appointments—Final Adjournment.

The religious services in the East Conference of the M.E. Church yesterday were conducted by Rev. A. S. HUNT. Bishop AMES presided. Dr. HARRIS read another telegram from Beyrout, Syria, in relation to the death of Bishop KINGSLEY, which stated that he died April 6, and that it will be impossible to embalm his body. The reports of the Book Committee in relation to the affairs of the Book Concern were read, and on motion of Dr. CURRY the majority report was ordered on file, and the minority report laid on the table. On a motion to reconsider this last motion Rev. J. W. BUCKLEY took the floor in defense of the minority report. He contended that there was no real distinction between those reports making it proper that one should be treated differently from the other.

Dr. CURRY interrupted, denying that the minority paper is a report of all, and saying that the speaker had no right to debate the question on a motion to reconsider. The decision of the Chair sustained Mr. BUCKLEY, to which, however, Dr. CURRY excepted, and demanded that the decision of the chair and his exceptions to it be entered on the journal.

The debate being continued, Mr. BUCKLEY said an attempt has been made and is being made to suppress facts which might be known to the Annual Conference and to the whole Church on this Book Concern difficulty.

Dr. CURRY—I object to this as scandalous, and ask the Bishop to rule it out.

Bishop AMES—I have no authority to do so.

Dr. CURRY—I except to the ruling of the Chair.

Mr. BUCKLEY—And, further, that a motion to lay this minority report on the table without discussion seems to me to have a striking similitude to what I have just said as to the aforesaid attempt to suppress.

Dr. CURRY excitedly interrupted again, and asked the decision of the Chair, which sustained Mr. BUCKLEY. The Doctor appealed to the Conference, having explained that his appeal was on a question of order, and not of law. He subsequently withdrew his appeal, and had his objection placed on the minutes.

Mr. BUCKLEY continued to say that the annual Conferences are primarily the owners of the Book Concern, and consequently have a right to sit in judgment upon the affairs of that Concern. He believed that the statements contained in the report to be laid on the table were more needed and more truthful than those of the paper ordered on file, and he therefore moved again that the motion to lay on the table be reconsidered.

Dr. WOODRUFF said that this attempt to impeach the Book Concern and the Book Committee is simply slanderous. In a fiery speech he denounced the attempts that have been made to brand the majority Committee as a white washing committee and as colluding with thieves and robbers, and he was ready for a discussion of the merits of the case without further delay. He was ready for a week's discussion before the Methodist Church and the public. Dr. CURRY has rendered invaluable services and deserves the thanks of the church. [Great applause.] It has been asserted that the majority of the Committee, hitherto unimpeachable ministers, had rendered their decision under the influence of bribes; but there has been no such effort to impeach DANIEL CURRY.

Dr. SCUDDER moved to reconsider, that the two reports might be treated in the same way.

Rev. JOHN PARKER moved to lay the vote to reconsider on the table, which motion was carried, by a vote of 103 to 35.

The evening session was largely attended, the church being crowded to excess. The most important item of business was the announcement of the appointments of ministers. The following are the most notable ones:

NEW-YORK DISTRICT.

H. F. PEASE, Presiding Elder.

NEW-YORK—John-street, L. S. Weed; Forsyth-street, J. A. Roche; Allen-street, W. McAllister; Alanson Church, J. Parker; Willett-street, J. S. Haugh; Second-street, F. Brown; Seventh-street, C. Bachman; Seventeenth-street, J. S. Willis; Twenty-seventh-street, J. E. Searles; Thirty-seventh-street, T. H. Burch; New-York City Mission, W. Ross, Wm. Platts; Beekman Hill, W. H. Boole; Second-avenue, W. C. Steel. North New-York Mission, L. P. Perry. Pound Ridge and Selleck's Corners, W. H. Bangs; High Ridge and Hunting Ridge, S. Kristeller; Stamford, J. M. Buckley, J. R. Cushing; Darien, W. C. Hoyt; Mianus, W. D. Thompson; Greenwich, Arza Hill; Round Hill and Stanwich, to be supplied; Portchester, S. H. Smith; King-street, J. Vinton; Rye, N. Mead; Mamaroneck, J.W. Beach; New-Rochelle, C. S. Williams; Upper New-Rochelle, W. Gothard; Mount Vernon, J. M. Carroll; East Chester, Olinville, and City Island, H. Scofield; Westchester and Bronxdale, G. H. Anderson; West Farms, J. Brien. D. D. Whedon, Editor of the *Quarterly Review;* D. Curry, Editor of the *Christian Advocate;* E. L. Janes, District Secretary of the National Temperance and Publication Society; F. A. Wanless, Missionary to Bulgaria; J. L. Gilder, Riverdale Seminary.

LONG ISLAND—SOUTH DISTRICT.

E. E. GRISWOLD, Presiding Elder.

BROOKLYN—Sands-street, G. F. Kettle; York-street, J. V. Saunders; Washington-street, C. E. Harris; Johnson-street, F. W. Ware; Pacific-street, C. Fletcher; Fleet-street, S. H. Platt; Warren-street, G. A. Hubbell; First-place, W. H. Thomas; William-street, W. P. Estes; Eighteenth-street, C. B. Ford; Seventh-avenue, W. McDonald; Hanson-place, A. S. Hunt; Nathan Bang's Church, to be supplied; Embury Church, S. A. Seaman; Janes Church, S. C. Keeler; Nostrand-avenue, C. E. Glover; Green-avenue, A. H. Mead; East New-York, A. B. Smart; Cypress Hills, W. Wake; Flatbush, to be supplied; Flatlands, S. Rushmore; Parkville, G. A. Graves; Sheepshead Bay, L. D. Nickerson; Bay Ridge and Unionville, N. Orchard; East Meadow Circuit, to be supplied; Farmingdale, A. McAllister; Sayville and Blue Point, J. O. Worth; Patchogue, J. H. Stansbury; Coram and Middle Island, to be supplied; West Hampton, to be supplied; Amityville, Seaford and Newbridge, S. F. Johnson; Good Ground, L. S. Stowe; Babylon, J. Lavalle; Islip and Bay Shore, T. M. Terry; Sag Harbor, E. Warriner; East Hampton and Amagansett, to be supplied; Bridgehampton, to be supplied; Southampton, to be supplied; Moriches and Fire Place, to be supplied. E. O. Bates, Chaplain Seamen's Friend Society. George A. Hall, Secretary of Young Men's Christian Association.

LONG ISLAND NORTH DISTRICT.

J. B. MERWIN, Presiding Elder.

BROOKLYN—Washington-avenue, W. S. Studley; Simpson Church, to be supplied; De Kalb-avenue, D. O. Ferris; Wesley Church, Tompkins-avenue, J. W. Barnhart; St. John's, E. G. Andrews; Central Church, B. M. Adams; South Third-street, W. T. Hill; South Second-street, G. L. Taylor; Grand-street, George Dunbar; North Fifth-street, S. W. King; Cook-street, A. S. Francis; Leonard-street, J. L. Hall; Kosciusko-street, to be supplied; Greenpoint, First Church, R. C. Putney; Greenpoint Tabernacle, F. P. Tower; Hunter's Point, A. Graham; Middle Village and Maspeth, J. R. Hammond; Astoria, C. Fordham; Newtown, A. P. Chapman; Flushing, Geo. Taylor; Whitestone, to be supplied; Little Neck, to be supplied; Jamaica, F. C. Hill; Springfield, S. Landon; Hempstead, G. Stillman; Westbury, to be supplied; Far Rockaway, C. P. Corner; Rockville Center, C. Kelsey; Baldwinsville and Freeport, to be supplied; Union Dale, to be supplied; Glen Cove, C. T. Mallory; Locust Valley and Oak Neck, Miles N. Olmstead; Roslyn and Searington, G. Hollis; Port Washington, H. Van Valsen; Norwich and Oyster Bay, Chas. Stearns; Cold Spring, West Hills and Woodbury, E. K. Fanning; Huntington, J. Cromlish, Centerport and Long Swamp, to be supplied; Northport and Dix Hills, H. C. Glover; Smithtown, to be supplied; Stony Brook and St. James, D. F. Halleck; Port Jefferson and Setauket, W. Lawrence; Riverhead, E. F. Hadley; Jamesport, to be supplied; Mattituck, to be supplied; Cutchoghe, to be supplied; Southold, W. H. Russell; Greenport, T. Stevenson; Orient, Moses Lyon.

In the New-Haven District the following appointments were made:

W. N. Rice, Professor in Wesleyan University; F. Bottome, transferred to the New-York Conference; W. P. Corbit, transferred to the Baltimore Conference.

The Conference finally adjourned, with the benediction.

Resolutions of Respect to Superintendent Kennedy.

Commissioners BOSWORTH and MANIERRE, who were appointed a committee for that purpose, reported the following resolutions, which, having been unanimously adopted by the Board of Police, were yesterday transmitted to Mr. KENNEDY by Chief Clerk HAWLEY:

> *Whereas*, Mr. JOHN A. KENNEDY has been about ten years Superintendent of the Metropolitan Police, and has been all that time vigilant and unremitting in his labors in discharging the duties of that office, and has tendered his resignation thereof; it is hereby
>
> *Resolved*, That in the judgment of the Commissioners Mr. JOHN A. KENNEDY has discharged the duties of the office of Superintendent of Police fearlessly and with vigor, and with the aim and purpose according to his best judgment to promote the efficiency of the Police Department, cause the laws to be enforced and offenders to be arrested and tried, and punished, to promote the security of persons and property, preserve the public peace and maintain order.
>
> *Resolved*, Notwithstanding all criticisms and denunciations of which he has been the object, that his services in the Police Department have been of great value to the Department and to the public. It has not been imputed to him that he ever directly or indirectly exercised the functions of his office with a view to his personal advantage, and his official record in that regard is without a blemish.
>
> *Resolved*, That the Commissioners severally tender to him the assurance of their respect and confidence, and wish him success and pleasant occupation in whatever business he may hereafter engage.

Mr. Dillon Declines to be a Central Park Commissioner.

Mr. DILLON declines his appointment, as will be seen by the following letter to the Mayor:

> APRIL 11.
>
> DEAR SIR: I have received, this evening, your commission appointing me one of the Commissioners of the Central Park. Be pleased to accept my thanks for the honor you have done me, as well as my regrets that I am unable to accept the appointment. In a democracy like ours I admit the truth of the proposition that every citizen is bound to render his full share to the public service; but, in this case, it should be considered that I have already devoted five years of my life to service in the interest of the Park, from its very inception down to the time when the plan for laying it out was adopted. During that period I did my best, with the valuable aid of Messrs. BELMONT and FIELDS, to improve that plan, and especially to prevent its prodigal waste of the public treasure, and to save the land which, for its variety of surface, is unequaled by any park in the world, from that extreme artificiality by which it is now disfigured. In many things we succeeded, in others we failed; but our failures, unfortunately, are now beyond remedy. Not much now remains, to be done, except to stop the progress of useless and tasteless ornamentation, and to adopt a new system of planting, which will give cool and refreshing shade to the walks and drives. This is the very first necessity of a public park, especially in our climate, and it is in this respect that our park, under its late management, is sadly deficient. In view of my past services, I think you will admit with me, that I am now entitled to be considered an exempt. I have the honor to be, Sir,
>
> Yours, very respectfully,
>
> ROBERT JAMES DILLON.
>
> Hon. A. OAKEY HALL, Mayor of New-York.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

NEW-YORK.

A letter was received in this City yesterday from EDGAR WILLSHER, the famous cricketer, who was Captain of the English Eleven that visited the United States in 1868. He states that he will not be able to get an eleven together before the middle of September, which would be too late for them to play here this season. It is confidently expected, however, that arrangements will be made to bring them over next season. Great disappointment will doubtless be felt by all cricketers in this country at this announcement.

The Fenians are said to have left this City in large numbers lately. Some say they have gone to attend the Chicago Congress, but others own that they are concentrating on the Canadian frontier with a view to another raid. The arms and ammunition stored in the various Fenian armories in this City are said to have been removed, but nobody seems to know where they have been taken to.

The flags on the City Hall and other buildings of the Corporation were displayed yesterday in honor of the anniversary of the birth of HENRY CLAY.

Gen. BANKS has received a cable telegram from J. LEAVY BROWN, First Secretary of the Chinese Embassy, now in Paris, that the remains of Mr. BURLINGAME left Hamburg on the 6th inst. They will arrive at this port about the 16th inst. It is understood that the Union League Club will make appropriate preparations to receive the body and have it conveyed from Hoboken to the Boston depot. No public demonstration is contemplated.

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon representatives of English holders of Erie Railroad stock held a meeting at the Astor House. The session was entirely private, the business transacted having reference only to the litigation with FISK and GOULD, now before the United States Court.

The steamer *Bristol*, of Admiral Col. FISK's Newport Line, having been thoroughly overhauled, calked, and remetaled in the immense docks of the Erie Basin Dry Dock Company, foot of Elizabeth-street, South Brooklyn, has been succeeded by her sister steamer, the *Providence*, which was placed in dock Monday, and is now undergoing similar repairs. The *Providence* will receive a fresh coat of paint and be thoroughly renovated. The machinery will also be thoroughly overhauled, and these boats, the largest of their class in the world, placed in complete order for the Summer season on the Sound.

The regular meeting of the Board of Quarantine Commissioners, represented by the President, WILSON G. HUNT, and Commissioner BELL, was held yesterday afternoon at No. 155 Broadway. A report was received from the Counsel of the Board, HENRY W. JOHNSON, relative to the powers of appointing and removing officers connected with the Sanitary Department, in which he decided that the Health Officer alone had such power. A proposal for the erection of a boat-house at the Quarantine Landing on Staten Island, by a Mr. ROBINSON, was laid on the table and the Board adjourned.

The monthly meeting of the Geographical and Statistical Society was held last evening at Cooper Union, Mr. DALY, President of the Society, in the chair. Resolutions were adopted in favor of a new Arctic exploration, and Dr. HAYES was suggested as its commander. It was also resolved that a copy of the resolutions be forwarded to the President and to the members of both Houses of Congress. Capt. CHAS. W. RAYMOND then read a paper on his recent explorations of the Yukon River, and gave an interesting account of its discovery, the character of the native tribes who live on its banks and their manners and customs.

HORACE P. CLARK, of No. 147 Fulton-street, caused the arrest of HERBERT COCKSON, one of his book-keepers, on a charge of embezzlement. When arraigned before Justice DOWLING the prisoner was shown to have received a check on the Grocers' National Bank from ROSWELL D. VANDERBOEF for $354 and transferred the revenue stamp from the corner and pasted it over the word "order." He then, it appears, wrote "bearer" on the face of the stamp and obtained the money, which he appropriated to his own use. COCKSON was fully committed for trial and was found in possession of $313, which is held by the Property Clerk.

An exhibition of the working of the West-side Elevated Railroad was given yesterday afternoon, in the presence of a number of members of the Press and a few public officials, including Gen. SHARPE, the new United States Marshal, Collector GRINNELL, and Gen. MERRITT, Surveyor of the Port. Trips were made between Courtland-street and Thirtieth-street in about fifteen minutes each way, with satisfactory results. The line is expected to be open for passengers between the first and middle of May.

The Medical Board of the Eastern Dispensary held its regular monthly meeting at the Trustees' Hall, corner of Grand and Essex streets, yesterday forenoon. Dr. H. L. B. HARTT read a paper on "Albuminuria," and Dr. HENRY RAPHAEL one on "The Dry Bronchitis of Childhood." Remarks were made on both subjects by other members of the Board.

JOHN BRENNAN, aged twenty-two years, had an examination before Justice COX, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, yesterday, on a charge of assaulting Mr. THOMAS B. MARSH, of No. 65 Wall-street, and robbing him of a gold watch and a gold badge, valued together at $120. He was arrested, when he tried to escape, by Patrolman ABISHAI SMITH. The deed was committed in Greene-street, near Prince-street, yesterday morning at about 3 o'clock. BRENNAN, who acknowledged his guilt, was held under $5,000 bail to be tried before the Court of General Sessions.

Another meeting was held by the property-owners on Fourth and Fifth streets, at the Henry Clay House, No. 5 Avenue A, last evening, to oppose the laying of the Robbins pavement in those streets. It was resolved to present a petition to the Legislature, asking for the passage of a bill requiring that in streets once paved, the consent of a majority of the property owners shall be necessary to their repaving with a new pavement.

Prof. FREDERICK LOUIS RITTER delivered the third of his series of five lectures on the "History of Music," at the Young Men's Christian Association Hall, last evening. He spoke on the opera, its first invention in Italy, at Florence in the fifteenth century, originating from the Greek music in the drama; its introduction in France, England and Germany; its different development in those countries, and its reform and improvement by CHRISTOPH WILLIBALD GLUCK, the founder of the modern opera, who died in 1787. Prof. RITTER will deliver his fourth lecture on the 19th inst.

The Board of Police Justices met yesterday, and Mr. HENRY BERGH was accorded the privilege of a seat behind the prosecutor's desk. Action was taken relative to the appointment of six janitors for the several Courts at salaries of $1,500 per annum each, as permitted by a recent resolution of the Board of Aldermen.

DABNEY, MORGAN & Co. caution the public against negotiating Kansas Pacific first mortgage seven per cent. bonds, No. 677 and Nos. 3,310 to 3,350 inclusive, and Nos. 6,001 to 6,020 inclusive, the same having been obtained yesterday by fraud.

Sergt. WILLIAM G. GRAHAM, of the Twelfth Precinct, one of the oldest members of the late Metropolitan Police, died yesterday, after a short sickness, from hasty consumption.

The regular weekly meeting of the Farmers' Club of the American Institute was held yesterday afternoon. An interesting paper was read by Mr. TODD on the subject of protection for fruit-trees. Fertilizers, birds, the Percheron horse, marl clover, &c., were discussed by the Club. Prof. GOULD, of Cornell University, delivered an able address on the necessity of having educated farmers. A full report of the meeting will be found in the WEEKLY TIMES, ready to-morrow morning.

During the month of March there were 110 new patients taken under treatment at the North-eastern Homeopathic Medical and Surgical Dispensary, in Fifty-fifth-street, near Second-avenue; 178 visits were made and 397 prescriptions were given. Five night calls were attended to, two of which were cases of confinement. This is the only Dispensary in the City which has opened Sunday, the hours being from 2 to 4 P. M. The President is Mr. RADDE; Vice-President, Hon. R. A. STORRS; Physician-in-Chief, Dr. F. SEEGER; Resident Physician, Dr. SHURIG, late surgeon in the Saxon army. The rest of the medical staff consists of Drs. DEMAREST, WALLACE, RICHARDSON and MINER.

The Board of Pension Surgeons for the City of New-York, Dr. JAMES F. FERGUSON, President, meets now every Wednesday (instead of monthly as formerly) at the corner of Wall and Nassau streets, for the examination of claimants of pensions.

The children of the Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers are being trained for their anniversary celebration, which will take place on the 10th of May, at the Academy of Music, probably.

It is stated that Dr. MEREDITH CLYMER, of New-York, has accepted a chair in the Albany Medical College.

A warrant was issued last night for the arrest of a Custom-house officer, named CHAS. L. LAWRENCE, on a charge of smuggling, but all efforts to find him were unavailing. He was charged with having smuggled a large quantity of silks into the United States from Canada. His accusers were WM. A. HARP, formerly baggage-master on the Grand Trunk Railway, Gen. N. M. CURTIS, Special Agent of the Treasury Department for the Northern District of New-York, and others. It is now said that he is secreted in this City, but will soon surrender himself to the Government authorities.

A challenge has been sent by the Philadelphia chess-players to the New-York Sachems, to play a match at chess by telegraph. The Philadelphians insist on Capt. MACKENZIE taking part in the contest.

Last evening between 500 and 600 'longshoremen from the different organizations throughout the City, assembled at No. 68 East Broadway to effect an organization for benevolent purposes. PETER H. WALSH was chosen President; JOSEPH JENNINGS, First Vice-President; JAMES BURNS, Second Vice-President, and JOHN C. TYNER, Treasurer. After initiating some 400 members the meeting adjourned.

At the Court of Special Sessions yesterday, before Justices LEDWITH, DOWLING and BIXBY, EDWARD DOHERTY was charged with having committed an assault on a workman at Jackson's Iron Works because the assailed party had gone to work at a lower rate of wages than the regular Union standard. The accused was discharged, but was warned that a repetition of his offense would be severely punished.

MICHAEL DINAN, aged twenty-four, a native of Ireland, employed as a painter on a new building in Thomas-street, fell from an upper window on Monday, and died in Bellevue Hospital yesterday. Coroner FLYNN commenced an inquest, as it was alleged that one of the other workmen had pushed him out of the window. The evidence did not sustain the allegation, however, as the deceased had evidently met with an accidental fall.

Judge BEDFORD imposed several severe sentences in the Court of General Sessions yesterday. WILLIS BROOKS, colored, was sent to the State Prison for ten years for having broken into No. 84 West Houston-street, and taken $1,400 worth of property therefrom. GEORGE BROWN and JOSEPH CAMPBELL, two accessories, were sent for eight years and a half each. GEORGE WILLIAMS and JOHN LLOYD were sent to State Prison for seven years for having broken into the residence of LOUIS MEYER at No. 342 West Fifty-first-street. GEORGE G. BELL was sent to State Prison for four years for having stolen a valuable diamond pin belonging to HENRY BRANDON, of No. 133 Water-street.

DANL. MCLAUGHLIN, aged eighteen years, and JOHN CRULLERS, aged seventeen years, were held in $1,000 bail each, to be tried before the Court of General Sessions, by Justice COX, at the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday. They are charged with having broken into No. 386 West-street, on the night of the 11th inst., and with having stolen from a safe $26, and a silver medal valued at $2.

Coroner ROLLINS yesterday caused the arrest of Dr. JOHN BRONSON, of One Hundred and Fifty-ninth-street, on a charge of having poisoned JAMES O'NEILL, a Metropolitan fireman, with an overdose of morphine, while suffering from the delirium tremens. Dr. BRONSON gave bail in the sum of $2,000, to answer the charge at the General Sessions.

JOHN MARTINSAN was arraigned before Justice DOWLING yesterday at the Tombs to answer a charge of committing a burglary in the premises of JOHN BENGOLY, at No. 381 Pearl-st., and carrying off six boxes of cigars. The prisoner was held for trial.

ROBERT C. MCCLURE, a clerk for JOHN M. PENDLETON, of No. 45 Broadway, was committed for trial yesterday, on a charge of embezzling $25 which he had collected for his employer.

Collector GRINNELL made five appointments yesterday, in connection with the bureau established at Castle Garden, for the inspection of immigrants' baggage.

A fire occurred last evening on the third floor of No. 27 West Twelfth-street, occupied by THOMAS O'CONNOR, supposed to be of incendiary origin. Damage, $50; insured.

ELLEN CLIFFORD, aged twenty, a native of Ireland, attempted suicide last night by swallowing Paris green, at No. 87 Baxter-street. She was sent to Bellevue Hospital. Her motive is unknown.

DAVID GARRISON, belonging to the sloop *Mary Gray*, lying at the foot of West Tenth-street, was stabbed in the arm last evening, by WM. GLYNN, who escaped arrest.

BROOKLYN.

At 1 o'clock yesterday morning the stable of JOHN RILEY, on Floyd-street, near Gates-avenue, was totally destroyed by a fire of unknown origin. The building was valued at $1,000, and was insured for $700 in the American Insurance Company of New-York. There were five horses in the stable at the time of the fire, two of which broke loose and escaped. The remaining three animals were consumed despite all exertions to save them. They were insured for $1,000 in the above named company. Assistant Fire Marshal KEADY is making an investigation as to the cause of the conflagration.

In the United States Commissioner's Court yesterday Mrs. MARY JACKSON, lately of No. 202 Fulton-avenue, was brought up on a charge of passing a counterfeit $20 bill. It appeared from the evidence that she had probably received it from a Jew called ISAAC SCHENENFELD. The case was continued till the 18th.

The number of deaths last week amounted to 128. Of these thirty-three were men, thirty-one women, thirty-seven boys and twenty-seven girls. Consumption caused twenty-two, pneumonia twelve, smallpox one, typhoid fever two, heart disease eight, disease of the brain seven, suicide one, and intemperance two.

LONG ISLAND.

The prisoners in the Suffolk County Jail at Riverhead made an attempt to break jail on Saturday in the temporary absence of the Sheriff. HOLLOCK and CLARK RAYNOR, recently arrested for highway robbery, and awaiting trial, were the leading spirits in the enterprise. The Sheriff has secured them so closely that in the future there will be no chance of repeating the attempt.

The Presbytery of Long Island (Old School) met at Fresh Pond yesterday, Rev. W. H. COOPER, of Bellfort, moderator. Twenty-one churches were represented. There is a full attendance, and considerable business of interest will be transacted during the session. The churches represented are in a flourishing condition, many of them having experienced powerful revivals of religion during the past Winter.

On Monday evening Grand Master GEORGE POPER and Post Grand Hon. JAMES W. COVERT were elected representatives to the R. W. Grand Lodge I. O. of O. F. of the State from the District of Queens.

The following officers were chosen for Pacific Lodge, No. 85, I. O. of O. F.: Benj. Byrd, N. G.; Wm. J. R. Clark, V. G.; Henry Bowman, Secretary; Thos. Webb, Treasurer; Wm. H. Clark, Chaplain.

The steamer *Sunshine*, Capt. BATES, has been repaired and repainted, and will commence her trips between Sag Harbor and Hartford, landing at Greenport, on the 20th of this month.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Chief of Police DILETTE, of Morrisania, yesterday arrested GEORGE STRIPLING and WILLIAM A. STRIPLING on a charge of having voted illegally at the late town election. They were held for examination.

The men employed in regrading and macadamizing certain roads in East Chester stopped work on Monday, all the money authorized to be raised for the occasion being exhausted. In one place, near the village of Mount Vernon, the road has been rendered almost impassable and dangerous by an excavation of rock some fourteen or fifteen feet deep, and left in that condition.

A number of wealthy and influential gentlemen of Mamaroneck and vicinity held a meeting a few evenings ago, at the residence of ANDREW J. WILSON, Esq., Grand Park, and took measures to establish a Collegiate Institute there. Thomas Palmer, James M. Fuller, A. W. Greenleaf, George I. Seney, and Thomas L. Rushmore, were chosen for the first Board of Trustees.

NEW-JERSEY.

In the Court of Special Sessions at Elizabeth, yesterday, "Count" OTTO VON BUELOW was admitted to bail on his own recognizance in $1,000, to answer before the Grand Jury.

Detective NETTLESHIP, of the Treasury Department, has arrested, at Camden, CAROLINE FISCHER, on a charge of manufacturing cigars without a license. Three store-keepers, named SAWYER, KESSLER and SUETZLER, were arrested as accomplices.

Yesterday the Mayor and a deputation of the Common Council of Philadelphia visited Newark for the purpose of inspecting the three varieties of wooden pavement in use in that city. They were received by the Mayor and Common Council of Newark at the Market-street Depot.

The will of the late CONRAD HOLLINGER, editor of the Newark *Volksman*, just admitted to probate, bequeaths $1,000 to each of his four sons, and the residue of his estate, amounting to $12,000, to his widow. The will also decrees that the printing establishment owned by deceased shall not be sold for less than $8,000. The widow and Judge ISE are the executors.

Justice LODER, of West Hoboken, has issued a warrant for the arrest of JOHN WESTLEY, on a charge of making indecent advances to a young lady acquaintance whom he visited at West End. She apprised her brother of the insult, when he attempted to eject WESTLEY, but he presented a revolver at the brother's head which the sister knocked out of his hand. The accused then beat a hasty retreat.

Yesterday morning, Detective MAHON, of Jersey City, arrested JOHN MCKEON on a warrant issued by Justice CUTTER, charging him with highway robbery, and personating a police officer.

The store of Messrs. JOHN E. YOUNG & SON, No. 66 Market street, Newark, was robbed during Monday night of a quantity of French kids and moroccos to the value of $1,000.

Three colored men, LEWIS FRANCIS, WILLIAM COE and ABRAHAM COOK, were summoned as jurors in a case before Justice SOMMERS, in Newark, yesterday.

ARMY AND NAVY REGISTER.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Capt. George B. Balch has been ordered to navigation duty at the Washington Navy-yard; Commander John Walters is ordered to duty as assistant to the executive officer in the Department of Yards and Docks in the New-York Navy-yard; Lieut. Commander Charles McGregor is ordered to signal duty at Washington; Lieut. Francis Gove is ordered to duty at the Boston Navy-yard; Assistant-Paymaster E. E. Lewis is ordered to the Saugus; Capt. H. B. Davenport is detached from navigation duty at Washington and placed on waiting orders; Capt. A. C. Rhind is detached from the New-York Navy-yard and placed on waiting orders; Master Joseph E. Jones is detached from the Boston Navy-yard and ordered to the Palos; Assistant-Paymaster George W. Long is detached from the Saugus and ordered home; First-Assistant Engineer E. G. Whittaker is detached from the Asiatic squadron and placed on waiting orders.

Gen. Sherman has published in General Orders from the Head-quarters of the Army, the recent resolution of Congress excepting from the law prohibiting the assignment of retired officers from duty the officers selected for duty at the Soldiers' Home, in the District.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, April 12.—The market for American Securities and stocks opened steady and closed firm. The following table shows the course of the market for Securities and Stocks during the day:

	11½ A. M.	2½ P. M.	4½ P. M.
Consols for money	93⅞	94⅛	94 @94⅛
Consols for account	93⅞	94⅛@94⅜	94⅛@94⅛
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	90¾	....	90¾
U. S. 5-20s, '65, old	90⅜	....	90⅜
U. S. 5-20s, 1867	89	88⅞	89⅛
U. S. 10-40s	86⅛	....	86
Illinois Cen. R.R. shares	111	111½	112
Erie Railroad shares	20¼	20⅛	20¼
At. and Gt. West. shares	28	....	28

PARIS, April 12.—The Bourse opened firmer and closed firm. Rentes opened at 73f. 62c. and closed at 73f. 72c.

FRANKFORT, April 12.—United States Five-twenty Bonds opened firm at 94⅛@94⅜ for the issue of 1862.

LONDON, April 12.—Linseed CAKES quiet and steady. Refined PETROLEUM dull at 1s. 8d.@1s. 8¼d. ₽ gallon. Fine RESIN quiet and steady. SUGAR nominal, owing to the proposed reduction of the duties; No. 12 Dutch Standard, on the spot, 35s. 6d.@36s. ₽ cwt.; do., afloat, 28s. 6d.@29s. ₽ cwt. Calcutta LINSEED quiet. TALLOW quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, April 12—4½ P. M.—COTTON—The market opened dull and closed quiet; Middling Uplands opened and closed at 11⅛d., and Middling Orleans at 11⅜d. The sales of the day have been 8,000 bales, including 1,000 for export and speculation. TRADE REPORT—The market for yarns and fabrics at Manchester is quiet.

BREADSTUFFS—Wheat, 9s.@9s. 1d. ₽ cental for California White; 7s. 8d.@7s. 9d. for No. 2 Red Western, and 8s. 6d.@8s. 7d. for Red Winter. The receipts of Wheat at this port for the past three days have been 35,000 quarters, of which all are American. Corn, 28s. 9d. ₽ quarter for European. Peas, 36s. 9d. ₽ quarter for Canadian. PROVISIONS—Pork, 94s. ₽ bbl. for Extra Prime Mess. Lard closed buoyant.

ANTWERP, April 12.—PETROLEUM opened heavy at 52f. and closed with a declining tendency; Standard White, 51½f.

HAVRE, April 12.—COTTON opened quiet, both on spot and afloat.

BREMEN, April 12.—PETROLEUM opened flat.

HAMBURG, April 12.—PETROLEUM opened flat at 14 marc bancos 4 schillings.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

CHICAGO, April 12.—EXCHANGE, 1-10. FLOUR dull. WHEAT dull at 74¼c.@75c. for regular receipts of No. 2; sales at 74¼c.@75c., seller March; 78¼c. buyer April; No. 1 sold at 85c.; in the afternoon irregular at 74¼c.@74¾c. cash; 76¼c. seller last half. CORN firm at 78c.@78¼c. for No. 2; sales at 81¼c.@81¾c. seller May, in the afternoon firmer and unsettled at 78c. for No. 2; 81c. seller May. OATS steady at 38¼c. RYE active and higher at 73c.@75c. BARLEY neglected. HIGHWINES fairly active at 99c., secured by wood and iron. Mess PORK firm and advanced 25c.; sales at $27 75 cash. LARD quiet at 15¼c. HAMS—Sweet Pickled in fair demand at 16c.@16½c. MEATS firm; Short Rib Middles, 14c.; Dry-salted Shoulders, 10¾c. loose. CATTLE in good shipping inquiry and unchanged. Live HOGS firm and tolerably active at $8 40@$9 25 for common to choice. RECEIPTS—18,000 bbls. Flour, 40,000 bushels Wheat, 110,000 bushels Corn, 29,000 bushels Oats, 4,800 bushels Rye; 11,000 bushels Barley, 18,000 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—78,000 bushels Corn, 59,000 bushels Oats, 1,800 bushels Rye, 19,000 bushels Barley, 14,000 Hogs.

APRIL 12.—*In steam-ship Holsatia, from Hamburg.*—Dr. Rasalje and wife, H. J. Bang, Alfred Godeffroy, H. Schering, G. Colsan, Heinr. Fischer, C. D. Mollenhauer, Chs. Miller, Dr. N. C. Washington, Otto Friede, Francisca Kiesele and daughter, Georg Prediger, C. Smith, Fr. W. and William Sargent, H. Wunsch, Simon Mayer, Herm. and Hannchen Springer, Caecilie Strauss, Gustav Friedberger, Sal. Munsch and wife, Bertha Riechheimer, Florian Schwind, S. Springer, Thilo von Eberstein, wife and child; Emilie Dahlfuss, Moritz Speelmann, wife and 2 children; Anton Speelman, Marie Kembach, Ottilie Rosenkranz, Marine Ulderup, Fritzchen Cohn, Bertha Gotthelt and son, Wilhe. Nicking, Sophie Gulbrandsen, K. Podowsky and wife, Juls. Bergreen and wife, Sophie Rohr, Auguste Lesenberg, S. Springer, Conrad Stotzmann, Marie Mursel, J. Hoeven, Chr. Lange, and others in the steerage.

BALTIMORE, April 12.—COTTON quiet but firm; Middling, 23c.; sales, 200 bales; receipts, 147 bales; stock, 4,875 bales. FLOUR active and higher in low and medium grades; Howard-street Superfine, $4 87½@$5 12½; do. Extra, $5 37½@$6; do. Family, $6 25@$7; City Mills Superfine, $4 87½@$5 50; do. Extra, $5 50@$6 25; do. Family, $6 75@$8 75; Western Superfine, $4 75@$5; do. Extra, $5 25@$5 62½; do. Family, $6@$6 25. WHEAT steady; Maryland, $1 35@$1 45; Pennsylvania, $1 28@$1 31. CORN—White firm at $1 05@$1 06; Yellow dull at $1 03@$1 06. OATS, 60c.@65c. RYE, $1 05. Mess PORK firm—$28@$28 50. BACON firm; Rib Sides, 15¾c.; Clear Sides, 16¼c.; Shoulders, 12¾c. HAMS, 19c.@20c. LARD firm at 16½c. WHISKY—Better feeling at $1 02@$1 03.

CINCINNATI, April 12.—FLOUR unchanged, with a light demand. WHEAT in light supply with a good demand at $1 10@$1 12. CORN firm at 88c.@90c. for Sound. OATS firm and scarce at 55c.@61c. RYE firm at 90c.@95c. BARLEY dull and unchanged. COTTON dull; Middling, 22c. TOBACCO in good demand at full rates; sales, 240 hhds. and 39 boxes. WHISKY quiet and declined to 98c. Mess PORK in active demand at $28 25; City not offered to any extent. Bulk MEATS quiet; held firmly at 11c. for Shoulders; 13¾c. for Sides; 14¼c. for Clear Rib; 15c.@15¼c. for Clear Sides. BACON held at 12c. for Shoulders; 15¾c. for Clear Rib Sides; 16c. for Clear Sides. Sugar-cured HAMS, 17¼c.@18c., with a good demand. LARD held at 16c.; but little offered; Country sold 15¾c. EXCHANGE steady; par buying and 1-10 premium selling.

OSWEGO, April 12.—FLOUR is in moderate demand; sales, 1,600 bbls. at $5 50@$5 75 for No. 1 Spring; $6@$6 25 for Amber Winter; $6 50@$6 75 for White; and $7@$7 25 for Double Extra. WHEAT dull and lower on Spring; sales, 1,600 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1 12½; Choice White Canada held at $1 45. CORN dull; sales 400 bushels at $1 02. BARLEY nominal. RYE dull; sales, 800 bushels Canada at 95c., delivered to the cars. CORN-MEAL—$2 25 for bolted, and $2 15 for unbolted, ₽ cwt. MILL-FEED in good demand; Shorts, $20; Shipstuffs, $23@$25; Middlings, $30@$33, ₽ ton. Railroad FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, 65c.; to New-York, 55c.; to Albany, 47c.; Grain and Mill-feed to Boston, $6 50; to New-York, $5 50; to Albany, $4 70, ₽ ton. Lake IMPORTS—1,600 bushels Barley.

PHILADELPHIA, April 12.—COTTON steady; Middling Uplands, 23½c.@23¾c.; Middling Orleans, 24c.@24¼c. FLOUR dull; Superfine, $4 44@$4 75; Extras, $4 75@$5 12½; Iowa and Minnesota Extra Family, $5 25@$5 75; Pennsylvania do., $5 25@$6; Indiana and Ohio do., $5 25@$5 50; Fancy, $7@$7 50. WHEAT dull and unchanged. RYE unchanged. CORN less active; Yellow, $1 07@$1 08. OATS dull at 63c.@65c. PETROLEUM firmer; Crude, 19c.; Refined, 25¾c.@26c. COFFEE—Stock scarce and firmer; Rio, 14¾c.@17¼c.; Laguayra, 18¼c., gold. SUGAR held firmly; Cuba at 9c.@9¾c. MOLASSES dull. PROVISIONS advancing tendency. Mess PORK held at $27 75@$28. LARD, 16¼c.@16½c. WHISKY nominal at $1 05.

ST. LOUIS, April 12.—TOBACCO firm and unchanged. COTTON unchanged. FLOUR unchanged. WHEAT steady; No. 2 Red Fall, $1 04@$1 07; No. 1 Red Fall, $1 10@$1 15; Choice, $1 20. CORN firm at 87c.@93c. OATS declining; sales at 53c.@53½c. RYE at 75c.@77c. Dry-salted SHOULDERS nominal. BACON—Jobbing sales at 11¾c.@11¾c. for Shoulders; 15¾c.@15¾c. for Clear Rib Sides; 16¼c.@16½c. for Clear Sides. LARD firm at 15¾c.@16c. for Steam and Kettle. CATTLE firm at $4 50@$7 50. Live HOGS steady at $8@$9. RECEIPTS—2,400 bbls. Flour, 8,500 bushels Wheat, 37,000 bushels Corn, 6,000 bushels Oats.

LOUISVILLE, April 12.—COTTON declining; Middling, 21¼c. FLOUR, $5. CORN, 97c. WHEAT, $1 05@$1 20. OATS, 61c. RYE, 90c. PORK, $29. BACON—12c. for Shoulders; 16¼c.@16½c. for Sides. Bulk MEATS—11¼c. for Shoulders; 15¼c.@15¼c. for Sides. LARD, 16¼c. HAMS, 18¼c. WHISKY, $1. TOBACCO—Sales 313 hhds. at $5 20@$8 for Frozen to Lugs; $8 25@$40 for Low to Bright Leaf.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 12.—Beef CATTLE—Receipts, 620 head; the demand was good, and prices advanced ¼c. ₽ lb.; sales of Extra at $13@$14 50; First Quality at $12 25@$12 75; Second Quality at $11 25@$12; Third Quality at $9@$10 75. SHEEP and LAMBS—Receipts, 3,850 head; the supply was good, and prices ranged ¼c.@¾c. ₽ lb. higher; sales, in lots, at $3@$4 75 each; Extras, $5@$8 75. Veal CALVES, $5@$15.

MILWAUKEE, April 12.—FLOUR dull; choice Wisconsin, $4@$4 75. WHEAT steady at 83¼c. for No. 1; 74c. for No. 2. OATS steady at 42c. for No. 2; CORN nominal. RYE nominal. BARLEY nominal. Grain FREIGHTS nominally 9c. to Buffalo; 15c. to Oswego. RECEIPTS—1,000 bbls. Flour, 23,000 bushels Wheat. Shipments—2,000 bbls. Flour, 12,000 bushels Wheat.

TOLEDO, April 12.—FLOUR dull. WHEAT declining and quiet; No. 1 White Michigan, $1 27; Amber Michigan, $1 03½; No. 1 Red, $1 09; No. 2 Red, $1 02½. CORN advancing; No. 1, 86c.; No. 2, 85c.; New, 86c. OATS advancing; No. 1, 51¼c.; No. 2, 50c. RECEIPTS—3,000 bushels Wheat, 9,500 bushels Corn, 1,800 bushels Oats.

MEMPHIS, April 12.—COTTON dull at 22¼c.@22½c.; receipts, 466 bales; exports, 423 bales. FLOUR dull at $5 25@$7 50. CORN scarce at $1 05; OATS active at 65c.@66c.; LARD steady at 16¾c.@17c.; Mess PORK, $29. BACON—Shoulders, 12c.; Sides, 16c.@17c. Bulk MEATS—Shoulders, 10¼c.; Sides, 14¼c.@15c.

NEW-ORLEANS, April 12.—COTTON—Middling, 22¼c.; sales, 1,500 bales; net receipts, 907 bales; coastwise, 170 bales; total, 1,077 bales; exports, to Liverpool, 1,591 bales; to Barcelona, 1,300 bales; stock, 177,137 bales.

ALBANY, April 12.—There was no movement in WHEAT, RYE or CORN. BARLEY was much depressed; sales of one car two-rowed State at 75c. OATS scarce and firm, with sales of 320 bags of State at 65¼c.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 12.—COTTON in fair demand for lower grades; Middling, 22c.; sales, 300 bales; receipts, 1,389 bales; stock, 40,187 bales.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 12.—COTTON quiet and weak; Middling, 21¾c.@22c.; sales, 50 bales; receipts, 618 bales; stock, 16,641 bales.

NORFOLK, April 12.—COTTON firm; Low Middling, 21c.; receipts, 248 bales; exports, coastwise, 783 bales; stock, 5,462 bales.

BOSTON, April 12.—COTTON dull and nominal; Middling, 24c.; sales, 200 bales; receipts, 255 bales; stock, 12,000 bales.

BUFFALO, April 12.—Nothing was doing today in the FLOUR or GRAIN trade; prices are nominally unchanged. PORK and LARD firm. SEEDS firmer. HIGHWINES are entirely nominal.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 12.—Spirits of TURPENTINE quiet at 45¼c. ROSIN steady at $1 60@$6. Crude TURPENTINE lower at $1 70@$2 75. TAR unchanged. COTTON steady at 21c.

GALVESTON, April 12.—COTTON inactive and drooping; Good Ordinary, 18¼c.; receipts, 1,150 bales; exports, to Liverpool, 2,185 bales; coastwise, 385 bales; stock, 28,132 bales.

MOBILE, April 12.—COTTON quiet but steady; Middling, 21¼c.@22c.; sales, 500 bales; receipts, 300 bales; exports, to New-Orleans, 287 bales; stock, 51,941 bales.

CLEVELAND, April 12.—WHEAT dull and nominally unchanged. CORN steady; New, 88c. OATS dull; No. 1 State held at 52c. RYE quiet at 80c.@85c. BARLEY firmer; No. 1 Canada held at $1 05@$1 10.

DETROIT, April 12.—WHEAT very firm; Extra, $1 27. CORN nominal. OATS, 52c. BARLEY unchanged.

AUGUSTA, Ga., April 12.—COTTON active, but at lower rates; sales, 500 bales; receipts, 450 bales; Middling, 20c.@20½c.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12.—Flour quiet; prices nominal. WHEAT—Buyers indifferent; Common to Choice, $1 36. LEGAL-TENDERS, 90.

[Advertisement.]

BOYS AND GIRLS are very different in disposition, and require very different treatment. It is well to have phrenological examinations of children, that their peculiarities may be pointed out, so that they may be properly educated. Examinations daily at No. 389 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

KNOX, THE HATTER,—The second month of Spring has incited KNOX, at No. 212 Broadway, to display all the new styles in apparel for the masculine head that have yet come out and are attainable. Everything that is new in the hat-wearing line is to be seen at his store at the locality designated. Nothing that is not seen there is new.

Weather Report.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, April 12—9 A. M.

Place.	Wind.	Weather.	Ther.
Plaister Cove	S. E.	Foggy	48
Halifax	E.	Raining	48
Portland	N.	Raining	43
Boston	N.	Cloudy	51
New-York	N. W.	Clear	57
Philadelphia	N. W.	Clear	51
Wilmington, Del.	N. W.	Clear	58
Washington	N. W.	Clear	58
Richmond	N.	Clear	58
Charleston	N. N. W.	Clear	62
Savannah	W. N. W.	Clear	61
Augusta, Ga.	—	Clear	61
Oswego	S. W.	Cloudy	47
Buffalo	S. W.	Clear	48
Pittsburg	N. W.	Clear	46
Louisville	N.	Clear	57
New-Orleans	W.	Clear	68
Key West	E.	Clear	70
Havana	N. E.	Clear	75

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FOR EUROPE.

Allemania	April 12	New-York	Hamburg.
Atalanta	April 13	New-York	London.
Idaho	April 13	New-York	Liverpool.
Calabria	April 13	New-York	Liverpool.
Aleppo	April 14	New-York	Liverpool.
City of London	April 16	New-York	Liverpool.
Europa	April 16	New-York	Glasgow.
The Queen	April 16	New-York	Liverpool.
Ville de Paris	April 16	New-York	Havre.

FOR HAVANA.

Missouri	April 14	New-York	Havana.

Foreign Mails Close at Post-Office.

WEDNESDAY.

For Europe, via Queenstown and Liverpool, by the *Idaho*, at 12 M. A supplementary mail for *paid* letters on Pier No. 46 North River, until 2 P. M.

Closing of Domestic Mails.

North, Poughkeepsie Way	5 A. M.; 2 P. M.
North, through *via* H. R. R. R. and New-York Central	5 A. M.; 4:30, 9 P. M.
North Way, *via* Harlem R. R., Chatham Four Corners	7 A. M.
East, *via* New-Haven	5 A. M.; 1:30, 6 P. M.
East, *via* Newport	4 P. M.
East, New-Haven Way	5 A. M.; 2:30 P. M.
East, Fall River, rail	6 P. M.
South, Through	5 A. M.; 7:30 P. M.
Philadelphia Way	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, Salt Lake and Denver	7 A. M.; 3:00 P. M.
West Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo, and by A. & G. Western R. R. to Franklin and Meadville, Penn., &c.	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.

Passengers Sailed.

APRIL 12.—*In steam-ship Allemannia, for Hamburg*—S. B. Allyn and lady, Miss Allyn, Mrs. Fanny A. Carleton and child, Miss Luise Jewett, Th. Ovington, Miss Ovington, Mrs. R. C. Riedt, C. Dietz, Mrs. S. Asher, Phil. Freund and lady, Dr. Luis Helsque, F. C. Behr and wife, Ch. Vogt, Miss Mary Giffain, and lady, Aug. Kienast, Jos. Roth, Chas. Kohlbusch, J. Abrahamson, S. Stern, C. M. Munson, C. G. Shanley, Albert Smith, Nicholas Henry, wife and three children, Victor Dumesnil-Boyer Arthur Dumesnil-Boyer, Leon Dumesnil-Boyer, Miss Bertha Roehmann, Mrs. Mary Flagg and infant, Ford. Flemming, J. Bambeger, and others in the steerage.

Passengers Arrived.

APRIL 12—*In steam-ship Erin, from Liverpool*—Mr. and Mrs. Power, Mrs. Hall, Master Hall, Mrs. Forlen, Miss Hammond, George Napper, Mrs. Napper and 5 children, Mr. and Mrs. Russell, Master Russell, Mr. and Mrs. Cross, Rev. E. C. Robinson, Mrs. Robinson, Mr. King, Mr. Green, Mr. Pearse, Mr. Brett, Mrs. Brett, Mr. McMann, Mr. Hignett, Mr. Gallbraith, Mrs. Gallbraith and child, Mr. and Mrs. Fall, Mr. Jackson, Mrs. Hall, Mrs. Lewis, Miss Selina Lewis.

APRIL 12—*In steam-ship City of London, from Liverpool.*—Mr. and Mrs. Holdsworth and child, C. B. Tillinghast, Capt. Dixon, J. Woodcock and son, N. Anderson, Charles Boetzel, Baron Von Jeanenberg, S. Pike, A. M. Griffing, Miss Atwood, Chas. McKimm, H. Rogers, Darcy Wyvill, Mr. and Mrs. Stubbara, Mr. and Mrs. German, Mr. Pearson, T. Tully, W. Park, John Wills, S. Burgess, Mr. Coonier, Wm. Coulson, Mr. Seaman, Mr. and Mrs. Towle, E. Kinniment, Mr. Garrett, Mr. Renton, C. Hoffman, J. Garrett, W. G. Cox, J. C. Fagan, John Collins, John Bryan, and 1,160 in the steerage.

NEWS PACKAGES FOR THE PRESS

Captains and pursers of vessels arriving at this port are requested to deliver packages addressed to the New-York Associated Press, only to parties exhibiting the written authority of J. W. Simonton, General Agent.

News packages for the *Journal of Commerce, Times Tribune, World, Sun, Express, Evening Post, Commercial Advertiser, Staats Zeitung* and *New-Yorker Democrat*, should also be delivered only to the same parties.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 5 25 | Sun sets..... 6 37 | Moon sets.. 4 23

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 5 25 | Gov. Island. 6 14 | Hell Gate.. 7 36

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, April 12.

Arrived.

Steam-ship Samaria, (Br.,) Martyn, Liverpool, via Queenstown April 1, with mdse. and 242 passengers to C. G. Francklyn. April 6, at 11:25 A. M., lat. 45 34, lon. 42 18, passed steam-ship Manhattan, hence for Liverpool; same date, at 1:30 P. M., lat. 45 26, lon. 42 21, passed a brig-rigged steam-ship, supposed Tarifa, hence for Liverpool; 10th, at 8:30 A. M., lat. 40 48, lon. 64 40, passed an Anchor line steam-ship, bound E.

Steam-ship Erin, (Br.,) Bragg, Liverpool March 30, and Queenstown 31st, with mdse. and 1,196 passengers to F. W. J. Hurst. April 3, no lat., &c., passed an Inman steamer, bound E.; 8th, signalized ship John N. Cushing, from Boston for Antwerp; same day, passed bark Herzog Anna, (N. G.,) bound E.; 10th, midnight, passed a National steamer, bound E.; 11th, 2 A. M., passed a Glasgow steamer, bound E.

Steam-ship Holsatia, (N. G.,) Meier, Hamburg March 30, and Havre April 2, with mdse. and 815 passengers to Kunhardt & Co. Experienced light variable winds on the passage; was detained on the Banks by thick fog and ice, and also 8 hours by fog on the Long Island coast; April 7, lat. 46 20, lon. 38, passed one of the Anchor line of steamers, bound E.; 9th, lat. 42 17, lon. 52 48, passed steam-ship Java, hence for Liverpool.

Steam-ship City of London, (Br.,) Tibbits, Liverpool March 31, and Queenstown April 2, with mdse. and passengers to John G. Dale. April 8, lat. 42 31, lon. 47 38, passed a National steamer, bound E.; same date, lat. 42 28, lon. 47 48, exchanged signals with steam-ship City of Dublin, from Mobile for Liverpool; 9th, lat. 41 32, lon. 54 38, passed steam-ship City of Antwerp, hence for Liverpool.

Steam-ship Saratoga, Couch, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.

Ship Joven Thomaz, (Port.,) Henricksen, Oporto, Lisbon 46 ds. with salt, cork, &c., to Hagemeyer & Brunn. Came the southern passage, and had moderate weather.

Brig Union Starr, (of Parrsboro, N. B.,) Merriam, Windsor, N. S., 9 ds., with plaster to Crandall, Bertaux & Co.—vessel to D. B. De Wolf.

Brig Almira, Creamer, Bristol, Me., for Philadelphia.

Brig H. Means, Tracy, Edgartown.

Schr. Welcome Home, (of Parrsboro, N. B.,) Hatfield, Windsor, N. S., 10 ds., with plaster to Crandall, Bertaux & Co.

Schr. Burmah, (of Parrsboro, N. B.,) Pettis, Windsor, N. S., 9 ds., with plaster to D. R. De Wolf.

Schr. Bay State, Seabury, Boston, with mdse. to S. W. Lewis & Co.

Schr. Adeline, Pettis, of and from Windsor, N. S., 10 ds., with plaster to Crandall, Bertaux & Co.

Schr. Huntress, Sprague, Dennysville, with lath to John Boynton's Son & Co.

Schr. Darius Eddy, Hopkins, Portland 10 ds., with lumber to John Boynton's Son & Co.

Schr. Francis C. Smith, Van Amedall, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Saratoga, Weeks, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Gen. Grant, Frame, Elizabethport, for Hartford.

Schr. Maria Roxana, Palmer, Elizabethport, for Cambridge.

Schr. Tom Harris, Tancey, Elizabethport, for Troy, N. Y.

Schr. E. M. Duffield, Rayner, Elizabethport, for Fall River.

Schr. M. R. Carlisle, Northrup, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. J. W. Baldwin, Dart, Elizabethport, for New-London.

Schr. Marion Draper, Heady, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Laura Hatch, Jones, Elizabethport, for Hartford.

Schr. Henry Dobbin, Machias, with timber to Chase, Talbot & Co.

Schr. Lebanah, Delano, Maryland, for Gardiner, Me.

Schr. Henry, Guptil, Machias, with lumber to Chase, Talbot & Co.

Schr. Gen. Perry, Armstrong, Calais, with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.

Schr. R. H. Daly, Lanphear, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Veto, Harrington, Thomaston, with lime to Pressy & Co.

Schr. E. L. Gregory, Thorndike, Rockland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. Darius Eddy, Hopkins, Bangor, with lumber to Holyoke & Murray.

Schr. Huntress, Taylor, Machias, with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.

Schr. Herald, Hall, Rockland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. Henry, Dobbins, Machias, with lumber to E. Talbot & Co.

Schr. W. B. Darling, Smith, Portland, Me., with lumber to master.

Schr. Ann Eliza, Caswell, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Nathan Clifford, Shute, Belfast, with heading to Waydell & Co.

Schr. Geo. W. Kimball, Hall, Rockland, with lime to master.

Schr. A. J. Dyer, Bradley, Machias, with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.

Schr. M. E. Graham, Fowler, Camden, Me., for Philadelphia.

Schr. Earl, Hurd, Machias, with lumber to Simpson & Clapp.

Schr. F. W. Alton, Doane, Virginia, for Boston.

Schr. Pacific, Wass, Elizabethport, for Boston.

Schr. Congress, York, Elizabethport, for Portland.

Schr. Essex, Handy, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. Kerenhappuch, Ellis, Elizabethport.

Schr. W. S. Cape, Bailey, New-Haven.

Schr. Maria Hearn, Morrill, Stamford.

Schr. Mail, Holmes, Greenwich.

Schr. Minquas, Henry, Providence.

Schr. Geo. W. Pettis, Hall, Rockport, Me.

Schr. Dr. Franklin, Scofield, New-London.

Schr. P. C. Shultz, Young, New-Haven.

Schr. Hannah Chase, Lewis, Portland, Conn.

Schr. Hase, McNamee, Greenwich.

Schr. Avail, Dibble, Providence.

Schr. Fashion, Garbray, Bridgeport.

Schr. Helen, Perry, New-Bedford.

Schr. Phil. Sheridan, Murphy, Fall River.

Schr. Lucy Cogswell, Sweet, Bath, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Louisa, Hamlin, Woods' Hole.

Schr. Orlando Smith, Ferris, Portchester.

Schr. Wake, Candage, Bridgeport, for Baltimore.

WIND—At sunset, light, N., clear.

Sailed.

Steam-ships Allemannia, for Hamburg; Virgo, for Savannah; Charleston, for Charleston; Albemarle, for Richmond; ship Excelsior, for Liverpool; bark Charles Gumm, for Rotterdam; brig Curacoa, for Curacoa; schr. Chas. E. Morrison, for New-Orleans.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, April 12.—Arr. brig Princeton, from Port Johnson; schr. Juno, from New-York; brig Nellie Hastings, from Palermo.

CHARLESTON, S. C., April 12.—Arr. steamers Champion, from New-York; Sea Gull, from Baltimore.

Sld. steamer James Adger, for New-York.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 12.—Arr. Revenue cutter Northerner.

Passed in for Baltimore—Schr. Electa Bailey, from Trinidad.

Passed out—Bark Minders, for Mayagues; brigs Wild Horse, for Matanzas; Chattanooga, for St. John, P. R.; Italia, for Ponce; Chowan, for the West Indies.

HOLMES' HOLE, April 9, 8 A. M.—Arr. schr. American Eagle, Calais, for New-York.

Passed by—Schr. Honest Abe, New-York, for Danvers.

Sld. brigs Monica and Waltham; schrs. Annie E. Rich and M. A. Rowland.

P. M.—Arr. schrs. Kate Carleton, (Br.,) Boston, for Havana; Ann S. Brown, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Sld. schr. American Eagle.

10th, A. M.—Arr. schrs. Addie F. Cole, Boston, for Tangier; E. P. Newcomb, do., for Deal's Island; H. J. Raymond, do., for Washington, D. C., (all sailed.)

Sld. schr. Kate Carleton, (Br.)

P. M.—Arr. brig Anita Owen, New-York, for Portland; schrs. Antecedent, Jersey City, for Boston; Helen Mar, Elizabethport, for do.; Orion, Philadelphia, for Gloucester.

Passed west—Schrs. C. W. Locke and E. G. Irwin, Bath, for Philadelphia; M. E. Graham, for do.; M. P., (Br.,) St. John, N. B., for Providence; Laura Robinson, Neponset, for New-Haven.

11th, A. M.—Arr. brig J. W. Drisko, Philadelphia, for Salem; schrs. July Fourth and Sarah Louise, Portland, for New-York; William A. Dubois, Elizabethport, for Plymouth; Challenge, Searsport, for Philadelphia.

Passed by—Schr. Maggie Cummins, Philadelphia, for Cohasset.

Sld schr. Sarah Louise and July Fourth.

NORFOLK, Va., April 12.—The steamer City of Port-au-Prince, from New-York for Port-au-Prince, has put into this port in a leaking condition.

MOBILE, Ala., April 12.—Arr. schrs. Elizabeth, from Havana; Ann L. Lockwood, from New-York; Lizzie Turpan, from Mexico.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12.—Arr. ship Vancouver, from Newcastle, N. S. Wales.

Sld. ship James R. Keeler.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 12.—Arr. steam-ship San Jacinto, New-York; schrs. J. M. Broomhall, Philadelphia; Lilly, Charleston.

Cld. steam-ship Leo, New-York; schr. John Farnum, Philadelphia.

WILMINGTON, April 12.—Arr. steam-ship Regulator, from New-York.

Whalers.

HONOLULU, March 23.—Arr. whalers Hibernia, with 300 bbls. oil; Acors Barns, 60 bbls.; Seneca, 80 bbls. sperm.

Sld. for the Arctic, bark Alaska.

Reported March 19: Concordia, with 175 bbls. oil; B. Cummings, 100 bbls.; Champion, 40 bbls. sperm and 60 bbls. whale; Navy, 60 bbls. sperm; William Rotch, clean.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

Arrived Out.

QUEENSTOWN, April 12.—The steam-ships City of Brooklyn, Manhattan and Siberia, from New-York, arrived at this port last evening on the way to Liverpool. The Brooklyn at 7 o'clock, the Manhattan at 11, and the Siberia at 6.

PLYMOUTH, April 12.—The North-German Lloyds steam-ship Rhein, Capt. Meyer, from New-York April 2, arrived at 8 o'clock P. M., and subsequently sailed for Cherbourg and Hamburg.

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of every description. Adapted to the wants of RAILROAD COMPANIES, MERCHANTS, FORWARDERS, MACHINISTS, MANUFACTURERS, FARMERS, and the HOUSEHOLD. Also, DRUGGISTS', JEWELERS' and BANKERS' SCALES, &c. Send for an illustrated Catalogue.

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ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA.—Prizes paid in gold, information furnished, highest rates paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

ON MONDAY, APRIL 18, at 8 P. M.,

A GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT

will be given, inaugurating the Bazaar, which will open on the following day, at 2 P. M., at the Thirty-seventh Regiment Armory, (Broadway, 6th-av., 35th and 36th sts.,)

IN BEHALF OF

THE SHELTERING ARMS,

AN ASYLUM FOR

CRIPPLED, INCURABLE, AND DESTITUTE CHILDREN.

The high order of talent generously placed at the disposal of the management will warrant the public in expecting such an entertainment as has been rarely, if ever, enjoyed in this City.

THE PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA,

Under CARL BERGMANN.

The distinguished Prima Donna,

MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG.

MISS NETTIE STIRLING, Contralto.

The eminent Pianists,

MISS ANNA MEHLIG and MR. S. B. MILLS.

HERR WERNER,

Violoncellist to His Majesty the Emperor of Brazil.

SENOR SARASATE,

The new and distinguished Violinist of the

PATTI TROUPE.

The Committee has also great pleasure in announcing that the

ARION SOCIETY,

With

HERR CANDIDUS and HERR REMMERTZ,

Soloists,

have most kindly consented to take prominent part in the music of the evening.

Box-office now open at the Academy, and tickets for sale at the principal music-stores.

Reserved seats, $2; Boxes, $10.

AT A MEETING OF THE CLASS OF '69 of Columbia College, held April 12, 1870, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The sad intelligence has reached us that our class-mate, ROBERT HENRY HUNT, has fallen before the impartial hand of death; and,

Whereas, It is fitting that we, his comrades, should, in some way, express our sorrow at our bereavement; therefore,

Resolved, That in the death of Mr. HUNT the Class of '69, collectively and individually, has lost a friend rendered dear to us all by his genial disposition, manly demeanor and kindly regard for others.

Resolved, That the Church, to which he has devoted himself, has been deprived of the services of a faithful servant, whose talents peculiarly fitted him for disseminating the Gospel of Christ.

Resolved, That we tender our warmest sympathy to his mother in her loneliness.

Resolved, That these resolutions be published in the daily papers and a copy forwarded to his afflicted family.

ROBERT LENOX BELKNAP, Prest.

CHARLES A. PEABODY, JR., Secretary.